

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended June 30, 2011

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File No. 1-10410

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

I.R.S. No. 62-1411755
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

One Caesars Palace Drive
Las Vegas, Nevada
(Address of principal executive offices)

89109
(Zip Code)

(702) 407-6000
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A
(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of August 7, 2011, the Registrant had 71,793,659 shares of voting Common Stock outstanding.

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION

INDEX

	<u>Page</u>
<u>PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION</u>	
Item 1. Unaudited Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements	3
Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010	3
Consolidated Condensed Statements of Operations for the quarters and six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010	4
Consolidated Condensed Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010	5
Consolidated Condensed Statements of Stockholders' Equity and Comprehensive Loss as of and for the six month period ended June 30, 2011	6
Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements	7
Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	39
Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	62
Item 4. Controls and Procedures	62
Item 4T. Controls and Procedures	62
<u>PART II. OTHER INFORMATION</u>	
Item 1. Legal Proceedings	63
Item 1A. Risk Factors	63
Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	63
Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities	63
Item 4. Removed and Reserved	63
Item 5. Other Information	63
Item 6. Exhibits	64
<u>SIGNATURES</u>	76

PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS
(UNAUDITED)

<u>(In millions, except par value)</u>	<u>June 30, 2011</u>	<u>December 31, 2010</u>
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,037.8	\$ 987.0
Receivables, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$217.7 and \$216.3	418.2	393.2
Deferred income taxes	167.6	175.8
Prepayments and other current assets	290.7	184.1
Inventories	49.6	50.4
Assets held for sale	2.8	—
Total current assets	<u>1,966.7</u>	<u>1,790.5</u>
Land, buildings, riverboats and equipment	19,812.7	19,758.1
Less: accumulated depreciation	<u>(2,335.6)</u>	<u>(1,991.5)</u>
	17,477.1	17,766.6
Goodwill	3,468.3	3,420.9
Intangible assets other than goodwill	4,720.4	4,711.8
Investments in and advances to non-consolidated affiliates	101.9	94.0
Restricted cash	461.5	—
Deferred charges and other	766.9	803.9
	<u>\$ 28,962.8</u>	<u>\$ 28,587.7</u>
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 300.0	\$ 251.4
Interest payable	186.3	201.5
Accrued expenses	1,097.6	1,074.3
Current portion of long-term debt	44.6	55.6
Total current liabilities	<u>1,628.5</u>	<u>1,582.8</u>
Long-term debt	19,539.4	18,785.5
Deferred credits and other	918.3	923.1
Deferred income taxes	5,446.1	5,623.7
	<u>27,532.3</u>	<u>26,915.1</u>
Redeemable non-controlling interests	36.0	—
Stockholders' equity/(deficit)		
Common stock; voting; \$0.01 par value; 1,250.0 shares authorized; 71.8 and 71.8 shares issued and outstanding (net of 0.2 and 0.2 shares held in treasury) as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively	0.7	0.7
Additional paid-in capital	6,915.8	6,906.5
Accumulated deficit	(5,397.8)	(5,105.6)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(168.6)	(168.8)
Total Caesars Entertainment Corporation Stockholders' equity	<u>1,350.1</u>	<u>1,632.8</u>
Non-controlling interests	44.4	39.8
Total Stockholders' equity	<u>1,394.5</u>	<u>1,672.6</u>
	<u>\$ 28,962.8</u>	<u>\$ 28,587.7</u>

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements.

[Table of Contents](#)

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(UNAUDITED)

(In millions, except per share data)	Quarter Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Revenues				
Casino	\$ 1,676.3	\$ 1,717.0	\$ 3,339.3	\$ 3,467.0
Food and beverage	383.2	388.8	761.1	762.8
Rooms	308.7	294.1	602.2	562.5
Management fees	8.9	9.1	18.0	22.2
Other	164.1	153.3	308.8	284.3
Less: casino promotional allowances	(312.1)	(341.6)	(621.3)	(689.7)
Net revenues	2,229.1	2,220.7	4,408.1	4,409.1
Operating expenses				
Direct				
Casino	932.4	986.2	1,872.5	1,973.8
Food and beverage	167.2	161.2	325.8	305.8
Rooms	74.3	68.1	142.1	127.3
Property general, administrative and other	513.4	535.0	1,041.0	1,038.3
Depreciation and amortization	174.0	197.0	350.8	366.7
Project opening costs	4.1	1.6	4.3	2.3
Write-downs, reserves and recoveries	25.1	95.1	43.4	107.6
Impairment of intangible assets	—	100.0	—	100.0
Loss/(income) on interests in non-consolidated affiliates	3.4	(0.1)	3.0	0.5
Corporate expense	44.2	36.9	78.6	71.4
Acquisition and integration costs	(0.4)	0.4	2.3	7.6
Amortization of intangible assets	39.3	39.6	78.6	82.3
Total operating expenses	1,977.0	2,221.0	3,942.4	4,183.6
Income/(loss) from operations	252.1	(0.3)	465.7	225.5
Interest expense, net of interest capitalized	(524.6)	(456.8)	(998.0)	(948.3)
Gains/(losses) on early extinguishments of debt	14.7	18.7	47.9	(28.7)
Other income, including interest income	5.0	3.8	8.5	18.4
Loss before income taxes	(252.8)	(434.6)	(475.9)	(733.1)
Benefit for income tax	99.7	162.1	178.0	267.0
Net loss	(153.1)	(272.5)	(297.9)	(466.1)
Less: net income attributable to non-controlling interests	(2.4)	(1.5)	(5.0)	(3.5)
Net loss attributable to Caesars Entertainment Corporation	\$ (155.5)	\$ (274.0)	\$ (302.9)	\$ (469.6)
Loss per share-basic and diluted	\$ (2.17)	\$ (4.53)	\$ (4.22)	\$ (9.21)
Basic and diluted weighted-average common shares outstanding	71.8	60.6	71.8	51.0

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements.

[Table of Contents](#)

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(UNAUDITED)

(In millions)	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2011	2010
Cash flows (used in)/provided by operating activities		
Net loss	\$ (297.9)	\$ (466.1)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash flows provided by operating activities:		
(Gains)/losses on early extinguishments of debt	(47.9)	28.7
Depreciation and amortization	571.3	587.0
Non-cash write-downs, reserves and recoveries, net	0.9	73.6
Impairment of intangible assets	—	100.0
Share-based compensation expense	10.3	12.6
Deferred income taxes	(181.0)	(285.1)
Gain on investment	—	(7.1)
Net change in long-term accounts	17.3	(71.8)
Net change in working capital accounts	21.8	86.6
Other	17.6	35.8
Cash flows provided by operating activities	112.4	94.2
Cash flows (used in)/provided by investing activities		
Land, buildings, riverboats and equipment additions, net of change in construction payables	(91.7)	(75.2)
Change in restricted cash	(546.0)	—
Investments in subsidiaries	(51.0)	(1.1)
Payment made for partnership interest	—	(19.5)
Payment made for Pennsylvania gaming rights	—	(16.5)
Cash acquired in business acquisition, net of transaction costs	19.9	13.0
Investments in/advances to non-consolidated affiliates and other	(74.0)	—
Proceeds from other asset sales	1.2	13.0
Other	(8.7)	(9.0)
Cash flows used in investing activities	(750.3)	(95.3)
Cash flows provided by/(used in) financing activities		
Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt	863.8	1,292.2
Debt issuance costs	(17.5)	(19.5)
Borrowings under lending agreements	135.0	1,175.0
Repayments under lending agreements	(135.0)	(1,604.2)
Cash paid in connection with early extinguishments of debt	(125.9)	(242.5)
Scheduled debt retirements	(23.5)	(177.8)
Non-controlling interests' distributions, net of contributions	(3.9)	(1.8)
Other	(4.3)	(1.8)
Cash flows provided by financing activities	688.7	419.6
Effect of deconsolidation of variable interest entities	—	(7.9)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	50.8	410.6
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	987.0	918.1
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 1,037.8	\$ 1,328.7

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements.

[Table of Contents](#)

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS
(UNAUDITED)

(In millions)	Common Stock		Additional Paid-in- Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Non- controlling Interests	Total	Comprehensive Loss
	Shares Outstanding	Amount						
Balance at December 31, 2010	71.8	\$ 0.7	\$6,906.5	\$ (5,105.6)	\$ (168.8)	\$ 39.8	\$1,672.6	
Net (loss)/income				(302.9)		5.0	(297.9)	\$ (297.9)
Share-based compensation			10.2			0.1	10.3	
Repurchase of treasury shares	*	*	(0.9)				(0.9)	
Post Retirement Medical, net of tax					0.3		0.3	0.3
Pension adjustment, net of tax					(0.9)		(0.9)	(0.9)
Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax					(13.4)	3.4	(10.0)	(10.0)
Fair market value of swap agreements, net of tax					5.6		5.6	5.6
Fair market value of interest rate cap agreements, net of tax					7.2		7.2	7.2
Reclassification of loss on interest rate locks from other comprehensive loss to interest expense, net of tax					0.4		0.4	0.4
Unrealized gains/losses on investments, net of tax					1.0		1.0	1.0
Non-controlling distributions, net of contributions						(3.9)	(3.9)	
Effect of change in accounting for accruals for casino jackpot liabilities, net of tax				10.7		—	10.7	
Comprehensive Loss, six months ended June 30, 2011								\$ (294.3)
Balance at June 30, 2011	<u>71.8</u>	<u>\$ 0.7</u>	<u>\$6,915.8</u>	<u>\$ (5,397.8)</u>	<u>\$ (168.6)</u>	<u>\$ 44.4</u>	<u>\$1,394.5</u>	

* Amount rounds to zero and does not change rounded total.

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements.

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011
(UNAUDITED)

Note 1—Basis of Presentation and Organization

Caesars Entertainment Corporation is the world's most diversified casino-entertainment company. As of June 30, 2011, we owned, operated or managed 52 casinos in 12 U.S. states and seven countries. The vast majority of these casinos operate in the United States and England, primarily under the Caesars, Harrah's and Horseshoe brand names in the United States. Our casino entertainment facilities include 33 land-based casinos, 12 riverboat or dockside casinos, three managed casinos on Indian lands in the United States, one operated casino in Canada, one combination greyhound racetrack and casino, one combination thoroughbred racetrack and casino, and one combination harness racetrack and casino. Our 33 land-based casinos include one in Uruguay, nine in England, one in Scotland, two in Egypt and one in South Africa. We view each property as an operating segment and aggregate all operating segments into one reporting segment. In this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (the "10-Q") Caesars Entertainment Corporation, together with its consolidated subsidiaries where appropriate, is referred to as "Caesars Entertainment," the "Company," "we," "our" and "us".

On January 28, 2008, Caesars Entertainment was acquired by affiliates of Apollo Global Management, LLC ("Apollo") and TPG Capital, LP ("TPG") and, together with Apollo, the "Sponsors") in an all-cash transaction, hereinafter referred to as the "Acquisition." As a result of the Acquisition, our stock is no longer publicly traded. Currently, the issued and outstanding shares of common stock of Caesars Entertainment are owned by entities affiliated with Apollo, TPG, Paulson & Co. Inc. ("Paulson"), certain co-investors and members of management.

The accompanying unaudited Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements of Caesars Entertainment Corporation, a Delaware corporation, have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X and, therefore, do not include all information and notes necessary for complete financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. The results for the periods indicated are unaudited, but reflect all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) that management considers necessary for a fair presentation of financial position, operating results and cash flows.

Results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of a full year of operations. These Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements and notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010 (the "2010 10-K").

We have recast certain amounts for prior periods to conform to our 2011 presentation.

Subsequent to the filing of our 2010 10-K, in the first quarter of 2011, the Company determined that \$64.9 million reported as cash and cash equivalents as of December 31, 2010 should have been reported as either current or non-current restricted cash at that date. At June 30, 2011 the Company has \$557.0 million of current and non-current restricted cash, which is included in our Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheet as \$95.5 million of Prepayments and other current assets and \$461.5 million of Restricted cash, respectively. Nearly all of the restricted cash consists of cash reserved under loan agreements for development projects and certain expenditures incurred in the normal course of business, such as interest service, real estate taxes, property insurance, and capital improvements. The Consolidated Condensed Statement of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2011 includes \$546.0 million of investing cash outflows for the funding of restricted cash balances and \$11.0 million deposited to restricted cash accounts as part of our investments in subsidiaries during the quarter ended June 30, 2011. Included in the \$546.0 million of investing cash outflows is \$64.9 million of restricted cash funded prior to 2011. Management determined in the first quarter of 2011 that reclassifying the cash balances on the balance sheet and reporting the aggregate investing cash outflows was not a material correction of our 2010 financial statements.

Note 2—Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The following are accounting standards adopted or issued during 2011 that could have an impact on our Company.

In June 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued new guidance for the presentation of comprehensive income. The new guidance requires that all nonowner changes in stockholders' equity be presented either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. The new requirements are effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2012, and interim and annual periods thereafter. As this is a presentation and disclosure update, there will be no impact on our consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows upon adoption.

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011
(UNAUDITED)

In May 2011, the FASB issued updated guidance related to fair value measurement and disclosure requirements. The changes result in common fair value measurement and disclosure requirements between U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”) and International Financial Reporting Standards and change the wording used to describe many of the requirements in GAAP for measuring fair value and for disclosing information about fair value measurements. The changes are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2011. We are currently assessing what impact the adoption of this update will have on our consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

In April 2011, the FASB issued guidance related to a creditor’s determination of whether a restructuring is a troubled debt restructuring. The update clarifies the guidance practice in identifying restructurings of receivables that constitute troubled debt restructurings for a creditor. The amendments in this update are effective for annual periods ending on or after December 15, 2012, including interim periods within those annual periods. We are currently assessing what impact the adoption of this update will have on our consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

In December 2010, the FASB issued new guidance regarding goodwill impairment testing for reporting units with zero or negative carrying amounts. The new guidance modifies Step 1 of the goodwill impairment test for reporting units with zero or negative carrying amounts. For those reporting units, an entity is required to perform Step 2 of the goodwill impairment test if it is more likely than not that a goodwill impairment exists. In determining whether it is more likely than not that a goodwill impairment exists, an entity should consider whether there are any adverse qualitative factors indicating that an impairment may exist. The amendments in this update are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning on or after December 15, 2010. As of our 2010 annual assessment of goodwill and other non-amortizing intangible assets for impairment, we did not have any reporting units with zero or negative carrying amounts.

We adopted the FASB’s new requirements for accounting for accruals for casino jackpot liabilities on January 1, 2011. The new requirements clarify that an entity should not accrue jackpot liabilities (or portions thereof) before a jackpot is won if the entity can avoid paying that jackpot. Instead, jackpots should be accrued and charged to revenue when an entity has the obligation to pay the jackpot. This guidance applies to both base and progressive jackpots. Upon adoption of this standard on January 1, 2011, we adjusted our recorded accrual in the amount of \$16.7 million (\$10.7 million net of tax) with a corresponding cumulative effect adjustment to Retained Earnings.

Note 3—Development and Acquisition Activity

Acquisition of Planet Hollywood

On February 19, 2010, Caesars Entertainment Operating Company, Inc. (“CEOC”), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Caesars Entertainment Corporation, acquired 100% of the equity interests of PHW Las Vegas, LLC (“PHW Las Vegas”), which owns the Planet Hollywood Resort and Casino (“Planet Hollywood”) located in Las Vegas, Nevada. PHW Las Vegas is an unrestricted subsidiary of CEOC and therefore not a borrower under CEOC’s credit facilities.

The Company paid approximately \$67.2 million substantially during the second half of 2009 for the combination of i) the Company’s initial debt investment in certain predecessor entities of PHW Las Vegas; and ii) certain interest only participations associated with the debt of certain predecessor entities of PHW Las Vegas. In connection with the February 2010 cancellation of our debt investment in such predecessor entities of PHW Las Vegas in exchange for the equity of PHW Las Vegas, the Company recognized a gain of \$7.1 million to adjust our investments to reflect the estimated fair value of consideration paid for the acquisition. This gain is reflected in Other income, including interest income, in our Statement of Operations for the six months ended June 30, 2010. Also, as a result of the acquisition, the Company acquired the net cash balance of PHW Las Vegas during the quarter ended March 31, 2010, net of closing costs.

In connection with this transaction, PHW Las Vegas assumed a \$554.3 million, face value, senior secured loan, and a subsidiary of CEOC canceled certain debt issued by PHW Las Vegas’ predecessor entities. In connection with the transaction and the assumption of debt, PHW Las Vegas entered into an amended and restated loan agreement (the “Amended and Restated Loan Agreement”) as discussed in Note 5, “Debt.”

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011
(UNAUDITED)

Purchase Accounting

The purchase price of PHW Las Vegas was allocated based upon estimated fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed, with the excess of estimated fair value over net tangible and intangible assets acquired recorded as goodwill. During the first quarter 2011, the Company finalized its purchase price allocation and the supporting valuations and related assumptions. Based upon this finalization, the Company made adjustments to its final purchase price allocation resulting in an increase to the recorded goodwill of \$2.4 million and concluding on final assets and liabilities of PHW Las Vegas as follows:

<u>(In millions)</u>	<u>February 19, 2010</u>
Assets	
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 31.3
Accounts receivable	13.6
Prepayments and other current assets	5.5
Inventories	1.9
Total current assets	52.3
Land, buildings and equipment	461.0
Goodwill	18.7
Intangible assets other than goodwill	5.4
Deferred charges and other	4.6
	<u>542.0</u>
Liabilities	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	(1.9)
Interest payable	(1.1)
Accrued expenses	(27.7)
Current portion of long-term debt	(4.3)
Total current liabilities	(35.0)
Long-term debt, net of discount	(433.3)
Deferred credits and other	(12.6)
Total liabilities	(480.9)
Net assets acquired	<u>\$ 61.1</u>

Acquisition of Thistledown Racetrack

On May 25, 2010, CEOC entered into an agreement to purchase the assets of Thistledown Racetrack. The acquisition was completed on July 28, 2010 at a cost of approximately \$42.5 million. The results of Thistledown Racetrack for periods subsequent to July 28, 2010 are consolidated with our results.

The purchase price of Thistledown Racetrack was allocated based upon estimated fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed, with the excess of estimated fair value over net tangible and intangible assets acquired recorded as goodwill. The preliminary purchase price allocation includes assets, liabilities and net assets acquired of Thistledown Racetrack of \$46.8 million, \$4.3 million and \$42.5 million, respectively.

Venture with Rock Gaming, LLC

In December 2010, we formed a venture, Rock Ohio Caesars LLC, with Rock Gaming, LLC ("Rock Gaming"), to pursue casino developments in Cincinnati and Cleveland. Pursuant to the agreements forming the venture, we have committed to invest up to \$200.0 million for an approximate 30 percent interest in the venture. As part of our investment, we plan to contribute Thistledown Racetrack to the venture. The casino developments will be managed by subsidiaries of Caesars Entertainment Operating Company, Inc.

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011
(UNAUDITED)

Completion of the casino developments is subject to a number of conditions, including, without limitation, the venture's ability to obtain financing for development of the projects, the adoption of final rules and regulations by the Ohio Casino Control Commission and receipt of necessary licensing to operate casinos in the State of Ohio.

During the six months ended June 30, 2011, the Company contributed an additional \$14.0 million into its venture with Rock Gaming, LLC, bringing its total investment to approximately \$78.0 million. This contribution is included in the line "Investments in and advances to non-consolidated affiliates" in our Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheet at June 30, 2011.

On July 28, 2011, Rock Gaming notified us that they intend to exercise a contractual right to buy down a portion of our interest in the venture and lower our overall ownership in the venture to 20 percent. Pursuant to this right, Rock Gaming will contribute capital to the venture disproportionately with its existing ownership interest until such point as the amount of capital contributed by us and Rock Gaming brings our ownership interest in the venture to 20 percent. We expect this to occur contemporaneously with the receipt of project financing for construction of the Cleveland casino project.

Suffolk Downs

On March 29, 2011, we acquired an interest in Sterling Suffolk Racecourse, LLC, which owns a horse-racing track in Massachusetts, along with options to purchase additional interests and the right to manage a potential future gaming facility. The consideration paid for this investment has been recorded as an amortizing intangible asset, representing the right to manage a potential future gaming facility, with amortization commencing upon the future opening date of such facility. Our interest will be accounted for using the cost method of accounting.

Acquisition of Playtika Ltd

On May 16, 2011, Caesars Interactive Entertainment Israel, Ltd. ("CIEI"), a majority-owned subsidiary of Caesars Entertainment Corporation entered into an agreement to acquire 51 percent of the voting equity interests of Playtika Ltd., a social games developer based in Israel. The results of Playtika Ltd. for periods subsequent to May 16, 2011 will be consolidated with our results.

Purchase Accounting

The purchase price of Playtika Ltd. was allocated based upon estimated fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed, with the excess of estimated fair value over net tangible and intangible assets acquired recorded as goodwill. The preliminary purchase price allocation includes assets and liabilities of Playtika Ltd. as follows:

<u>(In millions)</u>	<u>May 16, 2011</u>
<i>Assets</i>	
Total current assets	\$ 31.4
Land, buildings and equipment	—
Goodwill	46.0
Intangible assets other than goodwill	25.0
	<u>102.4</u>
<i>Liabilities</i>	
Total current liabilities	(15.4)
Redeemable non-controlling interests	(36.0)
Net assets acquired	<u>\$ 51.0</u>

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011
(UNAUDITED)

Note 4—Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

The following table sets forth changes in our goodwill and other intangible assets as of and for the six months ended June 30, 2011.

(In millions)	Amortizing Intangible Assets	Non-Amortizing Intangible Assets	
		Goodwill	Other
Balance at December 31, 2010	\$ 1,235.1	\$ 3,420.9	\$ 3,476.7
Acquisitions	85.4	48.4	—
Amortization Expense	(78.6)	—	—
Other, including foreign translations	0.4	(1.0)	1.4
Balance at June 30, 2011	<u>\$ 1,242.3</u>	<u>\$ 3,468.3</u>	<u>\$ 3,478.1</u>

The following table provides the gross carrying value and accumulated amortization for each major class of intangible assets other than goodwill:

(In millions)	June 30, 2011				December 31, 2010		
	Weighted Average Remaining Useful Life (in years)	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount	Gross Carrying Amount	Accumulated Amortization	Net Carrying Amount
Amortizing intangible assets							
Customer relationships	8.7	\$1,456.9	\$ (429.5)	\$1,027.4	\$1,456.9	\$ (366.5)	\$1,090.4
Contract rights	3.3	193.0	(93.3)	99.7	132.5	(85.6)	46.9
Patented technology	4.7	118.9	(40.0)	78.9	93.5	(34.1)	59.4
Gaming rights	13.0	42.8	(8.9)	33.9	42.8	(7.6)	35.2
Trademarks	1.6	7.8	(5.4)	2.4	7.8	(4.6)	3.2
		<u>\$1,819.4</u>	<u>\$ (577.1)</u>	<u>1,242.3</u>	<u>\$1,733.5</u>	<u>\$ (498.4)</u>	<u>1,235.1</u>
Non-amortizing intangible assets							
Trademarks				1,916.9			1,916.7
Gaming rights				1,561.2			1,560.0
				<u>3,478.1</u>			<u>3,476.7</u>
Total intangible assets other than goodwill				<u>\$4,720.4</u>			<u>\$4,711.8</u>

The aggregate amortization of intangible assets for the six months ended June 30, 2011 was \$78.6 million. Estimated annual amortization expense for the years ending December 31, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015 and thereafter is \$161.5 million, \$163.2 million, \$160.9 million, \$145.5 million, \$142.3 million and \$547.4 million, respectively.

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011
(UNAUDITED)

Note 5—Debt

The following table presents our outstanding debt as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

<u>Detail of Debt (dollars in millions)</u>	<u>Final Maturity</u>	<u>Rate(s) at June 30, 2011</u>	<u>Face Value at June 30, 2011</u>	<u>Book Value at June 30, 2011</u>	<u>Book Value at Dec. 31, 2010</u>
Credit Facilities					
Term Loans B1-B3	2015	3.19%-3.31%	\$ 5,007.2	\$ 5,007.2	\$ 5,815.1
Term Loans B4	2016	9.50 %	985.0	964.7	968.3
Term Loan B5	2018	4.44%-4.47%	1,222.7	1,217.8	—
Revolving Credit Facility	2014	—	—	—	—
Secured Debt					
Senior Secured Notes	2017	11.25%	2,095.0	2,052.1	2,049.7
CMBS financing	2015*	3.20%	5,031.5	5,025.2	5,182.3
Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes	2018	12.75%	750.0	741.7	741.3
Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes	2018	10.0%	4,553.1	2,078.8	2,033.3
Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes	2015	10.0%	214.8	160.0	156.2
Chester Downs term loan	2016	12.375%	238.3	228.9	237.5
PHW Las Vegas Senior Secured Loan	2015**	3.05%	517.7	423.5	423.8
Linq/Octavius Senior Secured Loan	2017	9.25%	450.0	445.6	—
Other	Various	4.25%-6.0%	0.7	0.7	1.4
Subsidiary-guaranteed Debt					
Senior Notes, including senior interim loans	2016	10.75%	478.6	478.6	478.6
Senior PIK Toggle Notes, including senior interim loans	2018	10.75%/11.5%	8.2	8.2	10.5
Unsecured Senior Debt					
5.375%	2013	5.375%	125.2	105.0	101.6
7.0%	2013	7.0%	0.6	0.6	0.6
5.625%	2015	5.625%	364.5	279.1	273.9
6.5%	2016	6.5%	248.7	185.8	183.8
5.75%	2017	5.75%	153.7	104.7	105.5
Floating Rate Contingent Convertible Senior Notes	2024	0.303%	0.2	0.2	0.2
Other Unsecured Borrowings					
5.3% special improvement district bonds	2035	5.3%	65.7	65.7	67.1
Other	Various	Various	1.0	1.0	1.0
Capitalized Lease Obligations					
6.42%-9.8%	to 2020	6.42%-9.8%	8.9	8.9	9.4
Total debt			22,521.3	19,584.0	18,841.1
Current portion of long-term debt			(44.6)	(44.6)	(55.6)
Long-term debt			\$ 22,476.7	\$ 19,539.4	\$ 18,785.5

* We are permitted to extend the maturity of the CMBS Loans from 2013 to 2015, subject to satisfying certain conditions, in connection with the amendment to the CMBS Facilities

** The Planet Hollywood Las Vegas senior secured loan is subject to extension options moving its maturity from 2011 to 2015, subject to certain conditions.

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011
(UNAUDITED)

As of June 30, 2011, book values are presented net of unamortized discounts of \$2,937.7 million and unamortized premiums of \$0.4 million. Book values as of December 31, 2010 are presented net of unamortized discounts of \$3,006.6 million.

Our current maturities of debt include required interim principal payments on each of our Term Loans, our Chester Downs term loans, and the special improvement district bonds. The PHW Las Vegas senior secured loan has not been included in current maturities of debt as of June 30, 2011 based upon the Company's ability and intent to exercise its options to extend the maturity of this loan.

Credit Agreement

In connection with the Acquisition, CEOC entered into the senior secured credit facilities (the "Credit Facilities.") This financing is neither secured nor guaranteed by Caesars Entertainment's other direct, wholly-owned subsidiaries, including the subsidiaries that own properties that are security for the CMBS Financing (as defined below).

On May 20, 2011, CEOC amended its Credit Facilities to, among other things: (i) allow CEOC to buy back loans from individual lenders at negotiated prices at any time, which may be less than par, (ii) allow CEOC to extend the maturity of term loans or revolving commitments, as applicable, and for CEOC to otherwise modify the terms of loans or revolving commitments in connection with such an extension and (iii) modify certain other provisions of the credit facilities. CEOC also extended its Credit Facilities by (i) converting \$799.4 million of B-1, B-2 and B-3 term loans held by consenting lenders to B-5 term loans with an extended maturity date of January 28, 2018 and a higher interest rate with respect to such extended term loans (the "Extended Term Loans") and (ii) converting \$423.3 million of revolver commitments held by consenting lenders to Extended Term Loans.

As of June 30, 2011, our Credit Facilities provide for senior secured financing of up to \$8,421.7 million, consisting of (i) senior secured term loan facilities in an aggregate principal amount of \$7,214.9 million with \$5,007.2 million maturing on January 28, 2015, \$985.0 million maturing on October 31, 2016 (the \$985.0 million borrowing defined as the "Incremental Loans") and \$1,222.7 million maturing on January 28, 2018 and (ii) a senior secured revolving credit facility in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$1,206.8 million, maturing January 28, 2015, including both a letter of credit sub-facility and a swingline loan sub-facility. The term loans under the Credit Facilities require scheduled quarterly payments of \$5.9 million, with the balance due at maturity. A total of \$7,214.9 million face amount of borrowings were outstanding under the Credit Facilities as of June 30, 2011, with \$127.1 million of the revolving credit facility committed to outstanding letters of credit. After consideration of these borrowings and letters of credit, \$1,079.7 million of additional borrowing capacity was available to the Company under its revolving credit facility as of June 30, 2011.

CMBS Financing

The CMBS properties borrowed \$6,500.0 million of CMBS financing (the "CMBS Financing"). The CMBS Financing is secured by the assets of the CMBS properties and certain aspects of the financing are guaranteed by Caesars Entertainment. The CMBS properties are Harrah's Las Vegas, Rio, Flamingo Las Vegas, Harrah's Atlantic City, Paris Las Vegas and Harrah's Laughlin.

On August 31, 2010, we executed an agreement with the lenders to amend the terms of our CMBS Financing to, among other things, (i) provide our subsidiaries that are borrowers under the CMBS mortgage loan and/or related mezzanine loans ("CMBS Loans") the right to extend the maturity of the CMBS Loans, subject to certain conditions, by up to two years until February 2015, (ii) amend certain terms of the CMBS Loans with respect to reserve requirements, collateral rights, property release prices and the payment of management fees, (iii) provide for ongoing mandatory offers to repurchase CMBS Loans using excess cash flow from the CMBS properties at discounted prices, (iv) provide for the amortization of the mortgage loan in certain minimum amounts upon the occurrence of certain conditions and (v) provide for certain limitations with respect to the amount of excess cash flow from the CMBS properties that may be distributed to us. Any CMBS Loan purchased pursuant to the amendments will be canceled.

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011
(UNAUDITED)

Pursuant to the terms of the amendment as initially agreed to on March 5, 2010, we agreed to pay lenders selling CMBS Loans during the fourth quarter 2009 an additional \$47.4 million for their loans previously sold, to be paid no later than December 31, 2010. This additional liability was recorded as a loss on early extinguishment of debt during the first quarter of 2010 and was paid during the fourth quarter of 2010.

In June 2010, we purchased \$46.6 million face value of CMBS Loans for \$22.6 million, recognizing a net gain on the transaction of approximately \$23.3 million during the second quarter of 2010. In September 2010, in connection with the execution of the amendment, we purchased \$123.8 million face value of CMBS Loans for \$37.1 million, of which \$31.0 million was paid at the closing of the CMBS amendment, and the remainder of which was paid during fourth quarter 2010. We recognized a pre-tax gain on the transaction of approximately \$77.4 million, net of deferred finance charges.

In December 2010, we purchased \$191.3 million of face value of CMBS Loans for \$95.6 million, recognizing a pre-tax gain of \$66.9 million, net of deferred finance charges.

In March 2011, we purchased \$108.1 million of face value of CMBS Loans for \$73.5 million, recognizing a pre-tax gain of \$33.2 million, net of deferred finance charges.

In April 2011, we purchased \$50.0 million of face value of CMBS Loans for \$35.0 million, recognizing a pre-tax gain of \$14.3 million, net of deferred finance charges.

As part of the amended CMBS Loan Agreement, in order to extend the maturity of the CMBS Loans under the extension option, we are required to extend our interest rate cap agreement to cover the two years of extended maturity of the CMBS Loans, with a maximum aggregate purchase price for such extended interest rate cap for \$5.0 million. We funded the \$5.0 million obligation on September 1, 2010 in connection with the closing of the amendment to the CMBS Loan Agreement.

PHW Las Vegas senior secured loan

On February 19, 2010, CEOC acquired 100% of the equity interests of PHW Las Vegas, which owns the Planet Hollywood Resort and Casino located in Las Vegas, Nevada. In connection with this transaction, PHW Las Vegas assumed a \$554.3 million, face value, senior secured loan, and a subsidiary of CEOC canceled certain debt issued by PHW Las Vegas' predecessor entities. The outstanding amount is secured by the assets of PHW Las Vegas, and is non-recourse to other subsidiaries of the Company.

In connection with the transaction and the assumption of debt, PHW Las Vegas entered into the Amended and Restated Loan Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as trustee for The Credit Suisse First Boston Mortgage Securities Corp. Commercial Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates, Series 2007-TFL2 ("Lender"). The maturity date for this loan is December 2011, with two extension options (subject to certain conditions), which, if exercised, would extend maturity until April 2015. PHW Las Vegas is an unrestricted subsidiary of CEOC and therefore not a borrower under CEOC's Credit Facilities. A subsidiary of CEOC manages the property for PHW Las Vegas for a fee.

PHW Las Vegas may, at its option, voluntarily prepay the loan in whole or in part upon twenty (20) days prior written notice to Lender. PHW Las Vegas is required to prepay the loan in (i) the amount of any insurance proceeds received by Lender for which Lender is not obligated to make available to PHW Las Vegas for restoration in accordance with the terms of the Amended and Restated Loan Agreement, (ii) the amount of any proceeds received from the operator of the timeshare property adjacent to the Planet Hollywood Resort and Casino, subject to the limitations set forth in the Amended and Restated Loan Agreement and (iii) the amount of any excess cash remaining after application of the cash management provisions of the Amended and Restated Loan Agreement.

Octavius and LINQ Projects

On April 25, 2011, the Company, together with certain indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries of CEOC (the "Borrowers") entered into a credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement") pursuant to which the Borrowers incurred financing to complete the Octavius Tower at Caesars Palace Las Vegas ("Project Octavius") and to develop a retail, dining and entertainment corridor located between the Imperial Palace Hotel and Casino and the Flamingo Las Vegas on the Las Vegas strip ("Project Linq" and, together with Project Octavius, the "Development"). The Credit Agreement provides for a \$450.0 million senior secured term facility (the "Term Facility") with a six-year maturity, which is secured by all material assets of the Borrowers. The proceeds of the Term Facility will be used by the Borrowers to finance the Development and to pay fees and expenses incurred in connection with the Term Facility and the transactions related thereto.

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011
(UNAUDITED)

As a condition to the provision of the Term Facility, the Company provided a completion guarantee (the “Completion Guaranty”) with respect to the Development, which guarantees completion of the construction of the Development, availability of contemplated working capital and receipt of material permits and licenses necessary to open and operate the Development. The maximum liability of the Company under the completion guarantee is \$25.0 million in respect of Project Octavius and \$75.0 million in respect of Project Linq.

In connection with the Development and the Term Facility, the Company has contributed the existing Octavius Tower and related assets to one of the Borrowers. In August 2011, the Company completed the contribution of the existing O’Shea’s casino (adjacent to the Flamingo Las Vegas) and related real property and other assets comprising the components of Project Linq to one of the Borrowers. In connection with Project Octavius, one of the Borrowers leases the Octavius Tower to a wholly-owned subsidiary of CEOC. Upon completion of Project Linq, one of the Borrowers will lease the gaming space in Project Linq to a wholly-owned subsidiary of CEOC. The total lease payments will be \$50.0 million annually once the Development is open. CEOC has guaranteed certain of the obligations of the lessees under the Project Octavius and Project Linq leases described above.

Pursuant to the Credit Agreement, the Company is required to make cash contributions to the Borrowers from time to time to fund a total equity commitment to the Development of \$76.0 million. In addition, from time to time, the Company may be required to make additional cash contributions to the Borrowers to fund certain portions of the Development upon the occurrence of certain conditions. In addition to potential contributions pursuant to the Completion Guaranty, the Company has guaranteed all payments of interest under the Term Facility until the commencement of operations of the Octavius Tower and Project Linq and guaranteed the performance of the Borrowers of the first lien leverage ratio maintenance covenant (the “Performance Guarantee”) by agreeing, upon certain conditions, to make cash equity contributions to the Borrowers from time to time pursuant to the terms of the Term Facility. The maximum liability of the Company under the performance guarantee is \$50.0 million. Except in the circumstances described above, neither the Company nor CEOC has any material obligations under the Term Facility, and the Term Facility is non-recourse to the Company or CEOC.

The Credit Agreement requires that the Borrowers maintain certain reserve funds in respect of furniture, fixtures, and equipment, capital improvements, interest service, taxes and insurance. Amounts deposited into the specified reserve funds represent restricted cash. In addition the Credit Agreement requires up to 50.0 percent of excess cash flow (as defined in the agreement), depending on the Senior Secured Leverage Ratio for that period, be applied to prepay the Term Facility.

Other Financing Transactions

On October 8, 2010, Chester Downs and Marina LLC (“Chester Downs”), a majority-owned subsidiary of CEOC and owner of Harrah’s Chester, amended its existing senior secured term loan facility to obtain an additional \$40.0 million term loan. The additional loan has substantially the same terms as the existing term loan with respect to interest rates, maturity and security.

Exchange Offers, Debt Purchases and Open Market Purchases

From time to time, we may retire portions of our outstanding debt in open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions or otherwise. These purchases will be funded through available cash from operations and from our established debt programs. Such purchases are dependent on prevailing market conditions, the Company’s liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions and other factors.

Issuances and Redemptions

During the second quarter of 2010, CEOC completed the offering of \$750.0 million aggregate principal amount of 12.75% second-priority senior secured notes due 2018 and used the proceeds of this offering to redeem or repay the following outstanding debt:

<u>Debt (dollars in millions)</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Interest Rate</u>	<u>Face Value</u>
5.5% Senior Notes	2010	5.5%	\$ 191.6
8.0% Senior Notes	2011	8.0%	13.2
8.125% Senior Subordinated Notes	2011	8.125%	12.0
Revolving Credit Facility	2014	3.23%-3.25%	525.0

In connection with the retirement of the outstanding senior and senior subordinated notes above, CEOC recorded a pre-tax loss of \$4.7 million during the second quarter of 2010.

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011
(UNAUDITED)

On June 3, 2010, Caesars announced an agreement under which affiliates of each of Apollo, TPG and Paulson were to exchange approximately \$1,118.3 million face amount of debt for approximately 15.7 percent of the common equity of Caesars Entertainment, subject to regulatory approvals and certain other conditions. In connection with the transaction, Apollo, TPG, and Paulson purchased approximately \$835.4 million, face amount, of CEOC notes that were held by another subsidiary of Caesars Entertainment for aggregate consideration of approximately \$557.0 million, including accrued interest. The notes that were purchased, together with \$282.9 million face amount of notes they had previously acquired, were exchanged for equity in the fourth quarter of 2010. The notes exchanged for equity are held by a subsidiary of Caesars Entertainment and remain outstanding for purposes of CEOC. The exchange was accounted for as an equity transaction.

Interest and Fees

Borrowings under the Credit Facilities, other than borrowings under the Incremental Loans and the Extended Term Loans, bear interest at a rate equal to the then-current LIBOR rate or at a rate equal to the alternate base rate, in each case plus an applicable margin. As of June 30, 2011, the Credit Facilities, other than borrowings under the Incremental Loans and the Extended Term Loans, bore interest at LIBOR plus 300 basis points for the term loans. The revolver loan bore interest at LIBOR plus 300 basis points or the alternate base rate plus 200 basis points. The swingline loan bore interest at the alternate base rate plus 150 basis points.

Borrowings under the Incremental Loans bear interest at a rate equal to either the alternate base rate or the greater of (i) the then-current LIBOR rate or (ii) 2.0 percent; in each case plus an applicable margin. At June 30, 2011, borrowings under the Incremental Loans bore interest at the minimum base rate of 2.0 percent, plus 750 basis points.

Borrowings under the Extended Term Loans bear interest at a rate equal to either the alternate base rate or the then-current LIBOR rate, plus an applicable margin. At June 30, 2011, borrowings under the Extended Term Loans bore interest at LIBOR plus 425 basis points.

In addition, on a quarterly basis, we are required to pay each lender (i) a commitment fee in respect of any unborrowed amounts under the revolving credit facility and (ii) a letter of credit fee in respect of the aggregate face amount of outstanding letters of credit under the revolving credit facility. As of June 30, 2011, the Credit Facilities bore a commitment fee for unborrowed amounts of 50 basis points.

We make monthly interest payments on our CMBS Financing. Our Senior Secured Notes, including the Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes, and our unsecured debt have semi-annual interest payments, with the majority of those payments on June 15 and December 15.

The amount outstanding under the PHW Las Vegas senior secured loan bears interest, payable to third party lenders on a monthly basis, at a rate per annum equal to LIBOR plus 1.530 percent. Interest only participations of PHW Las Vegas bear interest at a fixed rate equal to \$7.3 million per year, payable to the subsidiary of CEOC that owns such participations.

The Linq/Octavius Term Facility bears interest at a rate equal to either the alternate base rate, plus an applicable margin or the greater of (i) the then-current LIBOR rate and (ii) 1.25 percent, plus an applicable margin. At June 30, 2011, borrowings under the agreement bore interest at 1.25 percent, plus 800 basis points.

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011
(UNAUDITED)

Collateral and Guarantors

CEOC's Credit Facilities are guaranteed by Caesars Entertainment, and are secured by a pledge of CEOC's capital stock, and by substantially all of the existing and future property and assets of CEOC and its material, wholly-owned domestic subsidiaries, including a pledge of the capital stock of CEOC's material, wholly-owned domestic subsidiaries and 65.0 percent of the capital stock of the first-tier foreign subsidiaries, in each case subject to exceptions. The following casino properties have mortgages under the Credit Facilities:

<u>Las Vegas</u>	<u>Atlantic City</u>	<u>Louisiana/Mississippi</u>	<u>Iowa/Missouri</u>
Caesars Palace	Bally's Atlantic City	Harrah's New Orleans	Harrah's St. Louis
Bally's Las Vegas	Caesars Atlantic City	(Hotel only)	Harrah's Council Bluffs
Imperial Palace	Showboat Atlantic City	Harrah's Louisiana Downs	Horseshoe Council Bluffs/ Bluffs
Bill's Gamblin' Hall & Saloon		Horseshoe Bossier City	Run
		Harrah's Tunica	
		Horseshoe Tunica	
		Tunica Roadhouse Hotel & Casino	
<u>Illinois/Indiana</u>	<u>Other Nevada</u>		
Horseshoe Southern Indiana	Harrah's Reno		
Harrah's Metropolis	Harrah's Lake Tahoe		
Horseshoe Hammond	Harveys Lake Tahoe		

Additionally, certain undeveloped land in Las Vegas also is mortgaged.

In connection with PHW Las Vegas' Amended and Restated Loan Agreement, Caesars Entertainment entered into a Guaranty Agreement (the "Guaranty") for the benefit of the Lender pursuant to which Caesars Entertainment guaranteed to the Lender certain recourse liabilities of PHW Las Vegas. Caesars Entertainment's maximum aggregate liability for such recourse liabilities is limited to \$30.0 million provided that such recourse liabilities of PHW Las Vegas do not arise from (i) events, acts, or circumstances that are actually committed by, or voluntarily or willfully brought about by Caesars Entertainment or (ii) event, acts, or circumstances (regardless of the cause of the same) that provide actual benefit (in cash, cash equivalent, or other quantifiable amount) to the Registrant, to the full extent of the actual benefit received by the Registrant. Pursuant to the Guaranty, Caesars Entertainment is required to maintain a net worth or liquid assets of at least \$100.0 million.

Restrictive Covenants and Other Matters

The Credit Facilities require compliance on a quarterly basis with a maximum net senior secured first lien debt leverage test. In addition, the Credit Facilities include negative covenants, subject to certain exceptions, restricting or limiting CEOC's ability and the ability of its restricted subsidiaries to, among other things: (i) incur additional debt; (ii) create liens on certain assets; (iii) enter into sale and lease-back transactions; (iv) make certain investments, loans and advances; (v) consolidate, merge, sell or otherwise dispose of all or any part of its assets or to purchase, lease or otherwise acquire all or any substantial part of assets of any other person; (vi) pay dividends or make distributions or make other restricted payments; (vii) enter into certain transactions with its affiliates; (viii) engage in any business other than the business activity conducted at the closing date of the loan or business activities incidental or related thereto; (ix) amend or modify the articles or certificate of incorporation, by-laws and certain agreements or make certain payments or modifications of indebtedness; and (x) designate or permit the designation of any indebtedness as "Designated Senior Debt."

Caesars Entertainment is not bound by any financial or negative covenants contained in CEOC's credit agreement, other than with respect to the incurrence of liens on and the pledge of its stock of CEOC.

All borrowings under the senior secured revolving credit facility are subject to the satisfaction of customary conditions, including the absence of a default and the accuracy of representations and warranties, and the requirement that such borrowing does not reduce the amount of obligations otherwise permitted to be secured under our new senior secured credit facilities without ratably securing the retained notes.

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011
(UNAUDITED)

The PHW Las Vegas senior secured loan requires that the Company maintain certain reserve funds in respect of furniture, fixtures, and equipment, capital improvements, interest service, taxes and insurance. Certain amounts deposited into the specified reserve funds represent restricted cash.

Certain covenants contained in CEOC's credit agreement require the maintenance of a senior first priority secured debt to last twelve months (LTM) Adjusted EBITDA ("Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization"), as defined in the agreements, ratio ("Senior Secured Leverage Ratio"). Our credit agreement excludes from the Senior Secured Leverage Ratio (a) the \$1,375.0 million Original First Lien Notes issued June 15, 2009 and the \$720.0 million Additional First Lien Notes issued on September 11, 2009 and (b) up to \$350.0 million aggregate principal amount of consolidated debt of subsidiaries that are not wholly owned subsidiaries. Certain covenants contained in CEOC's credit agreement governing its senior secured credit facilities, the indenture and other agreements governing CEOC's 10.0 percent Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2015 and 2018, and our first lien notes restrict our ability to take certain actions such as incurring additional debt or making acquisitions if we are unable to meet defined Adjusted EBITDA to Fixed Charges, senior secured debt to LTM Adjusted EBITDA and consolidated debt to LTM Adjusted EBITDA ratios. The covenants that restrict additional indebtedness and the ability to make future acquisitions require an LTM Adjusted EBITDA to Fixed Charges ratio (measured on a trailing four-quarter basis) of 2.0:1.0. Failure to comply with these covenants can result in limiting our long-term growth prospects by hindering our ability to incur future indebtedness or grow through acquisitions.

The indenture and other agreements governing our cash pay debt and PIK toggle debt limit CEOC's (and most of its subsidiaries') ability to among other things: (i) incur additional debt or issue certain preferred shares; (ii) pay dividends or make distributions in respect of our capital stock or make other restricted payments; (iii) make certain investments; (iv) sell certain assets; (v) with respect to CEOC only, engage in any business or own any material asset other than all of the equity interest of CEOC so long as certain investors hold a majority of the notes; (vi) create or permit to exist dividend and/or payment restrictions affecting its restricted subsidiaries; (vii) create liens on certain assets to secure debt; (viii) consolidate, merge, sell or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of its assets; (ix) enter into certain transactions with its affiliates; and (x) designate its subsidiaries as unrestricted subsidiaries. Subject to certain exceptions, the indenture governing the notes and the agreements governing the other cash pay debt and PIK toggle debt will permit us and our restricted subsidiaries to incur additional indebtedness, including secured indebtedness.

The CMBS Financing includes negative covenants, subject to certain exceptions, restricting or limiting the ability of the borrowers and operating companies under the CMBS Financing to, among other things: (i) incur additional debt; (ii) create liens on assets; (iii) make certain investments, loans and advances; (iv) consolidate, merge, sell or otherwise dispose of all or any part of its assets or to purchase, lease or otherwise acquire all or any substantial part of assets of any other person; (v) enter into certain transactions with its affiliates; (vi) engage in any business other than the ownership of the properties and business activities ancillary thereto; and (vi) amend or modify the articles or certificate of incorporation, by-laws and certain agreements.

The CMBS Financing also includes affirmative covenants that require the CMBS properties to, among other things, maintain the borrowers as "special purpose entities", maintain certain reserve funds in respect of furniture, fixtures, and equipment, taxes, and insurance, and comply with other customary obligations for CMBS real estate financings. Amounts deposited into the specified reserve funds represent restricted cash.

In addition, the CMBS Financing obligates the CMBS properties to apply excess cash flow in certain specified manners, depending on the outstanding principal amount of various tranches of the CMBS loans and other factors. These obligations will limit the amount of excess cash flow from the CMBS properties that may be distributed to Caesars Entertainment. For example, the CMBS properties are required to use 100.0 percent of excess cash flow to make ongoing mandatory offers on a quarterly basis to purchase CMBS mezzanine loans at discounted prices from the holders thereof. To the extent such offers are accepted, such excess cash flow will need to be so utilized and will not be available for distribution to Caesars Entertainment. To the extent such offers are not accepted with respect to any fiscal quarter, the amount of excess cash flow that may be distributed to Caesars Entertainment is limited to 85.0 percent of excess cash flow with respect to such quarter. In addition, the CMBS Financing provides that once the aggregate principal amount of the CMBS mezzanine loans is less than or equal to \$625.0 million, the mortgage loan will begin to amortize on a quarterly basis in an amount equal to the greater of 100.0 percent of excess cash flow for such quarter and \$31.3 million. If the CMBS mortgage loan begins to amortize, the excess cash flow from the CMBS properties will need to be applied to such amortization and will not be available for distribution to Caesars Entertainment.

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011
(UNAUDITED)

Note 6—Derivative Instruments***Derivative Instruments – Interest Rate Swap Agreements***

We use interest rate swaps to manage the mix of our debt between fixed and variable rate instruments. As of June 30, 2011, we have entered into eight interest rate swap agreements for notional amounts totaling \$5,750.0 million. The difference to be paid or received under the terms of the interest rate swap agreements is accrued as interest rates change and recognized as an adjustment to interest expense for the related debt. Changes in the variable interest rates to be paid or received pursuant to the terms of the interest rate swap agreements will have a corresponding effect on future cash flows. The major terms of the interest rate swap agreements as of June 30, 2011 are as follows:

<u>Effective Date</u>	<u>Notional Amount (in millions)</u>	<u>Fixed Rate Paid</u>	<u>Variable Rate Received as of June 30, 2011</u>	<u>Next Reset Date</u>	<u>Maturity Date</u>
April 25, 2011	\$ 250.0	1.351%	0.186%	July 25, 2011	January 25, 2015
April 25, 2011	250.0	1.347%	0.186%	July 25, 2011	January 25, 2015
April 25, 2011	250.0	1.350%	0.186%	July 25, 2011	January 25, 2015
January 25, 2011	1,000.0	3.233%	0.274%	July 25, 2011	January 25, 2015
April 25, 2011	1,000.0	3.315%	0.274%	July 25, 2011	January 25, 2015
January 25, 2011	1,000.0	3.915%	0.274%	July 25, 2011	January 25, 2015
April 25, 2011	1,000.0	3.385%	0.274%	July 25, 2011	January 25, 2015
January 25, 2011	1,000.0	3.935%	0.274%	July 25, 2011	January 25, 2015

The variable rate on our interest rate swap agreements did not materially change as a result of the July 25, 2011 reset.

During the second quarter of 2011, the Company completed transactions to amend and extend certain swap contracts. A \$1,000.0 million swap was modified to change the fixed payment rate from 4.172 percent and the maturity date from April 25, 2012. Two \$2,000.0 million swaps were split into four \$1,000.0 million tranches. The terms were modified to change the fixed payment rates from 4.276 percent and 4.263 percent and the maturity dates from April 25, 2013. The amended payment rates and maturity dates are shown in the table above.

In connection with the transactions to amend and extend the swap contracts, we removed the cash flow hedging designation for those swap agreements, freezing the amount of deferred losses recorded in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss (“AOCL”). We are amortizing deferred losses from the amend and extend transactions and other amounts previously frozen in AOCL into income over the original remaining term of the hedged forecasted transactions that are still considered to be probable of occurring. For the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011, we amortized \$14.3 million and \$16.4 million, respectively, out of AOCL to interest expense. We will amortize an additional \$79.0 million out of AOCL to interest expense over the next twelve months.

During the second quarter of 2011, we re-designated \$4,310.1 million of the amended swap contracts as cash flow hedging instruments. To qualify for cash flow hedge accounting, the total designated swap amounts must match the critical terms such as notional amounts, benchmark interest rates and payment dates of the corresponding debt. At June 30, 2011, \$5,060.1 million of our total interest rate swap agreements notional amount of \$5,750.0 million are designated as hedging instruments for accounting purposes. Any future changes in fair value of the portion of the interest rate swap agreement not designated as a hedging instrument will be recognized in interest expense during the period in which the changes in value occur.

Derivative Instruments – Interest Rate Cap Agreements

On January 28, 2008, we entered into an interest rate cap agreement to partially hedge the risk of future increases in the variable rate of the CMBS Financing. The CMBS interest rate cap agreement, which was effective January 28, 2008 and terminates February 13, 2013, is for a notional amount of \$6,500.0 million at a LIBOR cap rate of 4.5 percent. The CMBS interest rate cap was designated as a cash flow hedging instrument for accounting purposes on May 1, 2008.

In 2009, we began purchasing and extinguishing portions of the CMBS Financing. The hedging relationship between the CMBS Financing and the interest rate cap remained effective subsequent to each debt extinguishment. In connection with the extinguishments, we reclassified deferred losses out of AOCL and into interest expense associated with hedges for which the forecasted future transactions are no longer probable of occurring. The following table summarizes the face value of debt extinguishments and the amount of deferred losses reclassified out of AOCL (in millions):

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011
(UNAUDITED)

Extinguishment Date	Debt Extinguished	Deferred Losses Reclassified
November 30, 2009	\$ 948.8	\$ 12.1
June 7, 2010	46.6	0.8
September 1, 2010	123.8	1.5
December 13, 2010	191.3	3.3
March 11, 2011	108.1	1.4
April 1, 2011	50.0	0.5

On January 31, 2010, we removed the cash flow hedge designation for the \$6,500.0 million interest rate cap, freezing the amount of deferred losses recorded in AOCL associated with the interest rate cap. Beginning February 1, 2010, we began amortizing deferred losses frozen in AOCL into income over the original remaining term of the hedge forecasted transactions that are still probable of occurring. For the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011, we recorded \$5.2 million and \$10.4 million, respectively, as an increase to interest expense. We will record an additional \$20.9 million as an increase to interest expense and AOCL over the next twelve months, all related to deferred losses on the interest rate cap.

On January 31, 2010, we re-designated \$4,650.2 million of the interest rate cap as a cash flow hedging instrument for accounting purposes. Any future changes in fair value of the portion of the interest rate cap not designated as a hedging instrument will be recognized in interest expense during the period in which the changes in value occur.

On April 5, 2010, as required under the the PHW Las Vegas Amended and Restated Loan Agreement, we entered into an interest rate cap agreement to partially hedge the risk of future increases in the variable interest rate of the PHW Las Vegas senior secured loan. The interest rate cap agreement is for a notional amount of \$554.3 million at a LIBOR cap rate of 5.0 percent, and matures on December 9, 2011. To give proper consideration to the prepayment requirements of the PHW Las Vegas senior secured loan, we designated \$525.0 million of the \$554.3 million notional amount of the interest rate cap as a cash flow hedging instrument for accounting purposes. On May 1, 2011, we removed the cash flow hedging designation for the interest rate cap agreement. Any subsequent change in fair value is recognized in interest expense during the period in which the change in value occurs.

Derivative Instruments – Impact on Financial Statements

The following table represents the fair values of derivative instruments in the Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

(In millions)	Asset Derivatives				Liability Derivatives			
	June 30, 2011		December 31, 2010		June 30, 2011		December 31, 2010	
	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments								
Interest rate swaps		\$ —		\$ —	Accrued expenses	\$ —	Accrued expenses	\$ (21.6)
Interest rate swaps	Deferred charges and other	—	Deferred charges and other	11.6	Deferred credits and other	(341.5)	Deferred credits and other	(305.5)
Interest rate cap	Deferred charges and other	0.5	Deferred charges and other	3.7		—		—
	Subtotal	0.5		15.3		(341.5)		(327.1)
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments								
Interest rate swaps		—		—	Deferred credits and other	(13.4)	Deferred credits and other	(32.2)
Interest rate cap	Deferred charges and other	0.2	Deferred charges and other	1.5		—		—
	Subtotal	0.2		1.5		(13.4)		(32.2)
Total Derivatives		<u>\$ 0.7</u>		<u>\$ 16.8</u>		<u>\$ (354.9)</u>		<u>\$ (359.3)</u>

[Table of Contents](#)

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011
(UNAUDITED)

The following table represents the effect of derivative instruments in the Consolidated Condensed Statements of Operations for the quarters ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 for amounts transferred into or out of AOCL:

(In millions)	Amount of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in AOCL (Effective Portion)		Location of (Gain) or Loss Reclassified From AOCL Into Income (Effective Portion)	Amount of (Gain) or Loss Reclassified from AOCL into Income (Effective Portion)		Location of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in Income (Ineffective Portion)	Amount of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in Income (Ineffective Portion)	
	Quarter Ended	Quarter Ended		Quarter Ended	Quarter Ended		Quarter Ended	Quarter Ended
	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010		June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010		June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments								
Interest rate contracts	\$ 45.8	\$ 78.8	Interest expense	\$ 9.2	\$ 8.4	Interest expense	\$ 14.2	\$ (59.3)

(In millions)	Amount of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in AOCL (Effective Portion)		Location of (Gain) or Loss Reclassified From AOCL Into Income (Effective Portion)	Amount of (Gain) or Loss Reclassified from AOCL into Income (Effective Portion)		Location of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in Income (Ineffective Portion)	Amount of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in Income (Ineffective Portion)	
	Quarter Ended	Quarter Ended		Quarter Ended	Quarter Ended		Quarter Ended	Quarter Ended
	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010		June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010		June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments								
Interest rate contracts						Interest expense	\$ 8.9	\$ 4.9

The following table represents the effect of derivative instruments in the Consolidated Condensed Statements of Operations for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 for amounts transferred into or out of AOCL:

(In millions)	Amount of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in AOCL (Effective Portion)		Location of (Gain) or Loss Reclassified From AOCL Into Income (Effective Portion)	Amount of (Gain) or Loss Reclassified from AOCL into Income (Effective Portion)		Location of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in Income (Ineffective Portion)	Amount of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in Income (Ineffective Portion)	
	Six Months Ended	Six Months Ended		Six Months Ended	Six Months Ended		Six Months Ended	Six Months Ended
	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010		June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010		June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments								
Interest rate contracts	\$ 1.8	\$ 123.9	Interest expense	\$ 19.3	\$ 14.3	Interest expense	\$ 4.4	\$ (48.7)

(In millions)	Amount of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in AOCL (Effective Portion)		Location of (Gain) or Loss Reclassified From AOCL Into Income (Effective Portion)	Amount of (Gain) or Loss Reclassified from AOCL into Income (Effective Portion)		Location of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in Income (Ineffective Portion)	Amount of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in Income (Ineffective Portion)	
	Six Months Ended	Six Months Ended		Six Months Ended	Six Months Ended		Six Months Ended	Six Months Ended
	June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010		June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010		June 30, 2011	June 30, 2010
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments								
Interest rate contracts						Interest expense	\$ 5.6	\$ 9.8

In addition to the impact on interest expense from amounts reclassified from AOCL, the difference to be paid or received under the terms of the interest rate swap agreements is recognized as interest expense and is paid quarterly. This cash settlement portion of the interest rate swap agreements increased interest expense for the quarters ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 by approximately \$50.8 million and \$68.0 million, respectively. This cash settlement portion of the interest rate swap agreements increased interest expense for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 by approximately \$117.3 million and \$134.5 million, respectively.

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011
(UNAUDITED)

A change in interest rates on variable-rate debt will impact our financial results. For example, assuming a constant outstanding balance for our variable-rate debt, excluding the \$5,060.1 million of variable-rate debt for which our interest rate swap agreements are designated as hedging instruments for accounting purposes, for the next twelve months, a hypothetical 1.0 percent increase in corresponding interest rates would increase interest expense for the twelve months following June 30, 2011 by approximately \$71.7 million. At June 30, 2011, our weighted average USD LIBOR rate for our variable rate debt was 0.203 percent. A hypothetical reduction of this rate to zero percent would decrease interest expense for the next twelve months by approximately \$14.6 million. At June 30, 2011, our variable-rate debt, excluding the aforementioned \$5,060.1 million of variable-rate debt hedged using interest rate swap agreements, represents approximately 31.3 percent of our total debt, while our fixed-rate debt is approximately 68.7 percent of our total debt.

Note 7—Stock-Based Employee Compensation

Our share-based compensation expense consists primarily of time-based and performance-based options that have been granted to management, other personnel and key service providers. As of June 30, 2011, there was approximately \$45.1 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to stock option grants. The Company has recognized compensation expense associated with its stock-based employee compensation programs as follows:

(In millions)	Quarter Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Amounts included in:				
Corporate expense	\$ 1.8	\$ 3.3	\$ 5.6	\$ 7.6
Property general, administrative and other	2.6	2.5	4.7	5.0
Total Stock-Based Compensation Expense	\$ 4.4	\$ 5.8	\$ 10.3	\$ 12.6

On February 23, 2010, the Human Resources Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company adopted an amendment to the Company's Management Equity Incentive Plan (the "Plan"). The amendment provides for an increase in the available number shares of the Registrant's non-voting common stock for which options may be granted to 4,566,919 shares.

The amendment also revised the vesting hurdles for performance-based options under the Plan. The performance options vest if the return on investment in the Company of TPG, Apollo, and their respective affiliates and co-investors (the "Majority Stockholders") achieve a specified return. Previously, 50.0 percent of the performance-based options vested upon a 2x return and 50.0 percent vested upon a 3x return. The triggers have been revised to 1.5x and 2.5x, respectively. In addition, a pro-rata portion of the 2.5x options will vest if the Majority Stockholders achieve a return on their investment that is greater than 2.0x, but less than 2.5x. The pro rata portion will increase on a straight line basis from zero to a participant's total number of 2.5x options depending upon the level of returns that the Majority Stockholders realize between 2.0x and 2.5x.

The following is a summary of share-based option activity for the six months ended June 30, 2011:

Options	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (years)
Outstanding at December 31, 2010	4,242,002	\$ 80.75	7.7
Options granted	156,669	59.90	
Canceled	(345,264)	69.92	
Outstanding at June 30, 2011	4,053,407	80.81	7.2
Exercisable at June 30, 2011	1,038,201	\$ 88.05	5.8

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011
(UNAUDITED)

The assumptions used to estimate fair value and the resulting estimated fair value of options granted during the six months ended June 30, 2011 are as follows:

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2011
Expected volatility	70.7%
Expected dividend yield	—
Expected term (in years)	6.21
Risk-free interest rate	2.59%
Weighted average fair value per share of options granted	\$ 30.86

Subsequent to the end of the 2011 second quarter, on July 8, 2011, the Human Resources Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company approved amendments to the Company's Management Equity Incentive Plan (the "Plan") and to outstanding stock options which were granted pursuant to the Plan.

As a result of the amendments, performance-based options will vest and become exercisable if the return on investment in the Company of TPG, Apollo, and their respective affiliates and co-investors (the "Majority Stockholders") reaches at least 2.0 (rather than 2.5, which applied prior to the amendments), and if the Majority Stockholders realize a return of less than 2.0 but equal to or greater than 1.75, a pro-rata portion of such performance based options will vest based on straight line interpolation (collectively, the "Vesting Adjustment").

The exercise price of outstanding 1.5X performance-based options was reduced to \$35 per share. All outstanding 2.5X performance options were amended to reflect the Vesting Adjustment described above; however, the exercise price for the outstanding 2.5X, now 2.0X, performance options was not reduced to \$35 per share. Additionally, the exercise price for all outstanding time-based options was reduced to \$35 per share, with the reduced exercise price being phased in between a four to six year period, depending on grant date, as set forth in each individual award agreement. Prior to the phase in, any vested options may still be exercised at the original exercise price, subject to the terms of the Plan.

As a result of these amendments, an additional amount of expense will be recognized in future periods as the repricing vests. We are in the process of determining the income statement impact, which we believe will not be material to the results of operations in any given year.

Note 8—Preferred and Common Stock

As of June 30, 2011, the total number of shares of capital stock which the Company has authority to issue is 1,375.0 million shares, consisting of 1,250.0 million shares of voting economic common stock, par value \$0.01 per share and 125.0 million shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share. The holders of common stock shall be entitled to one vote per share on all matters to be voted on by the stockholders of the Company. In the event of any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, holders of common stock shall receive a pro-rata distribution of any remaining assets after payment of or provision for liabilities and the liquidation preference on preferred stock, if any.

During the six months ended June 30, 2011, we paid approximately \$0.9 million to purchase 16,060 shares of our outstanding common stock from former employees. Such shares were recorded as treasury shares as of June 30, 2011.

The Company has no shares of preferred stock outstanding at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010.

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011
(UNAUDITED)

Note 9—Write-downs, Reserves and Recoveries

Write-downs, reserves and recoveries include various pretax charges to record long-lived tangible asset impairments, contingent liability reserves, costs associated with efficiency projects, project write-offs, demolition costs, recoveries of previously recorded non-routine reserves and other non-routine transactions. The components of write-downs, reserves and recoveries were as follows:

(In millions)	<u>Quarter Ended June 30,</u>		<u>Six Months Ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Remediation costs	\$ 4.3	\$ 15.6	\$ 7.8	\$ 31.7
Efficiency projects	14.0	0.2	25.5	0.6
(Gain)/loss on divested or abandoned assets	(2.6)	0.2	(0.4)	0.2
Write-down of long-term note receivable	—	52.2	—	52.2
Litigation reserves, awards and settlements	5.3	26.5	6.1	27.0
Flood insurance deductibles	4.4	—	4.4	—
Other	(0.3)	0.4	—	(4.1)
Total Write-downs, reserves and recoveries	<u>\$ 25.1</u>	<u>\$ 95.1</u>	<u>\$ 43.4</u>	<u>\$ 107.6</u>

Remediation costs relate to projects at certain of our Las Vegas properties.

Efficiency projects represent costs incurred to identify and implement efficiency programs aimed at stream-lining corporate and operating functions to achieve cost savings and efficiencies. The costs recorded in 2011 relate to the new initiative launched during the fourth quarter of 2010.

During the quarter ended June 30, 2010, we recorded a \$52.2 million write-down on a long-term note receivable related to land and pre-development costs contributed to a venture for development of a casino project in Philadelphia with which we were involved prior to December 2005. In April 2010, the proposed operator for the project withdrew from the project and the Pennsylvania Gaming Control Board commenced proceedings to revoke the license for the project. As a result, we fully reserved the note.

Litigation reserves, awards and settlements include costs incurred or reversed as a result of the Company's involvement in various litigation matters, including contingent losses. During 2010, we recorded a \$25.0 million charge related to the Hilton matter, which is more fully discussed in Note 12, "Commitments and Contingent Liabilities."

Flood insurance deductibles represent the deductibles incurred as a result of the temporary closures of certain properties due to flooding during the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011.

Other write-downs, reserves and recoveries for the six months ended June 30, 2010 included the release of a \$4.8 million reserve for excise tax for which the statute of limitations expired.

Note 10—Income Taxes

The Company's income tax benefit/(provision) and effective tax rate were as follows:

(In millions, except effective tax rate)	<u>Quarter Ended June 30,</u>		<u>Six Months Ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Loss from continuing operations before income tax	\$ (252.8)	\$ (434.6)	\$ (475.9)	\$ (733.1)
Benefit for income taxes	\$ 99.7	\$ 162.1	\$ 178.0	\$ 267.0
Effective tax rate	(39.4)%	(37.3)%	(37.4)%	(36.4)%

Total income taxes were allocated as follows:

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011
(UNAUDITED)

<u>Income tax benefit/(provision)</u> <u>(In millions)</u>	<u>Quarter Ended June 30,</u>		<u>Six Months Ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Loss from continuing operations	\$ 99.7	\$ 162.1	\$ 178.0	\$ 267.0
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	17.2	18.1	(0.2)	28.8
Retained earnings	—	—	(6.0)	—
	<u>\$ 116.9</u>	<u>\$ 180.2</u>	<u>\$ 171.8</u>	<u>\$ 295.8</u>

We classify reserves for tax uncertainties within “Accrued expenses” and “Deferred credits and other” in our Consolidated Balance Sheets, separate from any related income tax payable or deferred income taxes. Reserve amounts relate to any potential income tax liabilities (uncertain tax benefits (“UTB”)) resulting from uncertain tax positions as well as potential interest or penalties associated with those liabilities. During the quarter ended June 30, 2011, our UTB, excluding related interest and penalties, decreased by \$4.9 million as a result of the change in judgment of certain foreign UTBs and translation adjustments on foreign UTBs. This change in gross UTB, excluding related interest and penalties, during the quarter ended June 30, 2011 benefited the effective tax rate by \$4.6 million.

We file income tax returns, including returns for our subsidiaries, with federal, state, and foreign jurisdictions. We are under regular and recurring audit by the Internal Revenue Service (“IRS”) on open tax positions, and it is possible that the amount of the liability for unrecognized tax benefits could change during the next twelve months. The IRS audit of our 2008 federal income tax year concluded during the quarter ended June 30, 2010. The IRS proposed an adjustment to our cancellation of debt income tax position which we have appealed. It is reasonably possible that this issue could be settled in the next twelve months; however, we are unable to estimate the impact of a settlement at this time.

Under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009, (the “ARRA”), the Company will receive temporary federal tax relief under the Delayed Recognition of Cancellation of Debt Income, (“CODI”), rules. The ARRA contains a provision that allows for a deferral for tax purposes of CODI for debt reacquired in 2009 and 2010, followed by recognition of CODI ratably from 2014 through 2018. In connection with the debt that we reacquired in 2009 and 2010, we have deferred related CODI of \$3.6 billion for tax purposes (net of Original Issue Discount (OID) interest expense, some of which must also be deferred to 2014 through 2018 under the ARRA). We are required to include one-fifth of the deferred CODI, net of deferred and regularly scheduled OID, in taxable income each year from 2014 through 2018. For state income tax purposes, certain states have conformed to the Act and others have not.

Note 11—Fair Value Measurements

Items Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

The following table shows the fair value of our financial assets and financial liabilities that are required to be measured at fair value as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010.

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011
(UNAUDITED)

(In millions)	Balance	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
June 30, 2011				
Assets:				
Cash equivalents	\$ 42.7	\$ 42.7	\$ —	\$ —
Restricted cash	442.8	—	442.8	—
Investments	105.2	102.9	2.3	—
Derivative instruments	0.7	—	0.7	—
Liabilities:				
Derivative instruments	(354.9)	—	(354.9)	—
December 31, 2010				
Assets:				
Cash equivalents	\$ 175.7	\$175.7	\$ —	\$ —
Investments	95.4	92.7	2.7	—
Derivative instruments	16.8	—	16.8	—
Liabilities:				
Derivative instruments	(359.3)	—	(359.3)	—

The following section describes the valuation methodologies used to estimate or measure fair value, key inputs, and significant assumptions:

Cash equivalents – Cash equivalents are investments in money market accounts with a maturity of 90 days or less at the date of purchase and use Level 1 inputs to determine fair value.

Restricted cash – Restricted cash includes investments in commercial paper that are valued using Level 2 inputs. All amounts are included in either Prepayments and other current assets or Restricted cash in our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Investments – Investments are primarily debt and equity securities with a maturity date greater than 90 days at the date of the security’s acquisition. The majority of these securities are traded in active markets, have readily determined market values and use Level 1 inputs. Those debt and equity securities for which there are not active markets or the market values are not readily determinable are valued using Level 2 inputs. All of these investments are included in either Prepayments and other current assets or Deferred charges and other in our Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Investments in marketable securities were as follows:

(In millions)	June 30, 2011		December 31, 2010	
	Fair Value	Unrealized Gains/(Losses)	Fair Value	Unrealized Gains/(Losses)
Corporate bonds	\$ 2.3	\$ 0.1	\$ 2.7	\$ 0.1
Equity	2.9	0.6	2.6	0.5
Government bonds	98.0	2.9	88.0	2.1
Mortgaged backed securities	—	—	0.1	—
Other liquid investments	2.0	—	2.0	—
Total Investments	<u>\$ 105.2</u>	<u>\$ 3.6</u>	<u>\$ 95.4</u>	<u>\$ 2.7</u>

Derivative instruments – The estimated fair values of our derivative instruments are derived from market prices obtained from dealer quotes for similar, but not identical, assets or liabilities. Such quotes represent the estimated amounts we would receive or pay to terminate the contracts. Derivative instruments are included in either Deferred charges and other, or Deferred credits and other, in our Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheets. Our derivatives are recorded at their fair values, adjusted for the credit rating of the counterparty if the derivative is an asset, or adjusted for the credit rating of the Company if the derivative is a liability. See Note 6, “Derivative Instruments” for more information.

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011
(UNAUDITED)

Items Disclosed at Fair Value

Long-Term Debt – The fair value of the Company’s debt has been calculated based on the borrowing rates available as of June 30, 2011 for debt with similar terms and maturities, and based on market quotes of our publicly traded debt. As of June 30, 2011, the Company’s outstanding debt had a fair value of \$19,876.5 million and a carrying value of \$19,584.0 million. The Company’s interest rate swaps used for hedging purposes had fair values equal to their carrying values; in the aggregate a liability of \$354.9 million. Our interest rate cap agreements had a fair value equal to their carrying value as an asset of \$0.7 million at June 30, 2011. See additional discussion about derivatives in Note 6, “Derivative Instruments”.

Interest-only Participations – Late in 2009, a subsidiary of CEOC acquired certain interest only participations payable by certain predecessor entities of PHW Las Vegas. When the Company assumed the debt in connection with the acquisition of Planet Hollywood, these interest only participations survived the transaction and remain outstanding as an asset of a subsidiary of CEOC as of June 30, 2011. In connection with both the initial acquisition of the interest only participations and the acquisition of Planet Hollywood, the fair value of these participations was determined based upon valuations as of each date. As the Company owns 100.0 percent of the outstanding participations, there is no active market available to determine a trading fair value at any point in time subsequent to the acquisition. As a result, the Company does not have the ability to update the fair value of the interest only participations subsequent to their acquisition and valuation, other than by estimating fair value based upon discounted future cash flows. Since discounted cash flows were used as the primary basis for valuation upon their acquisition and are also being used as the method to determine the amortization of the value of such participations into earnings, the Company believes that the book values of the interest only participations at June 30, 2011 approximate their fair values.

Note 12—Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

Litigation

The Company is party to ordinary and routine litigation incidental to our business. We do not expect the outcome of any pending litigation to have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

Contractual Commitments

We continue to pursue additional casino development opportunities that may require, individually and in the aggregate, significant commitments of capital, up-front payments to third parties and development completion guarantees.

The agreements pursuant to which we manage casinos on Indian lands contain provisions required by law that provide that a minimum monthly payment be made to the tribe. That obligation has priority over scheduled repayments of borrowings for development costs and over the management fee earned and paid to the manager. In the event that insufficient cash flow is generated by the operations to fund this payment, we must pay the shortfall to the tribe. Subject to certain limitations as to time, such advances, if any, would be repaid to us in future periods in which operations generate cash flow in excess of the required minimum payment. These commitments will terminate upon the occurrence of certain defined events, including termination of the management contract. Our aggregate monthly commitment for the minimum guaranteed payments, pursuant to these contracts for the three managed Indian-owned facilities now open, which extend for periods of up to 42 months from June 30, 2011, is \$1.2 million. Each of these casinos currently generates sufficient cash flows to cover all of its obligations, including its debt service.

During the quarter ended June 30, 2011, the Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians renewed our management agreement for Harrah’s Cherokee in North Carolina via an amendment which includes a seven year contract term beginning in November 2011. The amendment is pending approval by the National Indian Gaming Commission.

In addition to the guarantees discussed above, we had total aggregate non-cancelable purchase obligations of \$947.1 million as of June 30, 2011, including construction-related commitments.

Contingent Liability - Nevada Sales and Use Tax

The Supreme Court of Nevada decided in early 2008 that food purchased for subsequent use in the provision of complimentary and/or employee meals is exempt from use tax. Previously, such purchases were subject to use tax and the Company has claimed, but not recognized into earnings, a use tax refund totaling \$32.2 million, plus interest, as a result of the 2008 decision. In early 2009, the Nevada Department of Taxation audited our refund claim, but has taken the position that those same purchases are now subject to sales tax; therefore, they subsequently issued a sales tax assessment totaling \$27.4 million plus interest after application of our refund on use tax. While we have established certain reserves against possible loss on this matter, we believe that the Nevada Department of Taxation’s position has no merit and we moved the matter to a procedural, administrative hearing before a Nevada Department of Taxation administrative law judge.

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011
(UNAUDITED)

On October 21, 2010, the administrative law judge issued a decision and ruled in our favor on a number of key issues. Both the Company and the Nevada Department of Taxation have filed an appeal of the decision with the Nevada Tax Commission and a hearing has been scheduled.

Contingent Liability - Employee Benefit Obligations

In December 1998, Hilton Hotels Corporation (“Hilton”) spun-off its gaming operations as Park Place Entertainment Corporation (“Park Place”). In connection with the spin-off, Hilton and Park Place entered into various agreements, including an Employee Benefits and Other Employment Allocation Agreement dated December 31, 1998 (the “Allocation Agreement”) whereby Park Place assumed or retained, as applicable, certain liabilities and excess assets, if any, related to the Hilton Hotels Retirement Plan (the “Hilton Plan”) based on the accrued benefits of Hilton employees and Park Place employees. Park Place changed its name to Caesars Entertainment, Inc. (“Caesars”) and the Company acquired Caesars in June 2005. In 1999 and 2005, the United States District Court for the District of Columbia certified two nationwide classes in the lawsuit against Hilton and others alleging that the Hilton Plan’s benefit formula was backloaded in violation of ERISA, and that Hilton and the other defendants failed to properly calculate Hilton Plan participants’ service for vesting purposes. In May 2009, the Court issued a decision granting summary judgment to the plaintiffs. Thereafter, the Court required the parties to attempt to agree on a remedies determination and further required the parties to submit briefs to the Court in support of their positions. On September 7, 2010, the Court issued an opinion resolving certain of Hilton’s and the plaintiffs’ issues regarding a remedies determination and requiring the parties to confer and take other actions in an effort to resolve the remaining issues. Prior to the Court’s 2010 opinion, we were advised by counsel for the defendants that the plaintiffs have estimated that the damages are in the range of \$180.0 million to \$250.0 million. Counsel for the defendants further advised that approximately \$50.0 million of the damages relates to questions regarding the proper size of the class and the amount, if any, of damages to any additional class members due to issues with Hilton’s record keeping.

The Company received a letter from Hilton dated October 7, 2009 notifying the Company for the first time of this lawsuit and alleging that the Company has potential liability for the above described claims under the terms of the Allocation Agreement. Based on the terms of the Allocation Agreement, the Company believes its maximum potential exposure is approximately 30.0 percent to 33.0 percent of the amount ultimately awarded as damages. The Company is not a party to the proceedings between the plaintiffs and the defendants and has not participated in the defense of the litigation or in any discussions between the plaintiffs and the defendants about potential remedies or damages. Further, the Company does not have access to information sufficient to enable the Company to make an independent judgment about the possible range of loss in connection with this matter. Based on conversations between a representative of the Company and a representative of the defendants, the Company believes it is probable that damages will be at least \$80.0 million and, accordingly, the Company recorded a charge of \$25.0 million in accordance with ASC 450, Contingencies, during the second quarter 2010 in relation to this matter. The Company has not changed its belief respecting the damages which may be awarded in this lawsuit as a result of the 2010 opinion of the Court. The Company also continues to believe that it may have various defenses if a claim under the Allocation Agreement is asserted against the Company, including defenses as to the amount of damages. Because the Company has not had access to sufficient information regarding this matter, we cannot at this time predict the ultimate outcome of this matter or the possible additional loss, if any.

Contingent Liability - Multi-Employer Pension Plans

We contribute to and participate in various multi-employer pension plans for employees represented by certain unions. We are required to make contributions to these plans in amounts established under collective bargaining agreements. We do not administer these plans and, generally, are not represented on the boards of trustees of these plans. The Pension Protection Act enacted in 2006 (“the PPA”) requires under-funded pension plans to improve their funding ratios. Based on the information available to us, we believe that some of the multi-employer plans to which we contribute are either “critical” or “endangered” as those terms are defined in the PPA. We cannot determine at this time the amount of additional funding, if any, we may be required to make to these plans.

Self-Insurance

We are self-insured for various levels of general liability, workers’ compensation, employee medical coverage and other coverage. Insurance claims and reserves include accruals of estimated settlements for known claims, as well as accruals of actuarial estimates of incurred but not reported claims.

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011
(UNAUDITED)

Note 13—Comprehensive Loss

The following activity affected comprehensive loss:

(In millions)	Quarter Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Net loss	\$ (153.1)	\$ (272.5)	\$ (297.9)	\$ (466.1)
Post retirement medical, net of tax	0.2	—	0.3	—
Pension adjustments, net of tax	0.1	0.2	(0.9)	0.4
Reclassification of loss on derivative instruments from other comprehensive loss to net loss, net of tax	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.3
Unrealized gains/losses on investments, net of tax	1.2	—	1.0	—
Foreign currency translation adjustment, net of tax	5.7	8.7	(10.0)	(1.4)
Fair market value of swap agreements, net of tax	(23.7)	(44.6)	5.6	(63.2)
Fair market value of interest rate cap agreements, net of tax	3.7	(6.4)	7.2	(21.9)
Total comprehensive loss	\$ (165.7)	\$ (314.5)	\$ (294.3)	\$ (551.9)

Note 14— Loss Per Share

The weighted-average number of common and common equivalent shares used in the calculation of basic and diluted loss per share consisted of the following:

(In millions)	Quarter Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Weighted-average common shares outstanding used in the calculation of basic loss per share	71.8	60.6	71.8	51.0
Potential dilution from stock options and warrants	—	—	—	—
Weighted-average common and common equivalent shares used in the calculation of diluted loss per share	71.8	60.6	71.8	51.0
Antidilutive stock options, warrants, and convertible preferred shares excluded from the calculation of diluted loss per share	4.0	4.0	4.1	32.3

Note 15—Supplemental Cash Flow Disclosures

Cash Paid for Interest and Taxes

The following table reconciles our interest expense, net of capitalized interest, per the Consolidated Condensed Statements of Operations, to cash paid for interest, net of amount capitalized:

(In millions)	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2011	2010
Interest expense, net of interest capitalized	\$ 998.0	\$ 948.3
Adjustments to reconcile to cash paid for interest:		
Net change in accruals	8.4	(23.8)
Amortization of deferred finance charges	(37.8)	(39.8)
Net amortization of discounts and premiums	(78.1)	(74.2)
Amortization of other comprehensive income	(19.9)	(18.1)
Rollover of Paid-in-Kind ("PIK") interest to principal	(0.6)	(0.5)
Change in fair value of derivative instruments	(10.0)	48.7
Cash paid for interest, net of amount capitalized	\$ 860.0	\$ 840.6
Cash (refunds) payments of income taxes, net	\$ (4.7)	\$ 21.7

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011
(UNAUDITED)

Significant non-cash transactions during the six months ended June 30, 2011 include an adjustment to the accrued jackpot liability, and the corresponding cumulative effect adjustment to Retained Earnings, resulting from the adoption of the provision of new accounting requirements, as further discussed in Note 2, "Recent Accounting Pronouncements".

Note 16—Related Party Transactions

In connection with the Acquisition, Apollo, TPG and their affiliates entered into a services agreement with Caesars Entertainment relating to the provision of financial and strategic advisory services and consulting services. In addition, we pay a monitoring fee for management services and advice. Fees paid to Apollo and TPG, which are included in Corporate expense in our Consolidated Statements of Operations, for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011, were \$7.5 million and \$15.0 million, respectively. For the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2010, fees paid to Apollo and TPG totaled approximately \$7.2 million and \$14.2 million, respectively. We also reimburse Apollo and TPG for expenses that they incur related to their management services.

Note 17—Consolidating Financial Information of Guarantors and Issuers

As of June 30, 2011, CEOC is the issuer of certain debt securities that have been guaranteed by Caesars Entertainment and certain subsidiaries of CEOC. The following consolidating schedules present condensed financial information for Caesars Entertainment, the parent and guarantor; CEOC, the subsidiary issuer; guarantor subsidiaries of CEOC; and non-guarantor subsidiaries of Caesars Entertainment and CEOC, which include PHW Las Vegas and the CMBS properties, as of June 30, 2011, and December 31, 2010, and for the quarters and six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010.

In lieu of providing separate unaudited financial statements for the guarantor subsidiaries, we have included the accompanying condensed consolidating financial statements based on the Securities and Exchange Commission's interpretation and application of ASC 470-10-S99, (Rule 3-10 of the Securities and Exchange Commission's Regulation S-X). Management does not believe that separate financial statements of the guarantor subsidiaries are material to our investors. Therefore, separate financial statements and other disclosures concerning the guarantor subsidiaries are not presented.

As described in more detail in Note 5—Debt in this 10-Q, Caesars is in the process of developing the Octavius Tower at Caesars Palace Las Vegas and Project Linq on the Las Vegas strip. As part of the financing of the two projects, certain non-guarantor entities borrowed \$450 million in April 2011. Also, in April 2011, a guarantor entity contributed the existing Octavius Tower and related assets, which totaled \$293 million, to the Octavius non-guarantor borrower. Concurrent with this asset contribution, the contributing guarantor entity increased its investment in the non-guarantor borrower entity by the same amount.

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011
(UNAUDITED)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET
JUNE 30, 2011

(In millions)	CEC (Parent)	Subsidiary Issuer	Guarantors	Non- Guarantors	Consolidating/ Eliminating Adjustments	Total
Assets						
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 51.8	\$ 170.3	\$ 304.8	\$ 510.9	\$ —	\$ 1,037.8
Receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	—	39.9	259.2	119.1	—	418.2
Deferred income taxes	—	70.9	82.7	14.0	—	167.6
Prepayments and other current assets	—	8.8	107.5	174.4	—	290.7
Inventories	—	0.6	32.3	16.7	—	49.6
Assets held for sale	—	—	2.8	—	—	2.8
Intercompany receivables	10.5	235.3	159.7	147.0	(552.5)	—
Total current assets	62.3	525.8	949.0	982.1	(552.5)	1,966.7
Land, buildings, riverboats and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	—	233.2	9,978.2	7,265.7	—	17,477.1
Goodwill	—	—	1,646.1	1,822.2	—	3,468.3
Intangible assets other than goodwill	—	5.2	4,005.6	709.6	—	4,720.4
Investments in and advances to non-consolidated affiliates	930.2	13,700.0	316.2	954.7	(15,799.2)	101.9
Restricted cash	—	—	—	461.5	—	461.5
Deferred charges and other	—	364.9	188.7	213.3	—	766.9
Intercompany receivables	361.2	1,111.4	585.9	98.6	(2,157.1)	—
	<u>\$1,353.7</u>	<u>\$15,940.5</u>	<u>\$17,669.7</u>	<u>\$12,507.7</u>	<u>\$ (18,508.8)</u>	<u>\$28,962.8</u>
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity/ (Deficit)						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 0.1	\$ 135.3	\$ 95.0	\$ 69.6	\$ —	\$ 300.0
Interest payable	—	175.5	1.1	9.7	—	186.3
Accrued expenses	3.7	187.4	399.5	507.0	—	1,097.6
Current portion of long-term debt	—	23.5	5.0	16.1	—	44.6
Intercompany payables	—	58.7	301.7	192.1	(552.5)	—
Total current liabilities	3.8	580.4	802.3	794.5	(552.5)	1,628.5
Long-term debt	—	14,195.7	68.5	6,109.9	(834.7)	19,539.4
Deferred credits and other	—	651.5	166.0	100.8	—	918.3
Deferred income taxes	(0.2)	1,008.2	2,504.0	1,934.1	—	5,446.1
Intercompany payables	—	408.3	871.6	877.2	(2,157.1)	—
	<u>3.6</u>	<u>16,844.1</u>	<u>4,412.4</u>	<u>9,816.5</u>	<u>(3,544.3)</u>	<u>27,532.3</u>
Redeemable non-controlling interests	—	—	—	36.0	—	36.0
Caesars Entertainment Corporation Stockholders' equity/(deficit)	1,350.1	(903.6)	13,257.3	2,610.8	(14,964.5)	1,350.1
Non-controlling interests	—	—	—	44.4	—	44.4
Total Stockholders' equity/(deficit)	<u>1,350.1</u>	<u>(903.6)</u>	<u>13,257.3</u>	<u>2,655.2</u>	<u>(14,964.5)</u>	<u>1,394.5</u>
	<u>\$1,353.7</u>	<u>\$15,940.5</u>	<u>\$17,669.7</u>	<u>\$12,507.7</u>	<u>\$ (18,508.8)</u>	<u>\$28,962.8</u>

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011
(UNAUDITED)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING BALANCE SHEET
DECEMBER 31, 2010

(In millions)	CEC (Parent)	Subsidiary Issuer	Guarantors	Non- Guarantors	Consolidating/ Eliminating Adjustments	Total
Assets						
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 136.0	\$ 61.0	\$ 358.2	\$ 431.8	\$ —	\$ 987.0
Receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	—	18.0	261.4	113.8	—	393.2
Deferred income taxes	—	66.2	92.6	17.0	—	175.8
Prepayments and other current assets	—	29.0	77.2	77.9	—	184.1
Inventories	—	0.4	32.7	17.3	—	50.4
Intercompany receivables	3.7	313.0	161.9	169.1	(647.7)	—
Total current assets	139.7	487.6	984.0	826.9	(647.7)	1,790.5
Land, buildings, riverboats and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	—	229.8	10,457.8	7,079.0	—	17,766.6
Goodwill	—	—	1,646.1	1,774.8	—	3,420.9
Intangible assets other than goodwill	—	5.6	4,052.1	654.1	—	4,711.8
Investments in and advances to non-consolidated affiliates	1,002.3	13,924.4	7.6	914.0	(15,754.3)	94.0
Deferred charges and other	—	408.2	188.4	207.3	—	803.9
Intercompany receivables	500.0	1,106.7	669.5	184.2	(2,460.4)	—
	<u>\$1,642.0</u>	<u>\$16,162.3</u>	<u>\$18,005.5</u>	<u>\$11,640.3</u>	<u>\$ (18,862.4)</u>	<u>\$28,587.7</u>
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity/(Deficit)						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 2.1	\$ 87.6	\$ 91.3	\$ 70.4	\$ —	\$ 251.4
Interest payable	—	191.2	0.5	9.8	—	201.5
Accrued expenses	7.3	208.2	420.2	438.6	—	1,074.3
Current portion of long-term debt	—	30.0	6.7	18.9	—	55.6
Intercompany payables	—	47.9	318.8	281.0	(647.7)	—
Total current liabilities	9.4	564.9	837.5	818.7	(647.7)	1,582.8
Long-term debt	—	13,690.7	71.8	5,825.0	(802.0)	18,785.5
Deferred credits and other	—	646.4	164.2	112.5	—	923.1
Deferred income taxes	(0.2)	1,131.3	2,536.1	1,956.5	—	5,623.7
Intercompany payables	—	598.1	955.2	907.1	(2,460.4)	—
	<u>9.2</u>	<u>16,631.4</u>	<u>4,564.8</u>	<u>9,619.8</u>	<u>(3,910.1)</u>	<u>26,915.1</u>
Caesars Entertainment Corporation Stockholders' equity/(deficit)	1,632.8	(469.1)	13,440.7	1,980.7	(14,952.3)	1,632.8
Non-controlling interests	—	—	—	39.8	—	39.8
Total Stockholders' equity/(deficit)	<u>1,632.8</u>	<u>(469.1)</u>	<u>13,440.7</u>	<u>2,020.5</u>	<u>(14,952.3)</u>	<u>1,672.6</u>
	<u>\$1,642.0</u>	<u>\$16,162.3</u>	<u>\$18,005.5</u>	<u>\$11,640.3</u>	<u>\$ (18,862.4)</u>	<u>\$28,587.7</u>

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011
(UNAUDITED)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

(In millions)	CEC (Parent)	Subsidiary Issuer	Guarantors	Non- Guarantors	Consolidating/ Eliminating Adjustments	Total
Revenues						
Casino	\$ —	\$ 18.5	\$ 1,061.2	\$ 596.6	\$ —	\$1,676.3
Food and beverage	—	3.7	210.8	168.7	—	383.2
Rooms	—	4.8	156.5	147.4	—	308.7
Management fees	—	—	16.2	0.6	(7.9)	8.9
Other	—	12.8	100.7	97.4	(46.8)	164.1
Less: casino promotional allowances	—	(5.2)	(185.7)	(121.2)	—	(312.1)
Net revenues	<u>—</u>	<u>34.6</u>	<u>1,359.7</u>	<u>889.5</u>	<u>(54.7)</u>	<u>2,229.1</u>
Operating expenses						
Direct						
Casino	—	10.6	593.4	328.4	—	932.4
Food and beverage	—	1.7	86.5	79.0	—	167.2
Rooms	—	0.6	35.3	38.4	—	74.3
Property general, administrative and other	—	13.2	302.5	231.9	(34.2)	513.4
Depreciation and amortization	—	1.7	110.1	62.2	—	174.0
Project opening costs	—	—	4.1	—	—	4.1
Write-downs, reserves and recoveries	—	16.2	5.2	3.7	—	25.1
Loss/(income) on interests in non-consolidated affiliates	153.8	(122.6)	(15.3)	3.1	(15.6)	3.4
Corporate expense	5.5	31.7	4.6	22.9	(20.5)	44.2
Acquisition and integration costs	—	—	(0.4)	—	—	(0.4)
Amortization of intangible assets	—	0.2	23.5	15.6	—	39.3
Total operating expenses	<u>159.3</u>	<u>(46.7)</u>	<u>1,149.5</u>	<u>785.2</u>	<u>(70.3)</u>	<u>1,977.0</u>
(Loss)/income from operations	(159.3)	81.3	210.2	104.3	15.6	252.1
Interest expense, net of interest capitalized	—	(476.5)	(8.5)	(85.7)	46.1	(524.6)
Gains on early extinguishments of debt	—	—	—	14.7	—	14.7
Other income, including interest income	2.9	12.0	4.7	31.5	(46.1)	5.0
(Loss)/income before income taxes	(156.4)	(383.2)	206.4	64.8	15.6	(252.8)
Benefit/(provision) for income taxes	0.9	184.3	(71.9)	(13.6)	—	99.7
Net (loss)/income	(155.5)	(198.9)	134.5	51.2	15.6	(153.1)
Less: net income attributable to non-controlling interests	—	—	—	(2.4)	—	(2.4)
Net (loss)/income attributable to Caesars Entertainment Corporation	<u><u>\$(155.5)</u></u>	<u><u>\$(198.9)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 134.5</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 48.8</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 15.6</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (155.5)</u></u>

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011
(UNAUDITED)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

(In millions)	CEC (Parent)	Subsidiary Issuer	Guarantors	Non- Guarantors	Consolidating/ Eliminating Adjustments	Total
Revenues						
Casino	\$ —	\$ 20.3	\$ 1,106.2	\$ 590.5	\$ —	\$1,717.0
Food and beverage	—	5.4	218.7	164.7	—	388.8
Rooms	—	5.3	150.9	137.9	—	294.1
Management fees	—	0.3	14.7	0.4	(6.3)	9.1
Other	—	4.7	94.9	82.2	(28.5)	153.3
Less: casino promotional allowances	—	(7.0)	(210.2)	(124.4)	—	(341.6)
Net revenues	—	29.0	1,375.2	851.3	(34.8)	2,220.7
Operating expenses						
Direct						
Casino	—	12.0	632.9	341.3	—	986.2
Food and beverage	—	1.8	83.8	75.6	—	161.2
Rooms	—	0.6	31.7	35.8	—	68.1
Property general, administrative and other	—	8.3	342.8	216.0	(32.1)	535.0
Depreciation and amortization	—	1.8	133.3	61.9	—	197.0
Project opening costs	—	—	0.6	1.0	—	1.6
Write-downs, reserves and recoveries	—	25.3	60.1	9.7	—	95.1
Impairment of intangible assets	—	—	100.0	—	—	100.0
Loss/(income) on interests in non- consolidated affiliates	273.5	21.2	(6.2)	(0.9)	(287.7)	(0.1)
Corporate expense	3.3	23.0	6.0	7.3	(2.7)	36.9
Acquisition and integration costs	—	0.3	0.1	—	—	0.4
Amortization of intangible assets	—	0.1	24.2	15.3	—	39.6
Total operating expenses	276.8	94.4	1,409.3	763.0	(322.5)	2,221.0
(Loss)/income from operations	(276.8)	(65.4)	(34.1)	88.3	287.7	(0.3)
Interest expense, net of interest capitalized	1.4	(392.1)	(20.5)	(102.9)	57.3	(456.8)
(Losses)/gains on early extinguishment of debt	—	(4.6)	—	23.3	—	18.7
Other income, including interest income	0.3	11.4	18.3	31.1	(57.3)	3.8
(Loss)/income before income taxes	(275.1)	(450.7)	(36.3)	39.8	287.7	(434.6)
Benefit/(provision) for income taxes	1.1	188.0	(6.4)	(20.6)	—	162.1
Net (loss)/income	(274.0)	(262.7)	(42.7)	19.2	287.7	(272.5)
Less: net income attributable to non-controlling interests	—	—	—	(1.5)	—	(1.5)
Net (loss)/income attributable to Caesars Entertainment Corporation	<u>\$(274.0)</u>	<u>\$ (262.7)</u>	<u>\$ (42.7)</u>	<u>\$ 17.7</u>	<u>\$ 287.7</u>	<u>\$ (274.0)</u>

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011
(UNAUDITED)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

(In millions)	CEC (Parent)	Subsidiary Issuer	Guarantors	Non- Guarantors	Consolidating/ Eliminating Adjustments	Total
Revenues						
Casino	\$ —	\$ 32.0	\$ 2,115.6	\$ 1,191.7	\$ —	\$ 3,339.3
Food and beverage	—	7.3	419.0	334.8	—	761.1
Rooms	—	8.4	307.6	286.2	—	602.2
Management fees	—	—	34.0	1.7	(17.7)	18.0
Other	—	25.2	192.1	183.4	(91.9)	308.8
Less: casino promotional allowances	—	(9.5)	(369.9)	(241.9)	—	(621.3)
Net revenues	<u>—</u>	<u>63.4</u>	<u>2,698.4</u>	<u>1,755.9</u>	<u>(109.6)</u>	<u>4,408.1</u>
Operating expenses						
Direct						
Casino	—	20.2	1,190.2	662.1	—	1,872.5
Food and beverage	—	3.7	169.4	152.7	—	325.8
Rooms	—	1.1	66.9	74.1	—	142.1
Property general, administrative and other	—	27.5	625.4	457.3	(69.2)	1,041.0
Depreciation and amortization	—	3.4	223.1	124.3	—	350.8
Project opening costs	—	—	4.1	0.2	—	4.3
Write-downs, reserves and recoveries	—	28.1	8.5	6.8	—	43.4
Loss/(income) on interests in non-consolidated affiliates	300.5	(228.7)	(26.0)	2.9	(45.7)	3.0
Corporate expense	10.2	55.2	8.3	45.3	(40.4)	78.6
Acquisition and integration costs	0.3	0.4	1.1	0.5	—	2.3
Amortization of intangible assets	—	0.3	47.0	31.3	—	78.6
Total operating expenses	<u>311.0</u>	<u>(88.8)</u>	<u>2,318.0</u>	<u>1,557.5</u>	<u>(155.3)</u>	<u>3,942.4</u>
(Loss)/income from operations	(311.0)	152.2	380.4	198.4	45.7	465.7
Interest expense, net of interest capitalized	—	(915.5)	(18.1)	(166.9)	102.5	(998.0)
Gains on early extinguishments of debt	—	—	—	47.9	—	47.9
Other income, including interest income	6.8	23.7	9.5	71.0	(102.5)	8.5
(Loss)/income before income taxes	(304.2)	(739.6)	371.8	150.4	45.7	(475.9)
Benefit/(provision) for income taxes	1.3	347.9	(132.1)	(39.1)	—	178.0
Net (loss)/income	(302.9)	(391.7)	239.7	111.3	45.7	(297.9)
Less: net income attributable to non-controlling interests	—	—	—	(5.0)	—	(5.0)
Net (loss)/income attributable to Caesars Entertainment Corporation	<u><u>\$(302.9)</u></u>	<u><u>\$(391.7)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 239.7</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 106.3</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 45.7</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (302.9)</u></u>

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011
(UNAUDITED)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

(In millions)	CEC (Parent)	Subsidiary Issuer	Guarantors	Non- Guarantors	Consolidating/ Eliminating Adjustments	Total
Revenues						
Casino	\$ —	\$ 35.2	\$ 2,260.1	\$ 1,171.7	\$ —	\$ 3,467.0
Food and beverage	—	9.5	435.8	317.5	—	762.8
Rooms	—	9.0	295.4	258.1	—	562.5
Management fees	—	2.6	31.7	0.6	(12.7)	22.2
Other	—	18.6	178.2	153.7	(66.2)	284.3
Less: casino promotional allowances	—	(12.0)	(429.1)	(248.6)	—	(689.7)
Net revenues	<u>—</u>	<u>62.9</u>	<u>2,772.1</u>	<u>1,653.0</u>	<u>(78.9)</u>	<u>4,409.1</u>
Operating expenses						
Direct						
Casino	—	22.5	1,281.1	670.2	—	1,973.8
Food and beverage	—	3.9	160.8	141.1	—	305.8
Rooms	—	1.1	60.6	65.6	—	127.3
Property general, administrative and other	—	17.5	665.7	419.2	(64.1)	1,038.3
Depreciation and amortization	—	3.7	241.7	121.3	—	366.7
Project opening costs	—	—	1.3	1.0	—	2.3
Write-downs, reserves and recoveries	—	21.2	69.6	16.8	—	107.6
Impairment of intangible assets	—	—	100.0	—	—	100.0
Loss/(income) on interests in non-consolidated affiliates	462.8	(98.2)	(14.5)	(0.4)	(349.2)	0.5
Corporate expense	10.8	44.4	11.6	19.4	(14.8)	71.4
Acquisition and integration costs	—	0.4	0.9	6.3	—	7.6
Amortization of intangible assets	—	0.3	51.2	30.8	—	82.3
Total operating expenses	<u>473.6</u>	<u>16.8</u>	<u>2,630.0</u>	<u>1,491.3</u>	<u>(428.1)</u>	<u>4,183.6</u>
(Loss)/income from operations	(473.6)	46.1	142.1	161.7	349.2	225.5
Interest expense, net of interest capitalized	—	(827.6)	(41.8)	(195.5)	116.6	(948.3)
Losses on early extinguishments of debt	—	(4.6)	—	(24.1)	—	(28.7)
Other income, including interest income	0.3	34.6	31.2	68.9	(116.6)	18.4
(Loss)/income before income taxes	(473.6)	(751.5)	131.5	11.0	349.2	(733.1)
Benefit/(provision) for income taxes	3.7	330.5	(67.5)	0.3	—	267.0
Net (loss)/income	(469.6)	(421.0)	64.0	11.3	349.2	(466.1)
Less: net income attributable to non-controlling interests	—	—	—	(3.5)	—	(3.5)
Net (loss)/income attributable to Caesars Entertainment Corporation	<u><u>\$ (469.6)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (421.0)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 64.0</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 7.8</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 349.2</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (469.6)</u></u>

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011
(UNAUDITED)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

<u>(in millions)</u>	<u>CEC</u> <u>(Parent)</u>	<u>Subsidiary</u> <u>Issuer</u>	<u>Guarantors</u>	<u>Non-</u> <u>Guarantors</u>	<u>Consolidating/</u> <u>Eliminating</u> <u>Adjustments</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cash flows provided by/(used in) operating activities	\$ 107.2	\$ (226.9)	\$ 6.3	\$ 225.8	\$ —	\$ 112.4
Cash flows (used in)/provided by investing activities						
Land, buildings, riverboats and equipment additions, net of change in construction payables	—	(7.1)	(51.8)	(32.8)	—	(91.7)
Change in restricted cash	—	—	—	(546.0)	—	(546.0)
Investments in subsidiaries	(108.5)	(89.6)	(15.6)	(51.0)	213.7	(51.0)
Cash acquired in business acquisition, net of transaction costs	—	—	—	19.9	—	19.9
Investments in/advances to non-consolidated affiliates and other	—	—	—	(74.0)	—	(74.0)
Proceeds from other asset sales	—	—	1.2	—	—	1.2
Other	—	—	(5.1)	(3.6)	—	(8.7)
Cash flows (used in)/provided by investing activities	<u>(108.5)</u>	<u>(96.7)</u>	<u>(71.3)</u>	<u>(687.5)</u>	<u>213.7</u>	<u>(750.3)</u>
Cash flows provided by/(used in) financing activities						
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	—	418.3	—	445.5	—	863.8
Debt issuance costs	—	(3.2)	—	(14.3)	—	(17.5)
Borrowings under lending agreements	—	135.0	—	—	—	135.0
Repayments under lending agreements	—	(135.0)	—	—	—	(135.0)
Cash paid in connection with early extinguishment of debt	—	—	(0.7)	(125.2)	—	(125.9)
Scheduled debt retirements	—	(13.4)	—	(10.1)	—	(23.5)
Non-controlling interests' distributions, net of contributions	—	—	—	(3.9)	—	(3.9)
Other	(0.9)	—	(3.3)	(0.1)	—	(4.3)
(Distributions to) and transfers from affiliates, net	<u>(82.0)</u>	<u>31.2</u>	<u>15.6</u>	<u>248.9</u>	<u>(213.7)</u>	<u>—</u>
Cash flows (used in)/provided by financing activities	<u>(82.9)</u>	<u>432.9</u>	<u>11.6</u>	<u>540.8</u>	<u>(213.7)</u>	<u>688.7</u>
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	(84.2)	109.3	(53.4)	79.1	—	50.8
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	136.0	61.0	358.2	431.8	—	987.0
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	<u>\$ 51.8</u>	<u>\$ 170.3</u>	<u>\$ 304.8</u>	<u>\$ 510.9</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$1,037.8</u>

CAESARS ENTERTAINMENT CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2011
(UNAUDITED)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

<u>(In millions)</u>	<u>CEC</u> <u>(Parent)</u>	<u>Subsidiary</u> <u>Issuer</u>	<u>Guarantors</u>	<u>Non-</u> <u>Guarantors</u>	<u>Consolidating/</u> <u>Eliminating</u> <u>Adjustments</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cash flows provided by/(used in) operating activities	\$ 702.0	\$ (4.9)	\$ (170.0)	\$ (432.9)	\$ —	\$ 94.2
Cash flows (used in)/provided by investing activities						
Land, buildings, riverboats and equipment additions, net of change in construction payables	—	(1.4)	(44.9)	(28.9)	—	(75.2)
Investment in subsidiaries	—	—	(0.6)	(0.5)	—	(1.1)
Payment made for partnership interest	—	—	—	(19.5)	—	(19.5)
Payment made for Pennsylvania gaming rights	—	—	—	(16.5)	—	(16.5)
Cash acquired in business acquisition, net of transaction costs	—	(18.8)	—	31.8	—	13.0
Proceeds from other asset sales	—	—	13.0	—	—	13.0
Other	—	—	(6.4)	(2.6)	—	(9.0)
Cash flows used in investing activities	<u>—</u>	<u>(20.2)</u>	<u>(38.9)</u>	<u>(36.2)</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(95.3)</u>
Cash flows provided by/(used in) financing activities						
Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt	—	740.8	—	551.4	—	1,292.2
Debt issuance costs	—	(17.3)	—	(2.2)	—	(19.5)
Borrowings under lending agreements	—	1,175.0	—	—	—	1,175.0
Repayments under lending agreements	—	(1,602.0)	—	(2.2)	—	(1,604.2)
Cash paid in connection with early extinguishment of debt	—	(219.9)	—	(22.6)	—	(242.5)
Scheduled debt retirements	—	(158.4)	—	(19.4)	—	(177.8)
Non-controlling interests' distributions, net of contributions	—	—	—	(1.8)	—	(1.8)
Other	(0.6)	—	(0.8)	(0.4)	—	(1.8)
(Distributions to) and transfers from affiliates, net	(446.8)	401.3	27.9	17.6	—	—
Cash flows (used in)/provided by financing activities	<u>(447.4)</u>	<u>319.5</u>	<u>27.1</u>	<u>520.4</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>419.6</u>
Effect of deconsolidation of variable interest entities	—	—	—	(7.9)	—	(7.9)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	254.6	294.4	(181.8)	43.4	—	410.6
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	122.7	(15.6)	445.2	365.8	—	918.1
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	<u>\$ 377.3</u>	<u>\$ 278.8</u>	<u>\$ 263.4</u>	<u>\$ 409.2</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 1,328.7</u>

[Table of Contents](#)

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis of the financial position and operating results of Caesars Entertainment Corporation for the quarters and six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, updates, and should be read in conjunction with, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations presented in the 2010 10-K.

REGIONAL AGGREGATION

The executive officers of our Company review operating results, assess performance and make decisions related to the allocation of resources on a property-by-property basis. We, therefore, believe that each property is an operating segment and that it is appropriate to aggregate and present the operations of our Company as one reportable segment. In order to provide more meaningful information than would be possible on either a consolidated basis, or an individual property basis, our casino properties as of June 30, 2011, have been grouped as follows to facilitate discussion of our operating results:

<u>Las Vegas</u>	<u>Atlantic City</u>	<u>Louisiana/Mississippi</u>	<u>Iowa/Missouri</u>
Caesars Palace	Harrah's Atlantic City	Harrah's New Orleans	Harrah's St. Louis
Bally's Las Vegas	Showboat Atlantic City	Harrah's Louisiana Downs	Harrah's North Kansas City
Flamingo Las Vegas ⁽¹⁾	Bally's Atlantic City	Horseshoe Bossier City	Harrah's Council Bluffs
Harrah's Las Vegas	Caesars Atlantic City	Grand Biloxi	Horseshoe Council Bluffs/ Bluffs
Paris Las Vegas	Harrah's Chester ⁽³⁾	Harrah's Tunica	Run
Rio		Horseshoe Tunica	
Imperial Palace		Tunica Roadhouse Hotel & Casino	
Bill's Gamblin' Hall & Saloon			
Planet Hollywood Resort & Casino ⁽²⁾			
<u>Illinois/Indiana</u>	<u>Other Nevada</u>	<u>Managed and International</u>	
Horseshoe Southern Indiana	Harrah's Reno	Harrah's Ak-Chin ⁽⁵⁾	
Harrah's Joliet ⁽⁴⁾	Harrah's Lake Tahoe	Harrah's Cherokee ⁽⁵⁾	
Harrah's Metropolis	Harveys Lake Tahoe	Harrah's Rincon ⁽⁵⁾	
Horseshoe Hammond	Harrah's Laughlin	Conrad Punta del Este ⁽³⁾	
		Caesars Windsor ⁽⁶⁾	
		London Clubs International ⁽⁷⁾	

⁽¹⁾ Includes O'Shea's Casino, which is adjacent to this property.

⁽²⁾ Acquired on February 19, 2010.

⁽³⁾ We have an approximately 95 percent ownership interest in and manage this property.

⁽⁴⁾ We have an 80 percent ownership interest in and manage this property.

⁽⁵⁾ Managed.

⁽⁶⁾ We have a 50 percent interest in Windsor Casino Limited, which operates this property. The province of Ontario owns the complex.

⁽⁷⁾ We own, operate or manage ten casino clubs in the provinces of the United Kingdom and two in Egypt. We have a 70 percent ownership interest in and manage one casino club in South Africa.

[Table of Contents](#)

CONSOLIDATED OPERATING RESULTS

Because the financial results for 2010 include impairment charges, the following tables present separately income from operations before impairment charges and the impairment charges for 2010 to provide more meaningful comparisons of results. This presentation is not in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

(In millions)	Quarter Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)	Six Months Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
	2011	2010		2011	2010	
Casino revenues	\$1,676.3	\$1,717.0	(2.4)%	\$3,339.3	\$3,467.0	(3.7)%
Net revenues	2,229.1	2,220.7	0.4%	4,408.1	4,409.1	— %
Income/(loss) from operations	252.1	(0.3)	N/M	465.7	225.5	N/M
Impairment of intangible assets, including goodwill	—	100.0	N/M	—	100.0	N/M
Income from operations before impairment charges	252.1	99.7	N/M	465.7	325.5	43.1%
Net loss attributable to Caesars Entertainment Corporation, Inc.	(155.5)	(274.0)	(43.2)%	(302.9)	(469.6)	(35.5)%
Operating margin	11.3%	— %	11.3 pts	10.6%	5.1%	5.5 pts
Operating margin before impairment charge	11.3%	4.5%	6.8 pts	10.6%	7.4%	3.2 pts

The company measures its performance in part through tracking of trips by rated players and spend per rated-player trip. On a consolidated basis, trips by rated players in 2011 decreased 9.2 percent and 8.6 percent for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011, respectively, while spend per rated-player trip increased 5.6 and 4.7 percent for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011, respectively, when compared to the 2010 periods. The visitation declines were the result of temporary closures of five of our properties in the Illinois/Indiana and Louisiana/Mississippi regions during the quarter due to flooding, as well as the impact of marketing programs on visitation frequency of certain customer segments. The visitation declines in the six months ended June 30, 2011 also included temporary closures of two other properties in the mentioned regions due to severe weather conditions. Cash average daily room rates saw an increase in 2011 compared to 2010 of 5.3 percent and 5.5 percent for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011, respectively, and total occupancy percentages increased 3.3 and 3.5 percentage points for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011, respectively.

The Company's net revenues for the quarter ended June 30, 2011 increased 0.4 percent to \$2,229.1 million from \$2,220.7 million for 2010 despite an overall decline in visitation and the temporary property closures. The increase was attributable to higher spend from our most loyal customers as well as growth in hotel revenue, most notably in the Las Vegas market. Net revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2011 were flat compared to the same period in 2010. Reduced visitation by our rated players and the temporary property closures were offset by increased customer spend per trip and the full six-month impact of Planet Hollywood Las Vegas, which we acquired in February 2010.

Income from operations for the quarter ended June 30, 2011 was \$252.1 million compared with a loss from operations of \$0.3 million for the 2010 respective period. Income from operations for the six months ended June 30, 2011 was \$465.7 million, compared with \$225.5 million for the year-ago period. The loss from operations for the quarter ended June 30, 2010 and the income from operations for the six months ended June 30, 2010 included impairment charges related to goodwill and other non-amortizing intangible assets of \$100.0 million. Prior to the consideration of the 2010 impairment charges, income from operations was \$99.7 million and \$325.5 million for the 2010 periods. The increase of 2011 over 2010 was due to reduced operating expenses resulting from the company's cost-reduction efforts and, reduced and more focused marketing expenditures. Additionally, we recorded charges during the quarter ended June 30, 2010, with no comparable amounts in 2011, for \$52.2 million to fully reserve a note-receivable balance related to a venture for development of a casino project in Philadelphia, and \$25.0 million relating to a previously disclosed contingency. These charges are reported for 2010 within Write-downs, reserves and recoveries in the Consolidated Condensed Statement of Operations.

[Table of Contents](#)

Net loss attributable to Caesars Entertainment Corporation, Inc. for the quarter ended June 30, 2011 was \$155.5 million compared with \$274.0 million for the year-ago quarter. Net loss attributable to Caesars Entertainment Corporation for the six months ended June 30, 2011 was \$302.9 million, compared with \$469.6 million for the year-ago period. Net loss attributable to Caesars Entertainment Corporation for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011 included gains related to the early extinguishment of debt of \$14.7 million and \$47.9 million, respectively, compared with gains on early extinguishment of debt of \$18.7 million and losses on early extinguishments of debt of \$28.7 million, respectively, for the 2010 periods.

REGIONAL OPERATING RESULTS

Las Vegas property visitation by our rated players rose 0.2 percent for the quarter ended June 30, 2011 and 4.1 percent for the six months ended June 30, 2011 from the year-ago periods, and the amount spent per rated-player trip in 2011 increased 9.2 percent for the quarter ended June 30, 2011 and 5.3 percent for the six months ended June 30, 2011. Hotel revenues increased by 9.5 percent for the quarter ended June 30, 2011 and 13.3 percent for the six months ended June 30, 2011. Cash average daily room rates increased in 2011 by 6.5 percent and 7.0 percent and total occupancy percentages rose 3.6 and 4.0 percentage points for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011, respectively.

Atlantic City property visitation by our rated players decreased 4.1 percent for the quarter ended June 30, 2011 and 4.9 percent for the six months ended June 30, 2011 from the year-ago periods, and the amount spent per rated-player trip in 2011 decreased 0.1 percent for the quarter ended June 30, 2011 and 0.9 percent for the six months ended June 30, 2011.

For the remainder of our United States markets, in the quarter ended June 30, 2011 visitation by our rated players decreased 15.1 percent, while spend per rated-player trip increased 6.4 percent when compared to 2010. In the six months ended June 30, 2011 visitation by our rated players decreased 14.4 percent, while spend per rated-player trip increased 5.4 percent compared to 2010. Visitation declines in both periods were due largely to flood-related closures and the impact of more focused marketing.

Flooding of the Ohio and Mississippi rivers during the quarter ended June 30, 2011 caused temporary closures of Horseshoe Southern Indiana, Horseshoe Tunica, Tunica Roadhouse, Harrah's Tunica, and Harrah's Metropolis. Based on their locations and other factors, some properties were closed longer than others, however, all properties were reopened as of May 27, 2011. While the closures did contribute to the reduced net revenues experienced in the affected regions, the overall financial impact on our results of operations for 2011 is insignificant, after taking into account our insurance coverage. Costs incurred during the closures, as well as those in connection with restoring the affected properties to operating condition of approximately \$29 million have not been expensed, but instead have been recorded as a receivable from our third party insurance providers. We also expect to receive insurance recoveries for lost profits through our business interruption insurance; however, these recoveries will be recognized into income in the period in which settlements with insurers are finalized.

Further discussion of our results by region follow:

Las Vegas Region

(In millions)	Quarter Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)	Six Months Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
	2011	2010		2011	2010	
Casino revenues	\$413.2	\$364.1	13.5%	\$ 788.2	\$ 743.7	6.0%
Net revenues	786.4	712.7	10.3%	1,512.8	1,395.5	8.4%
Income from operations	147.4	72.1	N/M	260.2	178.0	46.2%
Operating margin	18.7%	10.1%	8.6 pts	17.2%	12.8%	4.4 pts

Net revenues increased 10.3 percent and 8.4 percent for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011, respectively, from the year-ago periods. Visitation was relatively flat for the quarter ended June 30, 2011 and increased slightly for the first six months ended June 30, 2011 and, this region experienced an increase in its customer gaming spend per trip of 9.2 percent and 5.3 percent, respectively. Net revenues were also increased by higher total occupancy percentages and cash average daily room rates for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011. These trends demonstrate strengthening fundamentals in the region. Net revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2011 also include the full six-month impact of Planet Hollywood Las Vegas, which we acquired in February 2010. Income from operations for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011 increased compared to the 2010 periods due to the income impact of increased net revenues and improved operating margins due to our continued focus on effective cost management through the implementation of the Company's efficiency projects. Included in the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2010 income from operations are increased levels of property remediation costs, which did not recur in the 2011 quarter or six month periods ended June 30, 2011.

Table of Contents

On April 25, 2011 the financing was completed for the Octavius Tower at Caesars' Palace Las Vegas ("Project Octavius") and the development of a retail, dining and entertainment corridor located between the Imperial Palace Hotel and Casino and the Flamingo Las Vegas on the Las Vegas strip ("Project Linq") and the Company has resumed work towards the completion of the Octavius Tower's 662 rooms, including 75 luxury suites and expects to commence construction on Project Linq in the fourth quarter of 2011.

Atlantic City Region

(In millions)	Quarter Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)	Six Months Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
	2011	2010		2011	2010	
Casino revenues	\$410.0	\$432.5	(5.2)%	\$805.6	\$857.3	(6.0)%
Net revenues	477.4	487.9	(2.2)%	926.8	945.4	(2.0)%
Income from operations	34.5	27.7	24.5%	53.9	49.2	9.6%
Operating margin	7.2%	5.7%	1.5 pts	5.8%	5.2%	0.6 pts

The Atlantic City Region revenues continued to be affected by the ongoing difficult economic environment, competition from new casinos and the mid-2010 introduction of table games in the Pennsylvania market. As a result, net revenues for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011 were slightly lower than the prior year periods. Income from operations for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011 increased from the year ago periods due to reduced operating expenses as a result of reduced and more focused marketing expenses, lower depreciation expense and reduced payroll-related and property-tax expenses.

Louisiana/Mississippi Region

(In millions)	Quarter Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)	Six Months Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
	2011	2010		2011	2010	
Casino revenues	\$244.8	\$272.1	(10.0)%	\$507.6	\$554.6	(8.5)%
Net revenues	267.7	298.7	(10.4)%	553.8	605.7	(8.6)%
Income/(loss) from operations	36.9	(30.6)	N/M	70.6	1.7	N/M
Impairment of intangible assets, including goodwill	—	51.0	N/M	—	51.0	N/M
Income from operations before impairment charges	36.9	20.4	80.9%	70.6	52.7	34.0%
Operating margin	13.8%	(10.2)%	24.0 pts	12.7%	0.3%	12.4 pts
Operating margin before impairment charges	13.8%	6.8%	7.0 pts	12.7%	8.7%	4.0 pts

Net revenues decreased for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011 compared to the 2010 periods, primarily due to the temporary closures of three properties in the region due to flooding. Included in income/(loss) from operations for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2010 was an impairment charge of \$51.0 million related to impairment of intangible assets at one of the region's properties. Prior to the consideration of the 2010 impairment charges, income from operations for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011 improved from the 2010 periods, as a result of insurance recovery receivables recorded during the second quarter 2011 which offset certain costs incurred during the closures as a result of the flooding. The 2010 second quarter and first half results include a one-time rent adjustment paid to the City of New Orleans in the amount of \$6.4 million.

Iowa/Missouri Region

(In millions)	Quarter Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)	Six Months Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
	2011	2010		2011	2010	
Casino revenues	\$173.4	\$174.2	(0.5)%	\$339.5	\$349.9	(3.0)%
Net revenues	185.1	186.1	(0.5)%	362.5	373.7	(3.0)%
Income from operations	47.8	44.6	7.2%	91.7	92.1	(0.4)%
Operating margin	25.8%	24.0%	1.8 pts	25.3%	24.6%	0.7 pts

[Table of Contents](#)

Net revenues in the region were relatively flat for the quarter ended June 30, 2011 and down 3.0 percent for the six months ended June 30, 2011 from the respective 2010 periods due to increased competitive pressures in the region and reduced visitation, offset by an increase in customer spend per trip. Income from operations for the quarter ended June 30, 2011 increased due to reduced operating expenses as a result of continued focus on effective cost management through the implementation of the Company's efficiency projects.

Illinois/Indiana Region

(In millions)	Quarter Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)	Six Months Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
	2011	2010		2011	2010	
Casino revenues	\$258.0	\$294.6	(12.4)%	\$526.4	\$592.5	(11.2)%
Net revenues	268.8	295.5	(9.0)%	545.9	592.5	(7.9)%
Income from operations	40.6	38.3	6.0%	79.7	77.2	3.2%
Operating margin	15.1%	13.0%	2.1 pts	14.6%	13.0%	1.6 pts

Net revenues decreased for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011 compared to the 2010 periods, primarily due to the temporary closures of two properties in the region due to flooding. Income from operations for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011 improved from the 2010 periods, as a result of insurance recovery receivables recorded during the second quarter 2011 which offset certain costs incurred during the closures and as a result of the flooding.

Other Nevada Region

(In millions)	Quarter Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)	Six Months Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
	2011	2010		2011	2010	
Casino revenues	\$ 85.3	\$ 88.0	(3.1)%	\$167.1	\$174.7	(4.4)%
Net revenues	108.6	110.8	(2.0)%	214.2	220.7	(2.9)%
Income/(loss) from operations	10.8	(38.4)	N/M	18.0	(31.3)	N/M
Impairment of intangible assets, including goodwill	—	49.0	N/M	—	49.0	N/M
Income from operations before impairment charges	10.8	10.6	1.9%	18.0	17.7	1.7%
Operating margin	9.9%	(34.7)%	44.6 pts	8.4%	(14.2)%	22.6 pts
Operating margin before impairment charges	9.9%	9.6%	0.3 pts	8.4%	8.0%	0.4 pts

Net revenues for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011 declined slightly from the 2010 periods due to lower guest visitation and lower customer spend per trip driven by increased competitive pressure. Included in the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2010 income/(loss) from operations was an impairment charge of \$49.0 million related to the impairment of intangible assets at one of the region's properties. Income from operations before impairment charges was up slightly for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011 as the effects from cost-savings initiatives were more than able to offset the income impact of revenue declines.

[Table of Contents](#)

Managed and International

(In millions)	Quarter Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)	Six Months Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
	2011	2010		2011	2010	
Net revenues						
Managed	\$ 12.8	\$ 8.5	50.6%	\$ 23.4	\$ 21.0	11.4%
International	99.3	102.2	(2.8)%	225.2	219.9	2.4%
Total net revenues	<u>\$112.1</u>	<u>\$110.7</u>	1.3%	<u>\$248.6</u>	<u>\$240.9</u>	3.2%
Income from operations						
Managed	\$ 1.0	\$ 3.1	(67.7)%	\$ 2.1	\$ 7.1	(70.4)%
International	1.6	3.5	(54.3)%	19.9	14.9	33.6%
Total income from operations	<u>\$ 2.6</u>	<u>\$ 6.6</u>	(60.6)%	<u>\$ 22.0</u>	<u>\$ 22.0</u>	— %

Revenue increases during the second quarter 2011 were attributable to Thistledown Racetrack which we acquired in July 2010 and increased visitation and customer spend per trip at our Uruguay property, offset by declines experienced by our two properties in Egypt as a result of recent political uprisings. Our properties in Egypt continue to be impacted by the turmoil in the region which is negatively impacting our income from operations.

Other Factors Affecting Net Income

(In millions)	Quarter Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)	Six Months Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
	2011	2010		2011	2010	
Expense/(Income)						
Corporate expense	\$ 44.2	\$ 36.9	19.8%	\$ 78.6	\$ 71.4	10.1%
Write-downs, reserves and recoveries	25.1	95.1	(73.6)%	43.4	107.6	(59.7)%
Impairment of intangible assets, including goodwill	—	100.0	N/M	—	100.0	N/M
Acquisition and integration costs	(0.4)	0.4	N/M	2.3	7.6	(69.7)%
Amortization of intangible assets	39.3	39.6	(0.8)%	78.6	82.3	(4.5)%
Interest expense, net	524.6	456.8	14.8%	998.0	948.3	5.2%
(Gains)/losses on early extinguishments of debt	(14.7)	(18.7)	(21.4)%	(47.9)	28.7	N/M
Other income	(5.0)	(3.8)	31.6%	(8.5)	(18.4)	(53.8)%
Benefit for income taxes	(99.7)	(162.1)	(38.5)%	(178.0)	(267.0)	(33.3)%
Income attributable to non-controlling interests	2.4	1.5	60.0%	5.0	3.5	42.9%

N/M= Not Meaningful

Corporate Expense

In 2011, the Human Resources Committee of the Board of Directors adopted the Project Renewal Incentive Plan (the “Plan”) – a plan designed to incent the Company’s leadership to undertake the cost savings initiatives proposed as part of a comprehensive program to streamline the Company’s operations that was launched in the fourth quarter of 2010. Under this Plan, the Company recorded \$9.6 million and \$11.6 million in expense for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011, respectively. The expenses are accrued in Corporate expense in the Consolidated Condensed Statement of Operations, but when paid, the relevant amounts will be charged to property operating expenses. Prior to the recording of expense under this Plan, Corporate expense declined by \$2.3 million and \$4.4 million for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011, primarily as a result of the Company’s cost savings initiatives.

Write-downs, reserves and recoveries

Write-downs, reserves and recoveries include various pre-tax charges to record certain long-lived tangible asset impairments, contingent liability or litigation reserves or settlements, costs associated with efficiency projects, project write-offs, demolition costs, permit remediation costs, recoveries of previously recorded reserves and other non-routine transactions. Given the nature of the transactions included within write-downs, reserves and recoveries, these amounts are not expected to be comparable from year-to-year, nor are the amounts expected to follow any particular trend from year-to-year.

[Table of Contents](#)

For the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011, total write-downs, reserves and recoveries were \$25.1 million and \$43.4 million, respectively, compared to \$95.1 million and \$107.6 million for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2010. Amounts incurred during the quarter ended June 30, 2010 with no comparable amounts in 2011 were charges of \$25.0 million for legal reserves relating to a previously disclosed contingency, and \$52.2 million to fully reserve a note receivable balance related to a venture for development of a casino project in Philadelphia.

Remediation costs for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011 were \$4.3 million and \$7.8 million, respectively, compared to \$15.6 million and \$31.7 million for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2010 and relate to projects at certain Las Vegas properties. These costs have decreased for both the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011 when compared to the 2010 periods due to lower current activity in remediation projects.

Efficiency projects represent costs incurred to identify and implement efficiency programs aimed at stream-lining corporate and operating functions to achieve cost savings and efficiencies. Costs related to efficiency projects totaled \$14.0 million and \$0.2 million during the quarters ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Costs related to efficiency projects for the six months ended June 30, 2011 totaled \$25.5 million. The increase in efficiency projects expense relates to the Company's initiative that commenced during the fourth quarter of 2010.

Costs related to the flood insurance deductibles are the result of the temporary closings of certain properties during the quarter ended June 30, 2011 and totaled \$4.4 million.

Other write-downs, reserves and recoveries for the six months ended June 30, 2010 included the release of a \$4.8 million reserve for excise tax for which the statute of limitations expired and was recorded in the first quarter of 2010.

Impairment of intangible assets

During the fourth quarter of each year, we perform annual assessments for impairment of goodwill and other intangible assets that are not subject to amortization as of September 30. We perform assessments for impairment of goodwill and other intangible assets more frequently if impairment indicators exist. Due to the relative impact of weak economic conditions on certain properties, we performed interim assessments of goodwill and certain intangible assets for impairment during the second quarter of 2010. These interim assessments resulted in impairment charges of \$100.0 million recorded during the second quarter of 2010. For the quarter ended June 30, 2011, there were no impairment indicators therefore, an interim assessment was not required.

Acquisition and integration costs

Acquisition and integration costs for the six months ended June 30, 2010 included costs in connection with our acquisition of Planet Hollywood and costs associated with other potential development and investment activities.

Amortization of intangible assets

Amortization of intangible assets was lower for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011 when compared to the same periods in 2010 due to lower intangible asset balances as a result of certain contract rights being fully amortized during 2010.

Interest expense

Interest expense increased by \$67.8 million and \$49.7 million for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011, respectively compared to the same periods in 2010 due primarily to changes in fair value of derivative instruments and additional amortization of deferred losses frozen in AOCL, partially offset by reduced interest from purchases of CMBS debt and lower fixed payment rates on outstanding swaps. Interest expense for the quarter ended June 30, 2011, as a result of interest rate swap agreements and interest rate cap agreements, includes (i) \$14.2 million of expense due to measured ineffectiveness and amounts excluded from effectiveness testing for derivatives designated as hedging instruments; (ii) \$8.9 million of expense due to changes in fair value for derivatives not designated as hedging instruments; and (iii) \$9.2 million of expense due to amortization of deferred losses frozen in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss ("AOCL"). Interest expense for the six months ended June 30, 2011, as a result of interest rate swap agreements and interest rate cap agreements, includes (i) \$4.4 million of expense due to measured ineffectiveness and amounts excluded from effectiveness testing for derivatives designated as hedging instruments; (ii) \$5.6 million of expense due to changes in fair value for derivatives not designated as hedging instruments; and (iii) \$19.3 million of expense due to amortization of deferred losses frozen in AOCL.

[Table of Contents](#)

(Gains)/losses on early extinguishments of debt

During the quarter ended June 30, 2011, we recognized a pre-tax gain on early extinguishments of debt of \$14.7 million, compared with a pre-tax gain on early extinguishments of debt of \$18.7 million in the 2010 period. The gain in 2011 is a result of the April 2011 purchase of \$50.0 million face value of CMBS Loans for \$35.0 million, net of deferred financing costs. In June 2010, we purchased \$46.6 million face value of CMBS Loans for \$22.6 million, recognizing a net gain on the transaction of approximately \$23.3 million and we completed an offering which retired outstanding senior and senior subordinated notes and recorded a pre-tax loss of \$4.6 million.

During the six months ended June 30, 2011, we recognized a pre-tax gain on early extinguishments of debt of \$47.9 million, compared with a pre-tax loss on early extinguishments of debt of \$28.7 million in the 2010 period. The gain in 2011 is the result of the March 2011 purchase of \$108.1 million face value of CMBS Loans for \$73.5 million net of deferred financing costs and the April 2011 purchase described above. The loss in 2010 is the result of a first quarter charge to record an additional liability pursuant to the terms of an amendment under which we agreed to pay lenders selling CMBS Loans during the fourth quarter 2009 an additional \$47.4 million for their loans previously sold, offset by the net gain recorded in the second quarter 2010 as described above.

Other income

As a result of the 2010 cancellation of our debt investment in certain predecessor entities of PHW Las Vegas in exchange for the equity of PHW Las Vegas, the Company recognized a gain of \$7.1 million in the first quarter of 2010 to adjust our investment to reflect the estimated fair value of consideration paid for the acquisition. This gain is reflected in Other income, including interest income, in our Consolidated Condensed Statement of Operations for the six months ended June 30, 2010. In addition, other income for all periods presented included insurance policy proceeds related to the Company's deferred compensation plan.

Income tax benefit

Our quarter ended June 30, 2011 effective tax rate benefit was approximately 39 percent, compared with an effective tax rate benefit of approximately 37 percent for the quarter ended June 30, 2010. The increase in the benefit was primarily due to effects of state income taxes and federal tax credits, partially offset by the impact of nondeductible expenses and accrued interest on prior years' uncertain tax positions.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Cost Savings Initiatives

Caesars Entertainment has undertaken comprehensive cost-reduction efforts to right-size expenses with business levels. During the fourth quarter of 2010, the Company launched a new initiative to reinvent certain aspects of its functional and operating units in an effort to gain significant further cost reductions and streamline our operations. During the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011, the Company realized cost savings of \$86.2 million and \$152.4 million, respectively and has estimated cost savings yet to be realized of \$161.4 million as of that date.

Capital Spending and Development

In addition to the development and expansion projects discussed in the “Regional Operating Results” section, we also perform on-going refurbishment and maintenance at our casino entertainment facilities to maintain our quality standards, and we continue to pursue development and acquisition opportunities for additional casino entertainment facilities that meet our strategic and return on investment criteria. Prior to the receipt of necessary regulatory approvals, the costs of pursuing development projects are expensed as incurred. Construction-related costs incurred after the receipt of necessary approvals are capitalized and depreciated over the estimated useful life of the resulting asset. Project opening costs are expensed as incurred.

Our planned development projects, if they go forward, will require, individually and in the aggregate, significant capital commitments and, if completed, may result in significant additional revenues. The commitment of capital, the timing of completion and the commencement of operations of casino entertainment development projects are contingent upon, among other things, negotiation of final agreements and receipt of approvals from the appropriate political and regulatory bodies. We must also comply with covenants and restrictions set forth in our debt agreements. Cash needed to finance projects currently under development as well as additional projects being pursued is expected to be made available from operating cash flows, established debt programs, joint venture partners, specific project financing, guarantees of third-party debt and additional debt offerings. Our capital spending for the six months ended June 30, 2011 totaled \$91.7 million. Estimated total capital expenditures for 2011, including expenditures associated with portions of Project Linq and Project Octavius, are expected to be between \$390.0 million and \$450.0 million.

Liquidity

We generate substantial cash flows from operating activities, as reflected on the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows in our unaudited consolidated condensed financial statements. We use the cash flows generated by our operations to fund debt service, to reinvest in existing properties for both refurbishment and expansion projects and to pursue additional growth opportunities via new development. When necessary, we supplement the cash flows generated by our operations with funds provided by financing activities to balance our cash requirements.

Our ability to fund our operations, pay our debt obligations and fund planned capital expenditures depends, in part, upon economic and other factors that are beyond our control, and disruptions in capital markets and restrictive covenants related to our existing debt could impact our ability to secure additional funds through financing activities. We believe that our cash and cash equivalents balance, our cash flows from operations and the financing sources discussed herein will be sufficient to meet our normal operating requirements during the next twelve months and to fund capital expenditures. In addition, we may consider issuing equity or additional debt in the future to refinance existing debt or to finance specific capital projects. In connection with the Acquisition, we incurred substantial additional debt, which has significantly impacted our financial position.

We cannot assure you that our business will generate sufficient cash flows from operations, or that future borrowings will be available to us, to fund our liquidity needs and pay our indebtedness. If we are unable to meet our liquidity needs or pay our indebtedness when it is due, we may have to reduce or delay refurbishment and expansion projects, reduce expenses, sell assets or attempt to restructure our debt. In addition, we have pledged a significant portion of our assets as collateral under certain of our debt agreements, and if any of those lenders accelerate the repayment of borrowings, there can be no assurance that we will have sufficient assets to repay our indebtedness.

Our cash and cash equivalents totaled \$1,037.8 million at June 30, 2011 compared to \$987.0 million at December 31, 2010.

[Table of Contents](#)

Capital Resources

A substantial portion of the financing of the Company is comprised of credit facility and notes financing obtained by CEOC. This financing is neither secured nor guaranteed by Caesars Entertainment's other wholly-owned subsidiaries, including certain subsidiaries that own properties that secure approximately \$5,031.5 million face value of commercial mortgage-backed securities ("CMBS"). Information pertaining solely to the consolidated financial position and results of CEOC and its subsidiaries can be found in Exhibit 99.1 of this Form 10-Q.

After consideration of the CMBS amendment agreement discussed below, the majority of our debt is due in 2015 and beyond. Payments of short-term debt obligations and other commitments are expected to be made from operating cash flows and from borrowings under our established debt programs. Long-term obligations are expected to be paid through operating cash flows, refinancing of debt, joint venture partners or, if necessary, additional debt offerings.

[Table of Contents](#)

The following table presents our outstanding debt as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

Detail of Debt (dollars in millions)	Final Maturity	Rate(s) at June 30, 2011	Face Value at June 30, 2011	Book Value at June 30, 2011	Book Value at Dec. 31, 2010
Credit Facilities					
Term Loans B1 - B3	2015	3.19%-3.31%	\$ 5,007.2	\$ 5,007.2	\$ 5,815.1
Term Loans B4	2016	9.50%	985.0	964.7	968.3
Term Loan B5	2018	4.44%-4.47%	1,222.7	1,217.8	—
Revolving Credit Facility	2014	—	—	—	—
Secured Debt					
Senior Secured Notes	2017	11.25%	2,095.0	2,052.1	2,049.7
CMBS financing	2015*	3.20%	5,031.5	5,025.2	5,182.3
Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes	2018	12.75%	750.0	741.7	741.3
Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes	2018	10.0%	4,553.1	2,078.8	2,033.3
Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes	2015	10.0%	214.8	160.0	156.2
Chester Downs term loan	2016	12.375%	238.3	228.9	237.5
PHW Las Vegas Senior Secured Loan	2015**	3.05%	517.7	423.5	423.8
Linq/Octavius Senior Secured Loan	2017	9.25%	450.0	445.6	—
Other	Various	4.25%-6.0%	0.7	0.7	1.4
Subsidiary-guaranteed Debt					
Senior Notes, including senior interim loans	2016	10.75%	478.6	478.6	478.6
Senior PIK Toggle Notes, including senior interim loans	2018	10.75%/11.5%	8.2	8.2	10.5
Unsecured Senior Debt					
5.375%	2013	5.375%	125.2	105.0	101.6
7.0%	2013	7.0%	0.6	0.6	0.6
5.625%	2015	5.625%	364.5	279.1	273.9
6.5%	2016	6.5%	248.7	185.8	183.8
5.75%	2017	5.75%	153.7	104.7	105.5
Floating Rate Contingent Convertible Senior Notes	2024	0.303%	0.2	0.2	0.2
Other Unsecured Borrowings					
5.3% special improvement district bonds	2035	5.3%	65.7	65.7	67.1
Other	Various	Various	1.0	1.0	1.0
Capitalized Lease Obligations					
6.42%-9.8%	to 2020	6.42%-9.8%	8.9	8.9	9.4
Total debt			22,521.3	19,584.0	18,841.1
Current portion of long-term debt			(44.6)	(44.6)	(55.6)
Long-term debt			\$ 22,476.7	\$ 19,539.4	\$ 18,785.5

* We are permitted to extend the maturity of the CMBS Loans from 2013 to 2015, subject to satisfying certain conditions, in connection with the amendment to the CMBS Facilities

** The Planet Hollywood Las Vegas senior secured loan is subject to extension options moving its maturity from 2011 to 2015, subject to certain conditions.

Table of Contents

As of June 30, 2011, book values are presented net of unamortized discounts of \$2,937.7 million and unamortized premiums of \$0.4 million. Book values as of December 31, 2010 are presented net of unamortized discounts of \$3,006.6 million.

Our current maturities of debt include required interim principal payments on each of our Term Loans, our Chester Downs term loan and the special improvement district bonds. The PHW Las Vegas senior secured loan has not been included in current maturities of debt as of June 30, 2011 based upon the Company's ability and intent to exercise its options to extend the maturity of this loan.

Credit Agreement

In connection with the Acquisition, CEOC entered into the senior secured credit facilities (the "Credit Facilities.") This financing is neither secured nor guaranteed by Caesars Entertainment's other direct, wholly-owned subsidiaries, including the subsidiaries that own properties that are security for the CMBS Financing (as defined below).

On May 20, 2011, CEOC amended its Credit Facilities to, among other things: (i) allow CEOC to buy back loans from individual lenders at negotiated prices at any time, which may be less than par, (ii) allow CEOC to extend the maturity of term loans or revolving commitments, as applicable, and for CEOC to otherwise modify the terms of loans or revolving commitments in connection with such an extension and (iii) modify certain other provisions of the credit facilities. CEOC also extended its Credit Facilities by (i) converting \$799.4 million of B-1, B-2 and B-3 term loans held by consenting lenders to B-5 term loans with an extended maturity date of January 28, 2018 and a higher interest rate with respect to such extended term loans (the "Extended Term Loans") and (ii) converting \$423.3 million of revolver commitments held by consenting lenders to Extended Term Loans.

As of June 30, 2011, our Credit Facilities provide for senior secured financing of up to \$8,421.7 million, consisting of (i) senior secured term loan facilities in an aggregate principal amount of \$7,214.9 million with \$5,007.2 million maturing on January 28, 2015, \$985.0 million maturing on October 31, 2016 (the \$985.0 million borrowing defined as the "Incremental Loans") and \$1,222.7 million maturing on January 28, 2018 and (ii) a senior secured revolving credit facility in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$1,206.8 million, maturing January 28, 2015, including both a letter of credit sub-facility and a swingline loan sub-facility. The term loans under the Credit Facilities require scheduled quarterly payments of \$5.9 million, with the balance due at maturity. A total of \$7,214.9 million face amount of borrowings were outstanding under the Credit Facilities as of June 30, 2011, with \$127.1 million of the revolving credit facility committed to outstanding letters of credit. After consideration of these borrowings and letters of credit, \$1,079.7 million of additional borrowing capacity was available to the Company under its revolving credit facility as of June 30, 2011.

CMBS Financing

The CMBS properties borrowed \$6,500.0 million of CMBS financing (the "CMBS Financing"). The CMBS Financing is secured by the assets of the CMBS properties and certain aspects of the financing are guaranteed by Caesars Entertainment. The CMBS properties are Harrah's Las Vegas, Rio, Flamingo Las Vegas, Harrah's Atlantic City, Paris Las Vegas and Harrah's Laughlin.

On August 31, 2010, we executed an agreement with the lenders to amend the terms of our CMBS Financing to, among other things, (i) provide our subsidiaries that are borrowers under the CMBS mortgage loan and/or related mezzanine loans ("CMBS Loans") the right to extend the maturity of the CMBS Loans, subject to certain conditions, by up to two years until February 2015, (ii) amend certain terms of the CMBS Loans with respect to reserve requirements, collateral rights, property release prices and the payment of management fees, (iii) provide for ongoing mandatory offers to repurchase CMBS Loans using excess cash flow from the CMBS properties at discounted prices, (iv) provide for the amortization of the mortgage loan in certain minimum amounts upon the occurrence of certain conditions and (v) provide for certain limitations with respect to the amount of excess cash flow from the CMBS properties that may be distributed to us. Any CMBS Loan purchased pursuant to the amendments will be canceled.

Table of Contents

Pursuant to the terms of the amendment as initially agreed to on March 5, 2010, we agreed to pay lenders selling CMBS Loans during the fourth quarter 2009 an additional \$47.4 million for their loans previously sold, to be paid no later than December 31, 2010. This additional liability was recorded as a loss on early extinguishment of debt during the first quarter of 2010 and was paid during the fourth quarter of 2010.

In June 2010, we purchased \$46.6 million face value of CMBS Loans for \$22.6 million, recognizing a net gain on the transaction of approximately \$23.3 million during the second quarter of 2010. In September 2010, in connection with the execution of the amendment, we purchased \$123.8 million face value of CMBS Loans for \$37.1 million, of which \$31.0 million was paid at the closing of the CMBS amendment, and the remainder of which was paid during fourth quarter 2010. We recognized a pre-tax gain on the transaction of approximately \$77.4 million, net of deferred finance charges.

In December 2010, we purchased \$191.3 million of face value of CMBS Loans for \$95.6 million, recognizing a pre-tax gain of \$66.9 million, net of deferred finance charges.

In March 2011, we purchased \$108.1 million of face value of CMBS Loans for \$73.5 million, recognizing a pre-tax gain of \$33.2 million, net of deferred finance charges.

In April 2011, we purchased \$50.0 million of face value of CMBS Loans for \$35.0 million, recognizing a pre-tax gain of \$14.3 million, net of deferred finance charges.

As part of the amended CMBS Loan Agreement, in order to extend the maturity of the CMBS Loans under the extension option, we are required to extend our interest rate cap agreement to cover the two years of extended maturity of the CMBS Loans, with a maximum aggregate purchase price for such extended interest rate cap for \$5.0 million. We funded the \$5.0 million obligation on September 1, 2010 in connection with the closing of the amendment to the CMBS Loan Agreement.

PHW Las Vegas senior secured loan

On February 19, 2010, CEOC acquired 100% of the equity interests of PHW Las Vegas, which owns the Planet Hollywood Resort and Casino located in Las Vegas, Nevada. In connection with this transaction, PHW Las Vegas assumed a \$554.3 million, face value, senior secured loan, and a subsidiary of CEOC canceled certain debt issued by PHW Las Vegas' predecessor entities. The outstanding amount is secured by the assets of PHW Las Vegas, and is non-recourse to other subsidiaries of the Company.

In connection with the transaction and the assumption of debt, PHW Las Vegas entered into the Amended and Restated Loan Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as trustee for The Credit Suisse First Boston Mortgage Securities Corp. Commercial Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates, Series 2007-TFL2 ("Lender"). The maturity date for this loan is December 2011, with two extension options (subject to certain conditions), which, if exercised, would extend maturity until April 2015. PHW Las Vegas is an unrestricted subsidiary of CEOC and therefore not a borrower under CEOC's Credit Facilities. A subsidiary of CEOC manages the property for PHW Las Vegas for a fee.

PHW Las Vegas may, at its option, voluntarily prepay the loan in whole or in part upon twenty (20) days prior written notice to Lender. PHW Las Vegas is required to prepay the loan in (i) the amount of any insurance proceeds received by Lender for which Lender is not obligated to make available to PHW Las Vegas for restoration in accordance with the terms of the Amended and Restated Loan Agreement, (ii) the amount of any proceeds received from the operator of the timeshare property adjacent to the Planet Hollywood Resort and Casino, subject to the limitations set forth in the Amended and Restated Loan Agreement and (iii) the amount of any excess cash remaining after application of the cash management provisions of the Amended and Restated Loan Agreement.

Octavius and LINQ Projects

On April 25, 2011, the Company, together with certain indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries of CEOC (the "Borrowers") entered into a credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement") pursuant to which the Borrowers incurred financing to complete the Octavius Tower at Caesars Palace Las Vegas ("Project Octavius") and to develop a retail, dining and entertainment corridor located between the Imperial Palace Hotel and Casino and the Flamingo Las Vegas on the Las Vegas strip ("Project Linq" and, together with Project Octavius, the "Development"). The Credit Agreement provides for a \$450.0 million senior secured term facility (the "Term Facility") with a six-year maturity, which is secured by all material assets of the Borrowers. The proceeds of the Term Facility will be used by the Borrowers to finance the Development and to pay fees and expenses incurred in connection with the Term Facility and the transactions related thereto.

Table of Contents

As a condition to the provision of the Term Facility, the Company provided a completion guarantee (the “Completion Guaranty”) with respect to the Development, which guarantees completion of the construction of the Development, availability of contemplated working capital and receipt of material permits and licenses necessary to open and operate the Development. The maximum liability of the Company under the completion guarantee is \$25.0 million in respect of Project Octavius and \$75.0 million in respect of Project Linq.

In connection with the Development and the Term Facility, the Company has contributed the existing Octavius Tower and related assets to one of the Borrowers. In August 2011, the Company completed the contribution of the existing O’Shea’s casino (adjacent to the Flamingo Las Vegas) and related real property and other assets comprising the components of Project Linq to one of the Borrowers. In connection with Project Octavius, one of the Borrowers leases the Octavius Tower to a wholly-owned subsidiary of CEOC. Upon completion of Project Linq, one of the Borrowers will lease the gaming space in Project Linq to a wholly-owned subsidiary of CEOC. The total lease payments will be \$50.0 million annually once the Development is open. CEOC has guaranteed certain of the obligations of the lessees under the Project Octavius and Project Linq leases described above.

Pursuant to the Credit Agreement, the Company is required to make cash contributions to the Borrowers from time to time to fund a total equity commitment to the Development of \$76.0 million. In addition, from time to time, the Company may be required to make additional cash contributions to the Borrowers to fund certain portions of the Development upon the occurrence of certain conditions. In addition to potential contributions pursuant to the Completion Guaranty, the Company has guaranteed all payments of interest under the Term Facility until the commencement of operations of the Octavius Tower and Project Linq and guaranteed the performance of the Borrowers of the first lien leverage ratio maintenance covenant (the “Performance Guarantee”) by agreeing, upon certain conditions, to make cash equity contributions to the Borrowers from time to time pursuant to the terms of the Term Facility. The maximum liability of the Company under the performance guarantee is \$50.0 million. Except in the circumstances described above, neither the Company nor CEOC has any material obligations under the Term Facility, and the Term Facility is non-recourse to the Company or CEOC.

The Credit Agreement requires that the Borrowers maintain certain reserve funds in respect of furniture, fixtures, and equipment, capital improvements, interest service, taxes and insurance. Amounts deposited into the specified reserve funds represent restricted cash. In addition the Credit Agreement requires up to 50.0 percent of excess cash flow (as defined in the agreement), depending on the Senior Secured Leverage Ratio for that period, be applied to prepay the Term Facility.

Other Financing Transactions

On October 8, 2010, Chester Downs and Marina LLC (“Chester Downs”), a majority-owned subsidiary of CEOC and owner of Harrah’s Chester, amended its existing senior secured term loan facility to obtain an additional \$40.0 million term loan. The additional loan has substantially the same terms as the existing term loan with respect to interest rates, maturity and security.

Exchange Offers, Debt Purchases and Open Market Purchases

From time to time, we may retire portions of our outstanding debt in open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions or otherwise. These purchases will be funded through available cash from operations and from our established debt programs. Such purchases are dependent on prevailing market conditions, the Company’s liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions and other factors.

Issuances and Redemptions

During the second quarter of 2010, CEOC completed the offering of \$750.0 million aggregate principal amount of 12.75 percent second-priority senior secured notes due 2018 and used the proceeds of this offering to redeem or repay the following outstanding debt:

<u>Debt (dollars in millions)</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Interest Rate</u>	<u>Face Value</u>
5.5% Senior Notes	2010	5.5%	\$ 191.6
8.0% Senior Notes	2011	8.0%	13.2
8.125% Senior Subordinated Notes	2011	8.125%	12.0
Revolving Credit Facility	2014	3.23% - 3.25%	525.0

In connection with the retirement of the outstanding senior and senior subordinated notes above, CEOC recorded a pre-tax loss of \$4.7 million during the second quarter of 2010.

Table of Contents

On June 3, 2010, Caesars announced an agreement under which affiliates of each of Apollo, TPG and Paulson & Co. Inc. (“Paulson”) were to exchange approximately \$1,118.3 million face amount of debt for approximately 15.7 percent of the common equity of Caesars Entertainment, subject to regulatory approvals and certain other conditions. In connection with the transaction, Apollo, TPG, and Paulson purchased approximately \$835.4 million, face amount, of CEOC notes that were held by another subsidiary of Caesars Entertainment for aggregate consideration of approximately \$557.0 million, including accrued interest. The notes that were purchased, together with \$282.9 million face amount of notes they had previously acquired, were exchanged for equity in the fourth quarter of 2010. The notes exchanged for equity are held by a subsidiary of Caesars Entertainment and remain outstanding for purposes of CEOC. The exchange was accounted for as an equity transaction.

Interest and Fees

Borrowings under the Credit Facilities, other than borrowings under the Incremental Loans and the Extended Term Loans, bear interest at a rate equal to the then-current LIBOR rate or at a rate equal to the alternate base rate, in each case plus an applicable margin. As of June 30, 2011, the Credit Facilities, other than borrowings under the Incremental Loans and the Extended Term Loans, bore interest at LIBOR plus 300 basis points for the term loans. The revolver loan bore interest at LIBOR plus 300 basis points or the alternate base rate plus 200 basis points. The swingline loan bore interest at the alternate base rate plus 150 basis points.

Borrowings under the Incremental Loans bear interest at a rate equal to either the alternate base rate or the greater of (i) the then-current LIBOR rate or (ii) 2.0 percent; in each case plus an applicable margin. At June 30, 2011, borrowings under the Incremental Loans bore interest at the minimum base rate of 2.0 percent, plus 750 basis points.

Borrowings under the Extended Term Loans bear interest at a rate equal to either the alternate base rate or the then-current LIBOR rate, plus an applicable margin. At June 30, 2011, borrowings under the Extended Term Loans bore interest at LIBOR plus 425 basis points.

In addition, on a quarterly basis, we are required to pay each lender (i) a commitment fee in respect of any unborrowed amounts under the revolving credit facility and (ii) a letter of credit fee in respect of the aggregate face amount of outstanding letters of credit under the revolving credit facility. As of June 30, 2011, the Credit Facilities bore a commitment fee for unborrowed amounts of 50 basis points.

We make monthly interest payments on our CMBS Financing. Our Senior Secured Notes, including the Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes, and our unsecured debt have semi-annual interest payments, with the majority of those payments on June 15 and December 15.

The amount outstanding under the PHW Las Vegas senior secured loan bears interest, payable to third party lenders on a monthly basis, at a rate per annum equal to LIBOR plus 1.530 percent. Interest only participations of PHW Las Vegas bear interest at a fixed rate equal to \$7.3 million per year, payable to the subsidiary of CEOC that owns such participations.

The Linq/Octavius Term Facility bears interest at a rate equal to either the alternate base rate, plus an applicable margin or the greater of (i) the then-current LIBOR rate and (ii) 1.25 percent, plus an applicable margin. At June 30, 2011, borrowings under the agreement bore interest at 1.25 percent, plus 800 basis points.

Collateral and Guarantors

CEOC’s Credit Facilities are guaranteed by Caesars Entertainment, and are secured by a pledge of CEOC’s capital stock, and by substantially all of the existing and future property and assets of CEOC and its material, wholly-owned domestic subsidiaries, including a pledge of the capital stock of CEOC’s material, wholly-owned domestic subsidiaries and 65.0 percent of the capital stock of the first-tier foreign subsidiaries, in each case subject to exceptions.

Table of Contents

The following casino properties have mortgages under the Credit Facilities:

<u>Las Vegas</u>	<u>Atlantic City</u>	<u>Louisiana/Mississippi</u>	<u>Iowa/Missouri</u>
Caesars Palace	Bally's Atlantic City	Harrah's New Orleans (Hotel only)	Harrah's St. Louis
Bally's Las Vegas	Caesars Atlantic City	Harrah's Louisiana Downs	Harrah's Council Bluffs
Imperial Palace	Showboat Atlantic City	Horseshoe Bossier City	Horseshoe Council Bluffs/ Bluffs Run
Bill's Gamblin' Hall & Saloon		Harrah's Tunica	
		Horseshoe Tunica	
		Tunica Roadhouse Hotel & Casino	
<u>Illinois/Indiana</u>	<u>Other Nevada</u>		
Horseshoe Southern Indiana	Harrah's Reno		
Harrah's Metropolis	Harrah's Lake Tahoe		
Horseshoe Hammond	Harveys Lake Tahoe		

Additionally, certain undeveloped land in Las Vegas also is mortgaged.

In connection with PHW Las Vegas' Amended and Restated Loan Agreement, Caesars Entertainment entered into a Guaranty Agreement (the "Guaranty") for the benefit of the Lender pursuant to which Caesars Entertainment guaranteed to the Lender certain recourse liabilities of PHW Las Vegas. Caesars Entertainment's maximum aggregate liability for such recourse liabilities is limited to \$30.0 million provided that such recourse liabilities of PHW Las Vegas do not arise from (i) events, acts, or circumstances that are actually committed by, or voluntarily or willfully brought about by Caesars Entertainment or (ii) event, acts, or circumstances (regardless of the cause of the same) that provide actual benefit (in cash, cash equivalent, or other quantifiable amount) to the Registrant, to the full extent of the actual benefit received by the Registrant. Pursuant to the Guaranty, Caesars Entertainment is required to maintain a net worth or liquid assets of at least \$100.0 million.

Restrictive Covenants and Other Matters

The Credit Facilities require compliance on a quarterly basis with a maximum net senior secured first lien debt leverage test. In addition, the Credit Facilities include negative covenants, subject to certain exceptions, restricting or limiting CEOC's ability and the ability of its restricted subsidiaries to, among other things: (i) incur additional debt; (ii) create liens on certain assets; (iii) enter into sale and lease-back transactions; (iv) make certain investments, loans and advances; (v) consolidate, merge, sell or otherwise dispose of all or any part of its assets or to purchase, lease or otherwise acquire all or any substantial part of assets of any other person; (vi) pay dividends or make distributions or make other restricted payments; (vii) enter into certain transactions with its affiliates; (viii) engage in any business other than the business activity conducted at the closing date of the loan or business activities incidental or related thereto; (ix) amend or modify the articles or certificate of incorporation, by-laws and certain agreements or make certain payments or modifications of indebtedness; and (x) designate or permit the designation of any indebtedness as "Designated Senior Debt."

Caesars Entertainment is not bound by any financial or negative covenants contained in CEOC's credit agreement, other than with respect to the incurrence of liens on and the pledge of its stock of CEOC.

All borrowings under the senior secured revolving credit facility are subject to the satisfaction of customary conditions, including the absence of a default and the accuracy of representations and warranties, and the requirement that such borrowing does not reduce the amount of obligations otherwise permitted to be secured under our new senior secured credit facilities without ratably securing the retained notes.

The PHW Las Vegas senior secured loan requires that the Company maintain certain reserve funds in respect of furniture, fixtures, and equipment, capital improvements, interest service, taxes and insurance. Certain amounts deposited into the specified reserve funds represent restricted cash.

[Table of Contents](#)

Certain covenants contained in CEOC's credit agreement require the maintenance of a senior first priority secured debt to last twelve months (LTM) Adjusted EBITDA ("Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization"), as defined in the agreements, ratio ("Senior Secured Leverage Ratio"). Our credit agreement excludes from the Senior Secured Leverage Ratio (a) the \$1,375.0 million Original First Lien Notes issued June 15, 2009 and the \$720.0 million Additional First Lien Notes issued on September 11, 2009 and (b) up to \$350.0 million aggregate principal amount of consolidated debt of subsidiaries that are not wholly owned subsidiaries. Certain covenants contained in CEOC's credit agreement governing its senior secured credit facilities, the indenture and other agreements governing CEOC's 10.0 percent Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2015 and 2018, and our first lien notes restrict our ability to take certain actions such as incurring additional debt or making acquisitions if we are unable to meet defined Adjusted EBITDA to Fixed Charges, senior secured debt to LTM Adjusted EBITDA and consolidated debt to LTM Adjusted EBITDA ratios. The covenants that restrict additional indebtedness and the ability to make future acquisitions require an LTM Adjusted EBITDA to Fixed Charges ratio (measured on a trailing four-quarter basis) of 2.0:1.0. Failure to comply with these covenants can result in limiting our long-term growth prospects by hindering our ability to incur future indebtedness or grow through acquisitions.

The indenture and other agreements governing our cash pay debt and PIK toggle debt limit CEOC's (and most of its subsidiaries') ability to among other things: (i) incur additional debt or issue certain preferred shares; (ii) pay dividends or make distributions in respect of our capital stock or make other restricted payments; (iii) make certain investments; (iv) sell certain assets; (v) with respect to CEOC only, engage in any business or own any material asset other than all of the equity interest of CEOC so long as certain investors hold a majority of the notes; (vi) create or permit to exist dividend and/or payment restrictions affecting its restricted subsidiaries; (vii) create liens on certain assets to secure debt; (viii) consolidate, merge, sell or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of its assets; (ix) enter into certain transactions with its affiliates; and (x) designate its subsidiaries as unrestricted subsidiaries. Subject to certain exceptions, the indenture governing the notes and the agreements governing the other cash pay debt and PIK toggle debt will permit us and our restricted subsidiaries to incur additional indebtedness, including secured indebtedness.

We believe we are in compliance with CEOC's Credit Facilities and indentures, including the Senior Secured Leverage Ratio, as of June 30, 2011. If our LTM Adjusted EBITDA were to decline significantly from the level achieved at June 30, 2011, it could cause us to exceed the Senior Secured Leverage Ratio and could be an Event of Default under CEOC's credit agreement. However, we could implement certain actions in an effort to minimize the possibility of a breach of the Senior Secured Leverage Ratio, including reducing payroll and other operating costs, deferring or eliminating certain maintenance, delaying or deferring capital expenditures, or selling assets. In addition, under certain circumstances, our Credit Facilities allow us to apply cash contributions received by CEOC as a capital contribution to cure covenant breaches. However, there is no guarantee that such contributions will be able to be secured.

The CMBS Financing includes negative covenants, subject to certain exceptions, restricting or limiting the ability of the borrowers and operating companies under the CMBS Financing to, among other things: (i) incur additional debt; (ii) create liens on assets; (iii) make certain investments, loans and advances; (iv) consolidate, merge, sell or otherwise dispose of all or any part of its assets or to purchase, lease or otherwise acquire all or any substantial part of assets of any other person; (v) enter into certain transactions with its affiliates; (vi) engage in any business other than the ownership of the properties and business activities ancillary thereto; and (vi) amend or modify the articles or certificate of incorporation, by-laws and certain agreements.

The CMBS Financing also includes affirmative covenants that require the CMBS properties to, among other things, maintain the borrowers as "special purpose entities", maintain certain reserve funds in respect of furniture, fixtures and equipment, taxes, and insurance, and comply with other customary obligations for CMBS real estate financings. Amounts deposited into the specified reserve funds represent restricted cash.

In addition, the CMBS Financing obligates the CMBS properties to apply excess cash flow in certain specified manners, depending on the outstanding principal amount of various tranches of the CMBS loans and other factors. These obligations will limit the amount of excess cash flow from the CMBS properties that may be distributed to Caesars Entertainment. For example, the CMBS properties are required to use 100.0 percent of excess cash flow to make ongoing mandatory offers on a quarterly basis to purchase CMBS mezzanine loans at discounted prices from the holders thereof. To the extent such offers are accepted, such excess cash flow will need to be so utilized and will not be available for distribution to Caesars Entertainment. To the extent such offers are not accepted with respect to any fiscal quarter, the amount of excess cash flow that may be distributed to Caesars Entertainment is limited to 85.0 percent of excess cash flow with respect to such quarter. In addition, the CMBS Financing provides that once the aggregate principal amount of the CMBS mezzanine loans is less than or equal to \$625.0 million, the mortgage loan will begin to amortize on a quarterly basis in an amount equal to the greater of 100.0 percent of excess cash flow for such quarter and \$31.3 million. If the CMBS mortgage loan begins to amortize, the excess cash flow from the CMBS properties will need to be applied to such amortization and will not be available for distribution to Caesars Entertainment.

[Table of Contents](#)

Derivative Instruments — Interest Rate Swap Agreements

We use interest rate swaps to manage the mix of our debt between fixed and variable rate instruments. As of June 30, 2011 we have entered into eight interest rate swap agreements for notional amounts totaling \$5,750.0 million. The difference to be paid or received under the terms of the interest rate swap agreements is accrued as interest rates change and recognized as an adjustment to interest expense for the related debt. Changes in the variable interest rates to be paid or received pursuant to the terms of the interest rate swap agreements will have a corresponding effect on future cash flows. The major terms of the interest rate swap agreements as of June 30, 2011 are as follows:

<u>Effective Date</u>	<u>Notional Amount (in millions)</u>	<u>Fixed Rate Paid</u>	<u>Variable Rate Received as of June 30, 2011</u>	<u>Next Reset Date</u>	<u>Maturity Date</u>
April 25, 2011	\$ 250.0	1.351%	0.186%	July 25, 2011	January 25, 2015
April 25, 2011	250.0	1.347%	0.186%	July 25, 2011	January 25, 2015
April 25, 2011	250.0	1.350%	0.186%	July 25, 2011	January 25, 2015
January 25, 2011	1,000.0	3.233%	0.274%	July 25, 2011	January 25, 2015
April 25, 2011	1,000.0	3.315%	0.274%	July 25, 2011	January 25, 2015
January 25, 2011	1,000.0	3.915%	0.274%	July 25, 2011	January 25, 2015
April 25, 2011	1,000.0	3.385%	0.274%	July 25, 2011	January 25, 2015
January 25, 2011	1,000.0	3.935%	0.274%	July 25, 2011	January 25, 2015

The variable rate on our interest rate swap agreements did not materially change as a result of the July 25, 2011 reset.

During the second quarter of 2011, the Company completed transactions to amend and extend certain swap contracts. A \$1,000.0 million swap was modified to change the fixed payment rate from 4.172 percent and the maturity date from April 25, 2012. Two \$2,000.0 million swaps were split into four \$1,000.0 million tranches. The terms were modified to change the fixed payment rates from 4.276 percent and 4.263 percent and the maturity dates from April 25, 2013. The amended payment rates and maturity dates are shown in the table above.

In connection with the transactions to amend and extend the swap contracts, we removed the cash flow hedging designation for those swap agreements, freezing the amount of deferred losses recorded in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss ("AOCL"). We are amortizing deferred losses from the amend and extend transactions and other amounts previously frozen in AOCL into income over the original remaining term of the hedged forecasted transactions that are still considered to be probable of occurring. For the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011, we amortized \$14.3 million and \$16.4 million, respectively, out of AOCL to interest expense. We will amortize an additional \$79.0 million out of AOCL to interest expense over the next twelve months.

During the second quarter of 2011, we re-designated \$4,310.1 million of the amended swap contracts as cash flow hedging instruments. To qualify for cash flow hedge accounting, the total designated swap amounts must match the critical terms such as notional amounts, benchmark interest rates and payment dates of the corresponding debt. At June 30, 2011, \$5,060.1 million of our total interest rate swap agreements notional amount of \$5,750.0 million are designated as hedging instruments for accounting purposes. Any future changes in fair value of the portion of the interest rate swap agreement not designated as a hedging instrument will be recognized in interest expense during the period in which the changes in value occur.

Derivative Instruments – Interest Rate Cap Agreements

On January 28, 2008, we entered into an interest rate cap agreement to partially hedge the risk of future increases in the variable rate of the CMBS Financing. The CMBS interest rate cap agreement, which was effective January 28, 2008 and terminates February 13, 2013, is for a notional amount of \$6,500.0 million at a LIBOR cap rate of 4.5 percent. The CMBS interest rate cap was designated as a cash flow hedging instrument for accounting purposes on May 1, 2008.

In 2009, we began purchasing and extinguishing portions of the CMBS Financing. The hedging relationship between the CMBS Financing and the interest rate cap remained effective subsequent to each debt extinguishment. In connection with the extinguishments, we reclassified deferred losses out of AOCL and into interest expense associated with hedges for which the forecasted future transactions are no longer probable of occurring. The following table summarizes the face value of debt extinguishments and the amount of deferred losses reclassified out of AOCL (in millions):

[Table of Contents](#)

Extinguishment Date	Debt Extinguished	Deferred Losses Reclassified
November 30, 2009	\$ 948.8	\$ 12.1
June 7, 2010	46.6	0.8
September 1, 2010	123.8	1.5
December 13, 2010	191.3	3.3
March 11, 2011	108.1	1.4
April 1, 2011	50.0	0.5

On January 31, 2010, we removed the cash flow hedge designation for the \$6,500.0 million interest rate cap, freezing the amount of deferred losses recorded in AOCL associated with the interest rate cap. Beginning February 1, 2010, we began amortizing deferred losses frozen in AOCL into income over the original remaining term of the hedge forecasted transactions that are still probable of occurring. For the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011, we recorded \$5.2 million and \$10.4 million, respectively, as an increase to interest expense. We will record an additional \$20.9 million as an increase to interest expense and AOCL over the next twelve months, all related to deferred losses on the interest rate cap.

On January 31, 2010, we re-designated \$4,650.2 million of the interest rate cap as a cash flow hedging instrument for accounting purposes. Any future changes in fair value of the portion of the interest rate cap not designated as a hedging instrument will be recognized in interest expense during the period in which the changes in value occur.

On April 5, 2010, as required under the PHW Las Vegas Amended and Restated Loan Agreement, we entered into an interest rate cap agreement to partially hedge the risk of future increases in the variable interest rate of the PHW Las Vegas senior secured loan. The interest rate cap agreement is for a notional amount of \$554.3 million at a LIBOR cap rate of 5.0 percent, and matures on December 9, 2011. To give proper consideration to the prepayment requirements of the PHW Las Vegas senior secured loan, we designated \$525.0 million of the \$554.3 million notional amount of the interest rate cap as a cash flow hedging instrument for accounting purposes. On May 1, 2011, we removed the cash flow hedging designation for the interest rate cap agreement. Any subsequent change in fair value is recognized in interest expense during the period in which the change in value occurs.

Derivative Instruments – Impact on Financial Statements

The following table represents the fair values of derivative instruments in the Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

(In millions)	Asset Derivatives				Liability Derivatives			
	June 30, 2011		December 31, 2010		June 30, 2011		December 31, 2010	
	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments								
Interest rate swaps		\$ —		\$ —	Accrued expenses	\$ —	Accrued expenses	\$ (21.6)
Interest rate swaps	Deferred charges and other	—	Deferred charges and other	11.6	Deferred credits and other	(341.5)	Deferred credits and other	(305.5)
Interest rate cap	Deferred charges and other	0.5	Deferred charges and other	3.7		—		—
Subtotal		0.5		15.3		(341.5)		(327.1)
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments								
Interest rate swaps		—		—	Deferred credits and other	(13.4)	Deferred credits and other	(32.2)
Interest rate cap	Deferred charges and other	0.2	Deferred charges and other	1.5		—		—
Subtotal		0.2		1.5		(13.4)		(32.2)
Total Derivatives		<u>\$ 0.7</u>		<u>\$ 16.8</u>		<u>\$(354.9)</u>		<u>\$(359.3)</u>

[Table of Contents](#)

The following table represents the effect of derivative instruments in the Consolidated Condensed Statements of Operations for the quarters ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 for amounts transferred into or out of AOCL:

(In millions)	Amount of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in AOCL		Location of (Gain) or Loss Reclassified From AOCL Into Income (Effective Portion)	Amount of (Gain) or Loss Reclassified from AOCL into Income (Effective Portion)		Location of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in Income (Ineffective Portion)	Amount of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in Income (Ineffective Portion)	
	(Effective Portion)			(Effective Portion)			(Ineffective Portion)	
	Quarter Ended June 30, 2011	Quarter Ended June 30, 2010		Quarter Ended June 30, 2011	Quarter Ended June 30, 2010		Quarter Ended June 30, 2011	Quarter Ended June 30, 2010
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments								
Interest rate contracts	\$ 45.8	\$ 78.8	Interest expense	\$ 9.2	\$ 8.4	Interest expense	\$ 14.2	\$ (59.3)

(In millions)	Amount of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in Income		Location of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in Income	Amount of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in Income	
	(Effective Portion)			(Ineffective Portion)	
	Quarter Ended June 30, 2011	Quarter Ended June 30, 2010		Quarter Ended June 30, 2011	Quarter Ended June 30, 2010
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments					
Interest rate contracts	\$ 8.9	\$ 4.9	Interest expense	\$ 8.9	\$ 4.9

The following table represents the effect of derivative instruments in the Consolidated Condensed Statements of Operations for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 for amounts transferred into or out of AOCL:

(In millions)	Amount of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in AOCL		Location of (Gain) or Loss Reclassified From AOCL Into Income (Effective Portion)	Amount of (Gain) or Loss Reclassified from AOCL into Income (Effective Portion)		Location of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in Income (Ineffective Portion)	Amount of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in Income (Ineffective Portion)	
	(Effective Portion)			(Effective Portion)			(Ineffective Portion)	
	Six Months Ended June 30, 2011	Six Months Ended June 30, 2010		Six Months Ended June 30, 2011	Six Months Ended June 30, 2010		Six Months Ended June 30, 2011	Six Months Ended June 30, 2010
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments								
Interest rate contracts	\$ 1.8	\$ 123.9	Interest expense	\$ 19.3	\$ 14.3	Interest expense	\$ 4.4	\$ (48.7)

(In millions)	Amount of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in Income		Location of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in Income	Amount of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in Income	
	(Effective Portion)			(Ineffective Portion)	
	Six Months Ended June 30, 2011	Six Months Ended June 30, 2010		Six Months Ended June 30, 2011	Six Months Ended June 30, 2010
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments					
Interest rate contracts	\$ 5.6	\$ 9.8	Interest expense	\$ 5.6	\$ 9.8

In addition to the impact on interest expense from amounts reclassified from AOCL, the difference to be paid or received under the terms of the interest rate swap agreements is recognized as interest expense and is paid quarterly. This cash settlement portion of the interest rate swap agreements increased interest expense for the quarters ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 by approximately \$50.8 million and \$68.0 million, respectively. This cash settlement portion of the interest rate swap agreements increased interest expense for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 by approximately \$117.3 million and \$134.5 million, respectively.

[Table of Contents](#)

Guarantees of Third-Party Debt and Other Obligations and Commitments

The tables below summarize, for the period from December 31, 2010 through June 30, 2011, additions to or reductions in our contractual obligations and other commitments through their respective maturity or ending dates, which were disclosed in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations presented in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Contractual Obligations ^(a) (In millions)	Increase/ (Decrease)	Total
Face value of debt, including capital lease obligations	\$ 673.6	\$22,521.3
Estimated interest payments ^{(b)(c)}	(132.2)	9,234.0
Operating lease obligations	(0.5)	2,210.1
Purchase order obligations	18.3	68.2
State of Louisiana Guarantee ^(d)	(15.0)	—
Construction commitments	(7.3)	28.6
Community reinvestment	(3.5)	79.9
Entertainment obligations	91.4	176.2
Other contractual obligations	(43.0)	535.3

- (a) In addition to the contractual obligations disclosed in this table, we have unrecognized tax benefits that, based on uncertainties associated with the items, we are unable to make reasonably reliable estimates of the period of potential cash settlements, if any, with taxing authorities. (See Note 10, "Income Taxes," to our Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements included in this quarterly report.)
- (b) Estimated interest for variable rate debt is based on rates at June 30, 2011. Estimated interest includes the estimated impact of our interest rate swap and interest rate cap agreements.
- (c) Estimated interest assumes the extension of maturities of the CMBS Loans from 2013 to 2015 and the PHW Las Vegas senior secured loan from 2011 to 2015, resulting in a net increase of interest of approximately \$448.6 million.
- (d) In February 2008, we entered into an agreement with the State of Louisiana whereby we extended our guarantee of a \$60.0 million annual payment obligation of Jazz Casino Company, LLC, our wholly-owned subsidiary and owner of Harrah's New Orleans, to the State of Louisiana. The agreement ended March 31, 2011.

Other Commitments (In millions)	Increase/ (Decrease)	Total
Letters of credit	\$ 7.3	\$127.1
Minimum payments to tribes	(6.9)	10.0

The agreements pursuant to which we manage casinos on Indian lands contain provisions required by law that provide that a minimum monthly payment be made to the tribe. That obligation has priority over scheduled repayments of borrowings for development costs and over the management fee earned and paid to the manager. In the event that insufficient cash flow is generated by the operations to fund this payment, we must pay the shortfall to the tribe. Subject to certain limitations as to time, such advances, if any, would be repaid to us in future periods in which operations generate cash flow in excess of the required minimum payment. These commitments will terminate upon the occurrence of certain defined events, including termination of the management contract. Our aggregate monthly commitment for the minimum guaranteed payments, pursuant to these contracts for the three managed Indian-owned facilities now open, which extend for periods of up to 42 months from June 30, 2011, is \$1.2 million. Each of these casinos currently generates sufficient cash flows to cover all of its obligations, including its debt service.

**CAUTIONARY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO THE PRIVATE
SECURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT OF 1995**

This quarterly report on Form 10-Q contains “forward-looking statements” intended to qualify for the safe harbor from liability established by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. You can identify these statements by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. We have based these forward-looking statements on our current expectations about future events. Further, statements that include words such as “may,” “will,” “project,” “might,” “expect,” “believe,” “anticipate,” “intend,” “could,” “would,” “estimate,” “continue” or “pursue,” or the negative or other words or expressions of similar meaning may identify forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are found at various places throughout this report. These forward-looking statements, including without limitation, those relating to future actions, new projects, strategies, future performance, the outcome of contingencies such as legal proceedings and future financial results, wherever they occur in this report, are necessarily estimates reflecting the best judgment of our management and involve a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those suggested by the forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements should, therefore, be considered in light of various important factors set forth from time to time in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from estimates or projections contained in the forward-looking statements include without limitation:

- the impact of the Company’s significant indebtedness;
- the impact, if any, of unfunded pension benefits under the multi-employer pension plans;
- the effects of local and national economic, credit and capital market conditions on the economy in general, and on the gaming and hotel industries in particular;
- construction factors, including delays, increased costs of labor and materials, availability of labor and materials, zoning issues, environmental restrictions, soil and water conditions, weather and other hazards, site access matters and building permit issues;
- the effects of environmental and structural building conditions relating to our properties;
- the ability to timely and cost-effectively integrate companies that we acquire into our operations;
- the ability to realize the expense reductions from our cost savings programs;
- access to available and reasonable financing on a timely basis;
- changes in laws, including increased tax rates, smoking bans, regulations or accounting standards, third-party relations and approvals, and decisions, disciplines and fines of courts, regulators and governmental bodies;
- litigation outcomes and judicial and governmental body actions, including gaming legislative action, referenda, regulatory disciplinary actions and fines and taxation;
- the ability of our customer-tracking, customer loyalty and yield-management programs to continue to increase customer loyalty and same store sales or hotel sales;
- our ability to recoup costs of capital investments through higher revenues;
- acts of war or terrorist incidents, severe weather conditions, political uprisings or natural disasters;
- access to insurance on reasonable terms for our assets;
- abnormal gaming holds;
- the potential difficulties in employee retention and recruitment as a result of our substantial indebtedness, the recent downturn in the gaming and hotel industries, or any other factor; and
- the effects of competition, including locations of competitors and operating and market competition.

You are cautioned to not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this quarterly report for Form 10-Q. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or release any revisions to these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this quarterly report on Form 10-Q or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events, except as required by law.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of loss arising from adverse changes in market rates and prices, such as interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates and commodity prices. Our primary exposure to market risk is interest rate risk associated with our debt. We attempt to limit our exposure to interest rate risk by managing the mix of our debt between fixed-rate and variable-rate obligations. Of our \$19,584.0 million of total debt at June 30, 2011, \$8,154.2 million, excluding \$5,060.1 million of variable rate debt for which we have interest rate swap agreements designated as cash flow hedging instruments, is subject to variable interest rates. To manage our interest rate risk, we have entered into interest rate swap agreements with respect to LIBOR borrowings for a notional amount of \$5,750.0 million of this variable rate debt, all of which fix the floating rates of interest to fixed rates. In addition to the swap agreements, we entered into an interest rate cap agreement for a notional amount of \$6,500.0 million at a LIBOR cap rate of 4.5% and an interest rate cap agreement for a notional amount of \$554.3 million at a LIBOR cap rate of 5.0%. Assuming a constant outstanding balance for our variable rate debt for the next twelve months, a hypothetical 1% increase in interest rates would increase interest expense for the next twelve months by approximately \$71.7 million. At June 30, 2011, the weighted average USD LIBOR rate was 0.203%. A hypothetical reduction of this rate to 0% would decrease interest expense for the next twelve months by approximately \$14.6 million.

We use interest rate swaps to manage the mix of our debt between fixed and variable rate instruments. We do not purchase or hold any derivative financial instruments for trading purposes.

Foreign currency translation gains and losses were not material to our results of operations for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011. Our only material ownership interests in businesses in foreign countries are London Clubs, Macau Orient Golf and an approximate 95.0% ownership of a casino in Uruguay. Therefore, we have not been subject to material foreign currency exchange rate risk from the effects that exchange rate movements of foreign currencies would have on our future operating results or cash flows.

From time to time, we hold investments in various available-for-sale equity securities; however, our exposure to price risk arising from the ownership of these investments is not material to our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Our principal executive officer and principal financial officer have evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")), as of June 30, 2011. Based on such evaluation, they have concluded that as of such date, our disclosure controls and procedures are effective and designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in applicable SEC rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting during our most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Item 4T. Controls and Procedures

Not applicable.

PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

The Company is party to ordinary and routine litigation incidental to our business. We do not expect the outcome of any pending litigation to have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

There were no material changes from the risk factors set forth under Part I, Item 1A “Risk Factors” in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

None.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None.

Item 4. (Removed and Reserved).

Item 5. Other Information.

None.

[Table of Contents](#)

Item 6. Exhibits.

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description
3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Caesars Entertainment Corporation dated November 22, 2010 (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed November 24, 2010)
3.2	Bylaws of Caesars Entertainment Corporation, as amended on November 22, 2010 (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed November 24, 2010)
3.3	Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation of Caesars Entertainment Operating Company, Inc. dated November 22, 2010 (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit 3.3 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed November 24, 2010)
3.4	Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Harrah's Operating Company, Inc. (f/k/a Embassy Suites, Inc.), as amended. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 filed October 29, 2008.)
3.5	Certificate of Amendment of Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Harrah's Operating Company, Inc. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008.)
3.6	Bylaws of Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., as amended. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 filed October 29, 2008.)
4.1	Certificate of Designation of Non-Voting Perpetual Preferred Stock of Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., dated January 28, 2008. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-8 filed January 31, 2008.)
4.2	Certificate of Amendment to the Certificate of Designation of Non-Voting Perpetual Preferred Stock of Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., dated March 29, 2010. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed March 30, 2010.)
4.3	Certificate of Elimination of Non-Voting Perpetual Preferred Stock of Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., dated March 29, 2010. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed March 30, 2010.)
4.4	Indenture, dated as of April 11, 2003, between Park Place Entertainment Corp., as Issuer, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, with respect to the 7% Senior Notes due 2013. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Registration Statement on Form S-4 of Park Place Entertainment Corporation, File No. 333-104829, filed April 29, 2003.)
4.5	First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 13, 2005, to Indenture, dated as of April 11, 2003, between Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., Caesars Entertainment, Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, with respect to the 7% Senior Notes due 2013. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2005.)
4.6	Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of July 28, 2005, among Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., as Guarantor, Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., as Issuer, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, to the Indenture, dated as of April 11, 2003, as amended and supplemented by a First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 13, 2005, with respect to the 7% Senior Notes due 2013. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed August 2, 2005.)

[Table of Contents](#)

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description
4.7	Indenture, dated as of December 11, 2003, between Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., as Issuer, Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., as Guarantor, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, relating to the 5.375% Senior Notes due 2013. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003.)
4.8	Amended and Restated Indenture, dated as of July 28, 2005, among Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., as Guarantor, Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., as Issuer, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, relating to the Floating Rate Contingent Convertible Senior Notes due 2024. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed August 2, 2005.)
4.9	First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of September 9, 2005, to Amended and Restated Indenture, dated as of July 28, 2005, among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., as Issuer, Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. as Guarantor, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, relating to the Floating Rate Contingent Convertible Senior Notes due 2024. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Registration Statement on Form S-3/A of Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., File No. 333-127210, filed September 19, 2005.)
4.10	Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 8, 2008, to Amended and Restated Indenture, dated as of July 28, 2005, among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., as Issuer, Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. as Guarantor, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, relating to the Floating Rate Contingent Convertible Senior Notes due 2024. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007)
4.11	Third Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 28, 2008, to Amended and Restated Indenture, dated as of July 28, 2005, among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., as Issuer, Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. as Guarantor, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, relating to the Floating Rate Contingent Convertible Senior Notes due 2024. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed January 28, 2008)
4.12	Indenture, dated as of May 27, 2005, between Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., as Issuer, Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., as Guarantor, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, relating to the 5.625% Senior Notes due 2015. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed June 3, 2005.)
4.13	First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of August 19, 2005, to Indenture, dated as of May 27, 2005, between Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., as Issuer, Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., as Guarantor, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, relating to the 5.625% Senior Notes due 2015. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Registration Statement on Form S-4 of Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., File No. 333-127840, filed August 25, 2005.)
4.14	Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of September 28, 2005, to Indenture, dated as of May 27, 2005, between Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., as Issuer, Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., as Guarantor, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, relating to the 5.625% Senior Notes due 2015. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed October 3, 2005.)
4.15	Indenture dated as of September 28, 2005, among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., as Issuer, Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., as Guarantor, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, relating to the 5.75% Senior Notes due 2017. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed October 3, 2005.)

Table of Contents

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description
4.16	Indenture, dated as of June 9, 2006, between Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and U.S. National Bank Association, as Trustee, relating to the 6.50% Senior Notes due 2016. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed June 14, 2006.)
4.17	Officers' Certificate, dated as of June 9, 2006, pursuant to Sections 301 and 303 of the Indenture dated as of June 9, 2006 between Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and U.S. National Bank Association, as Trustee, relating to the 6.50% Senior Notes due 2016. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed June 14, 2006.)
4.18	Indenture, dated as of February 1, 2008, by and among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, relating to the 10.75% Senior Cash Pay Notes due 2016 and 10.75%/11.5% Senior Toggle Notes due 2018. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed February 4, 2008.)
4.19	First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 12, 2008, by and among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, relating to the 10.75% Senior Cash Pay Notes due 2016 and 10.75%/11.5% Senior Toggle Notes due 2018. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2008.)
4.20	Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 9, 2009, by and among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., the Guarantors (as defined therein) and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee relating to the 10.75% Senior Notes due 2016 and 10.75%/11.5% Senior Toggle Notes due 2018. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2009.)
4.21	Third Supplemental Indenture, dated as of March 26, 2009, by and among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., the Note Guarantors (as defined therein) and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee relating to the 10.75% Senior Notes due 2016 and 10.75%/11.5% Senior Toggle Notes due 2018. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed June 30, 2009.)
4.22	Indenture, dated as of December 24, 2008, by and among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, relating to the 10.00% Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2018 and 10.00% Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2015. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4/A, filed December 24, 2008.)
4.23	First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of July 22, 2009, by and among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee, relating to the 10.00% Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2018 and 10.00% Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2015. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2009.)
4.24	Collateral Agreement, dated as of December 24, 2008, by and among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc. as Issuer, each Subsidiary of the Issuer identified therein, and U.S. Bank National Association, as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4/A, filed December 24, 2008.)
4.25	Indenture, dated as of April 15, 2009, by and among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee and collateral agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed April 20, 2009.)
4.26	First Supplemental Indenture, dated May 18, 2009, by and among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee relating to the 10.00% Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2018. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2009.)

[Table of Contents](#)

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description
4.27	Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of December 24, 2008, by and among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., Citigroup Global Markets Inc., as lead dealer manager, and Banc of America Securities LLC, as joint dealer manager. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed December 30, 2008.)
4.28	Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of April 15, 2009, by and among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and Citigroup Global Markets Inc. and J.P. Morgan Securities Inc., as dealer managers. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed April 20, 2009.)
4.29	Indenture, dated as of June 10, 2009, by and among Harrah's Operating Escrow LLC, Harrah's Escrow Corporation, Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, relating to the 11.25% Senior Secured Notes due 2017. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed June 15, 2009.)
4.30	Supplemental Indenture, dated as of June 10, 2009, by and among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, relating to the 11.25% Senior Secured Notes due 2017. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed June 15, 2009.)
4.31	Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of September 11, 2009, by and among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, relating to the 11.25% Senior Secured Notes due 2017. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed September 17, 2009.)
4.32	Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of June 10, 2009, by and among Harrah's Operating Escrow LLC, Harrah's Escrow Corporation, Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and Banc of America Securities LLC, as representative of the initial purchasers. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed June 15, 2009.)
4.33	Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of September 11, 2009, by and among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and J.P. Morgan Securities Inc., Banc of America Securities LLC, Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC and Deutsche Bank Securities Inc., as representatives of the initial purchasers. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed September 17, 2009.)
4.34	Indenture, dated as of April 16, 2010, by and among Harrah's Operating Escrow LLC, Harrah's Escrow Corporation, Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee, relating to the 12.75% Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2018. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed April 22, 2010.)
4.35	Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of April 16, 2010, by and among Harrah's Operating Escrow LLC, Harrah's Escrow Corporation, Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Banc of America Securities LLC, Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC, Deutsche Bank Securities Inc. and J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. as representatives of the initial purchasers. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed April 22, 2010.)
4.36	Stockholders' Agreement, dated as of January 28, 2008, by and among Apollo Hamlet Holdings, LLC, Apollo Hamlet Holdings B, LLC, TPG Hamlet Holdings, LLC, TPG Hamlet Holdings B, LLC, Co-Invest Hamlet Holdings, Series LLC, Co-Invest Hamlet Holdings B, LLC, Hamlet Holdings LLC and Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., and, solely with respect to Sections 3.01 and 6.07, Apollo Investment Fund VI, L.P. and TPG V Hamlet AIV, L.P. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K/A filed February 7, 2008.)
4.37	Services Agreement, dated as of January 28, 2008, by and among Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., Apollo Management VI, L.P., Apollo Alternative Assets, L.P. and TPG Capital, L.P. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K/A filed February 7, 2008.)
4.38	Supplemental Indenture, dated as of May 20, 2010, by and among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed May 24, 2010.)

Table of Contents

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description
4.39	Joinder to Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of May 20, 2010, by and among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc. and Citigroup Global Markets Inc., Banc of America Securities LLC, Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC, Deutsche Bank Securities Inc. and J.P. Morgan Securities Inc., as representatives of the initial purchasers (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed May 24, 2010.)
10.1	Credit Agreement, dated as of January 28, 2008, by and among Hamlet Merger Inc., Harrah's Operating Company, Inc. as Borrower, the Lenders party thereto from time to time, Bank of America, N.A., as Administrative Agent and Collateral Agent, Deutsche Bank AG New York Branch, as Syndication Agent, and Citibank, N.A., Credit Suisse, Cayman Islands Branch, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith Incorporated, Goldman Sachs Credit Partners L.P., Morgan Stanley Senior Funding, Inc., and Bear Sterns Corporate Lending, Inc., as Co-Documentation Agents. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K/A filed February 7, 2008.)
10.2	Amendment and Waiver to Credit Agreement, dated as of June 3, 2009, among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., the lenders from time to time party thereto (the "Lenders"), Bank of America, N.A. as administrative agent, and the other parties thereto. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K/A filed June 11, 2009.)
10.3	Incremental Facility Amendment, dated as of September 26, 2009 to the Credit Agreement dated as of January 28, 2008. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed September 29, 2009.)
10.4	Amended and Restated Collateral Agreement dated and effective as of January 28, 2008 (as amended and restated on June 10, 2009), among Harrah's Operating Company, Inc., each Subsidiary Party that is party thereto and Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K/A filed June 11, 2009.)
10.5	Amended and Restated Guaranty and Pledge Agreement dated and effective as of January 28, 2008 (as amended and restated on June 10, 2009), made by Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. (as successor to Hamlet Merger Inc.) in favor of Bank of America, N.A., as Administrative Agent and Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K/A filed June 11, 2009.)
10.6	Intercreditor Agreement, dated as of January 28, 2008 by and among Bank of America, N.A. as administrative agent and collateral agent under the Credit Agreement, Citibank, N.A. as administrative agent under the Bridge-Loan Agreement and U.S. Bank National Association as Trustee under the Indenture. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008.)
10.7	Intercreditor Agreement, dated as of December 24, 2008 among Bank of America, N.A. as Credit Agreement Agent, each Other First Priority Lien Obligations Agent from time to time, U.S. Bank National Association as Trustee and each collateral agent for any Future Second Lien Indebtedness from time to time. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008.)
10.8	Joinder and Supplement to the Intercreditor Agreement, dated as of April 15, 2009 by and among U.S. Bank National Association, as new trustee, U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee under the Intercreditor Agreement, Bank of America, N.A., as Credit Agreement Agent under the Intercreditor Agreement, and any other First Lien Agent and Second Priority Agent from time to time party to the Intercreditor Agreement. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed April 20, 2009.)
10.9	First Lien Intercreditor Agreement, dated as of June 10, 2009, by and among Bank of America, N.A., as collateral agent for the First Lien Secured Parties and as Authorized Representative for the Credit Agreement Secured Parties, U.S. Bank National Association, as Authorized Representative for the Initial Other First Lien Secured Parties, and each additional Authorized Representative from time to time party to the First Lien Intercreditor Agreement. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K/A filed June 11, 2009.)
10.10	Joinder and Supplement to Intercreditor Agreement, by and among U.S. Bank National Association, as new trustee, U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee under the Intercreditor Agreement, Bank of America, N.A., as Credit Agreement Agent under the Intercreditor Agreement, U.S. Bank National Association as a Second Priority Agent under the Intercreditor Agreement and any other First Lien Agent and Second Priority Agent from time to time party to the Intercreditor Agreement. (Exhibit A thereto incorporated by reference to exhibit 10.4 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed March 17, 2009.) (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed June 15, 2009.)

Table of Contents

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description
10.11	Joinder and Supplement to the Intercreditor Agreement, dated as of September 11, 2009 by and among U.S. Bank National Association, as new trustee, U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee under the Intercreditor Agreement, Bank of America, N.A., as Credit Agreement Agent under the Intercreditor Agreement, and any other First Lien Agent and Second Priority Agent from time to time party to the Intercreditor Agreement. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed September 17, 2009.)
10.12	Other First Lien Secured Party Consent, dated as of September 11, 2009, by U.S. Bank National Association, as agent or trustee for persons who shall become "Secured Parties" under the Amended and Restated Collateral Agreement dated and effective as of January 28, 2008 (as amended and restated on June 10, 2009). (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed September 17, 2009.)
10.13	Other First Lien Secured Party Consent, dated as of September 11, 2009, by U.S. Bank National Association, as agent or trustee for persons who shall become "Secured Parties" under the Amended and Restated Guaranty and Pledge Agreement dated and effective as of January 28, 2008 (as amended and restated on June 10, 2009). (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed September 17, 2009.)
10.14	Amended and Restated Loan Agreement, dated as of February 19, 2010, between PHW Las Vegas, LLC and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. as trustee for the Credit Suite First Boston Mortgage Securities Corp. Commercial Pass-Through Certificates, Series 2007-TFL2. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2010.)
10.15	Guaranty Agreement, dated February 19, 2010, by and between Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as trustee for The Credit Suisse First Boston Mortgage Securities Corp. Commercial Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates, series 2007-TFL2. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed February 25, 2010.)
†10.16	Employment Agreement, made as of January 28, 2008, and amended on March 13, 2009, by and between Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and Gary W. Loveman. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2008.)
†10.17	Rollover Option Agreement, dated as of January 28, 2008, by and between Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and Gary W. Loveman. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K/A filed February 7, 2008.)
†10.18	Form of Employment Agreement between Harrah's Operating Company, Inc. and Jonathan S. Halkyard, Thomas M. Jenkin and John W. R. Payne. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed April 11, 2008.)
10.19	Summary Plan Description of Executive Term Life Insurance Plan. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1996.)
†10.20	Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. 2009 Senior Executive Incentive Plan, effective January 1, 2009. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed December 15, 2008.)
10.21	Trust Agreement dated June 20, 2001 by and between Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and Wells Fargo Bank Minnesota, N.A. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2001.)
10.22	Escrow Agreement, dated February 6, 1990, by and between The Promus Companies Incorporated, certain subsidiaries thereof, and Sovran Bank, as escrow agent (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 29, 1989.)
10.23	Amendment to Escrow Agreement dated as of October 29, 1993 among The Promus Companies Incorporated, certain subsidiaries thereof, and NationsBank, formerly Sovran Bank. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1993.)

Table of Contents

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description
10.24	Amendment, dated as of June 7, 1995, to Escrow Agreement among The Promus Companies Incorporated, certain subsidiaries thereof and NationsBank. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed June 15, 1995.)
10.25	Amendment, dated as of July 18, 1996, to Escrow Agreement between Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and NationsBank. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 1996.)
10.26	Amendment, dated as of October 30, 1997, to Escrow Agreement between Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., Harrah's Operating Company, Inc. and NationsBank. (Incorporated by reference from the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1997, filed March 10, 1998, File No. 1-10410.)
10.27	Amendment to Escrow Agreement, dated April 26, 2000, between Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and Wells Fargo Bank Minnesota, N.A., Successor to Bank of America, N.A. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2000.)
10.28	Letter Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank Minnesota, N.A., dated August 31, 2000, concerning appointment as Escrow Agent under Escrow Agreement for deferred compensation plans. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2000.)
†10.29	Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. Amended and Restated Executive Deferred Compensation Trust Agreement dated January 11, 2006 by and between Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007)
†10.30	Amendment to the Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. Amended and Restated Executive Deferred Compensation Trust Agreement effective January 28, 2008 by and between Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007)
†10.31	Amendment and Restatement of Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. Executive Deferred Compensation Plan, effective August 3, 2007. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2007.)
†10.32	Amendment and Restatement of Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. Deferred Compensation Plan, effective as of August 3, 2007. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2007.)
†10.33	Amendment and Restatement of Park Place Entertainment Corporation Executive Deferred Compensation Plan, effective as of August 3, 2007. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2007.)
†10.34	Amendment and Restatement of Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. Executive Supplemental Savings Plan, effective as of August 3, 2007. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2007.)
†10.35	Amendment and Restatement of Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. Executive Supplemental Savings Plan II, effective as of August 3, 2007. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2007.)
†10.36	First Amendment to the Amendment and Restatement of Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. Amendment and Restatement of Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. Executive Supplemental Savings Plan II, effective as of February 9, 2009. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed February 13, 2009.)
†10.37	Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. Management Equity Incentive Plan, as amended February 23, 2010. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed March 1, 2010.)
†10.38	Stock Option Grant Agreement dated February 27, 2008 between Gary W. Loveman and Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2008.)

Table of Contents

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description
†10.39	Stock Option Grant Agreement dated February 27, 2008 between Jonathan S. Halkyard and Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2008.)
†10.40	Stock Option Grant Agreement dated February 27, 2008 between Thomas M. Jenkin and Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2008.)
†10.41	Form of Stock Option Grant Agreement dated July 1, 2008 between Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and each of Lynn C. Swann and Christopher J. Williams. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2008.)
†10.42	Form of Stock Option Grant Agreement dated March 1, 2010 between Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. and each of Gary W. Loveman, Jonathan S. Halkyard, Thomas M. Jenkin, John W. R. Payne, and Peter E. Murphy. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009.)
10.43	Joinder and Supplement to the Intercreditor Agreement, dated as of May 20, 2010, by and among U.S. Bank National Association, as new trustee, U.S. Bank National Association, as second priority agent, Bank of America, N.A., as credit agreement agent and U.S. Bank national Association, as other first priority lien obligations agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed May 24, 2010.)
10.44	Additional Secured Party Consent, dated as of May 20, 2010, by U.S. Bank National Association, as agent or trustee for persons who shall become "Secured Parties" under the Collateral Agreement dated as of December 24, 2008. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed May 24, 2010.)
10.45	Investment and Exchange Agreement, dated as of June 3, 2010, among Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., Harrah's BC, Inc. and Paulson & Co, Inc., on behalf of the several investment funds and accounts managed by it. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed June 7, 2010.)
10.46	Investment and Exchange Agreement, dated as of June 3, 2010, among Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., Harrah's BC, Inc. Apollo Management VI, L.P., on behalf of certain affiliated investment funds, and TPG Capital, L.P., on behalf of certain affiliated investment funds. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed June 7, 2010.)
10.47	Second Amended and Restated Loan Agreement dated as of August 31, 2010, among Harrah's Las Vegas Propco, LLC, Harrah's Atlantic City Propco, LLC, Rio Propco, LLC, Flamingo Las Vegas Propco, LLC, Harrah's Laughlin Propco, LLC, and Paris Las Vegas Propco, LLC, as Borrower, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Bank of America, N.A., Citibank, N.A., Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch (f/k/a Credit Suisse, Cayman Islands Branch), Merrill Lynch Mortgage Lending, Inc., Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, Morgan Stanley Mortgage Capital Holdings LLC, German American Capital Corporation, and Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)
10.48	Second Amended and Restated First Mezzanine Loan Agreement dated as of August 31, 2010, among Harrah's Las Vegas Mezz 1, LLC, Harrah's Atlantic City Mezz 1, LLC, Rio Mezz 1, LLC, Flamingo Las Vegas Mezz 1, LLC, Harrah's Laughlin Mezz 1, LLC, and Paris Las Vegas Mezz 1, LLC, as Borrower, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Bank of America, N.A., Citibank, N.A., Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch (f/k/a Credit Suisse, Cayman Islands Branch), Merrill Lynch Mortgage Lending, Inc., Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, Blackstone Special Funding (Ireland), and Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)

Table of Contents

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description
10.49	Second Amended and Restated Second Mezzanine Loan Agreement dated as of August 31, 2010, among Harrah's Las Vegas Mezz 2, LLC, Harrah's Atlantic City Mezz 2, LLC, Rio Mezz 2, LLC, Flamingo Las Vegas Mezz 2, LLC, Harrah's Laughlin Mezz 2, LLC, and Paris Las Vegas Mezz 2, LLC, as Borrower, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Bank of America, N.A., Citibank, N.A., Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch (f/k/a Credit Suisse, Cayman Islands Branch), Merrill Lynch Mortgage Lending, Inc., Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, Blackstone Special Funding (Ireland), and Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)
10.50	Second Amended and Restated Third Mezzanine Loan Agreement dated as of August 31, 2010, among Harrah's Las Vegas Mezz 3, LLC, Harrah's Atlantic City Mezz 3, LLC, Rio Mezz 3, LLC, Flamingo Las Vegas Mezz 3, LLC, Harrah's Laughlin Mezz 3, LLC, and Paris Las Vegas Mezz 3, LLC, as Borrower, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Bank of America, N.A., Citibank, N.A., Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch (f/k/a Credit Suisse, Cayman Islands Branch), Merrill Lynch Mortgage Lending, Inc., Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, Blackstone Special Funding (Ireland), and Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)
10.51	Second Amended and Restated Fourth Mezzanine Loan Agreement dated as of August 31, 2010, among Harrah's Las Vegas Mezz 4, LLC, Harrah's Atlantic City Mezz 4, LLC, Rio Mezz 4, LLC, Flamingo Las Vegas Mezz 4, LLC, Harrah's Laughlin Mezz 4, LLC, and Paris Las Vegas Mezz 4, LLC, as Borrower, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Bank of America, N.A., Citibank, N.A., Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch (f/k/a Credit Suisse, Cayman Islands Branch), Merrill Lynch Mortgage Lending, Inc., Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, Blackstone Special Funding (Ireland), and Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)
10.52	Second Amended and Restated Fifth Mezzanine Loan Agreement dated as of August 31, 2010, among Harrah's Las Vegas Mezz 5, LLC, Harrah's Atlantic City Mezz 5, LLC, Rio Mezz 5, LLC, Flamingo Las Vegas Mezz 5, LLC, Harrah's Laughlin Mezz 5, LLC, and Paris Las Vegas Mezz 5, LLC, as Borrower, Citibank, N.A., Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch (f/k/a Credit Suisse, Cayman Islands Branch), Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, Blackstone Special Funding (Ireland), German American Capital Corporation, and Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)
10.53	Second Amended and Restated Sixth Mezzanine Loan Agreement dated as of August 31, 2010, among Harrah's Las Vegas Mezz 6, LLC, Harrah's Atlantic City Mezz 6, LLC, Rio Mezz 6, LLC, Flamingo Las Vegas Mezz 6, LLC, Harrah's Laughlin Mezz 6, LLC, and Paris Las Vegas Mezz 6, LLC, as Borrower, Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch (f/k/a Credit Suisse, Cayman Islands Branch), Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, German American Capital Corporation, and Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)
10.54	Second Amended and Restated Seventh Mezzanine Loan Agreement dated as of August 31, 2010, among Harrah's Las Vegas Mezz 7, LLC, Harrah's Atlantic City Mezz 7, LLC, Rio Mezz 7, LLC, Flamingo Las Vegas Mezz 7, LLC, Harrah's Laughlin Mezz 7, LLC, and Paris Las Vegas Mezz 7, LLC, as Borrower, Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch (f/k/a Credit Suisse, Cayman Islands Branch), Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, and Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)
10.55	Second Amended and Restated Eighth Mezzanine Loan Agreement dated as of August 31, 2010, among Harrah's Las Vegas Mezz 8, LLC, Harrah's Atlantic City Mezz 8, LLC, Rio Mezz 8, LLC, Flamingo Las Vegas Mezz 8, LLC, Harrah's Laughlin Mezz 8, LLC, and Paris Las Vegas Mezz 8, LLC, as Borrower, Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, and Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)

Table of Contents

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description
10.56	Second Amended and Restated Ninth Mezzanine Loan Agreement dated as of August 31, 2010, among Harrah's Las Vegas Mezz 9, LLC, Harrah's Atlantic City Mezz 9, LLC, Rio Mezz 9, LLC, Flamingo Las Vegas Mezz 9, LLC, Harrah's Laughlin Mezz 9, LLC, and Paris Las Vegas Mezz 9, LLC, as Borrower, Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, and Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)
10.57	Note Sales Agreement dated as of August 31, 2010, among each first mezzanine lender, each second mezzanine lender, each third mezzanine lender, fourth mezzanine lender, fifth mezzanine lender, sixth mezzanine lender, seventh mezzanine lender, eighth mezzanine lender and ninth mezzanine lender, and specified mezzanine lender, Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., each Mortgage Loan Borrower, each Mezzanine Borrower and each Operating Company. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)
10.58	Form of Management Agreement entered into between each Mortgage Loan Borrower and its respective Operating Company. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)
10.59	Form of Amended and Restated Operating Lease (Hotel Component) entered into between each Mortgage Loan Borrower, its respective Operating Company and its respective Management Company. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)
10.60	Form of Amended and Restated Operating Lease (Casino Component) entered into between each Mortgage Loan Borrower, its respective Operating Company and its respective Management Company. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)
10.61	Agreement Among Mortgage Noteholders, dated August 31, 2010, among JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Note A-1 Holder, Bank of America, N.A., as Note A-2 Holder, Citibank, N.A., as Note A-3 Holder, Credit Suisse, Cayman Islands Branch, as Note A-4 Holder, German American Capital Corporation, as Note A-5 Holder, Merrill Lynch Mortgage Lending, Inc., as Note A-6 Holder, JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Note A-7 Holder, Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, as Note A-9 Holder, Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent, and Bank of America, N.A. as Servicer. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)
10.62	Agreement Among First Mezzanine Noteholders, dated August 31, 2010, among JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Bank of America, N.A., Citibank, N.A., Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch (f/k/a Credit Suisse, Cayman Islands Branch), Merrill Lynch Mortgage Lending, Inc., Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, Blackstone Special Funding (Ireland), and Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)
10.63	Agreement Among Second Mezzanine Noteholders, dated August 31, 2010, among JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Bank of America, N.A., Citibank, N.A., Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch (f/k/a Credit Suisse, Cayman Islands Branch), Merrill Lynch Mortgage Lending, Inc., Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, Blackstone Special Funding (Ireland), and Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)
10.64	Agreement Among Third Mezzanine Noteholders, dated August 31, 2010, among JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Bank of America, N.A., Citibank, N.A., Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch (f/k/a Credit Suisse, Cayman Islands Branch), Merrill Lynch Mortgage Lending, Inc., Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, Blackstone Special Funding (Ireland), and Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)
10.65	Agreement Among Fourth Mezzanine Noteholders, dated August 31, 2010, among JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Bank of America, N.A., Citibank, N.A., Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch (f/k/a Credit Suisse, Cayman Islands Branch), Merrill Lynch Mortgage Lending, Inc., Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, Blackstone Special Funding (Ireland), and Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)

Table of Contents

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description
10.66	Agreement Among Fifth Mezzanine Noteholders, dated August 31, 2010, among Citibank, N.A., Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch (f/k/a Credit Suisse, Cayman Islands Branch), Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, Blackstone Special Funding (Ireland), German American Capital Corporation, and Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)
10.67	Agreement Among Sixth Mezzanine Noteholders, dated August 31, 2010, among Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch (f/k/a Credit Suisse, Cayman Islands Branch), Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, German American Capital Corporation, and Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)
10.68	Agreement Among Seventh Mezzanine Noteholders, dated August 31, 2010, among Credit Suisse AG, Cayman Islands Branch (f/k/a Credit Suisse, Cayman Islands Branch), Goldman Sachs Mortgage Company, and Bank of America, N.A., as Collateral Agent. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)
10.69	Intercreditor Agreement, dated August 31, 2010, among the senior lender, first mezzanine lender, second mezzanine lender, third mezzanine lender, fourth mezzanine lender, fifth mezzanine lender, sixth mezzanine lender, seventh mezzanine lender, eighth mezzanine lender, and ninth mezzanine lender. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit filed with the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on September 3, 2010.)
†10.70	Form of Indemnification Agreement entered into by Caesars Entertainment Corporation and each of its directors and executive officers. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Registration Statement filed November 16, 2010).
10.71	Irrevocable Proxy of Hamlet Holdings LLC, dated November 22, 2010 (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed November 24, 2010)
10.72	Amended and Restated Management Investors Rights Agreement, dated November 22, 2010 (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed November 24, 2010)
10.73	Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of November 23, 2010, by and between Caesars Entertainment Corporation and Paulson & Co. Inc., on behalf of the several investment funds and accounts managed by it (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed November 24, 2010)
10.74	Financial Counseling Plan of Harrah's Entertainment, Inc., as amended June 1996. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1995.)
10.75	Credit Agreement dated as of April 25, 2011 among Caesars Entertainment Corporation, Caesars Octavius, LLC, Caesars Linq, LLC, the lenders party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent and collateral agent for the lenders. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed April 27, 2011).
10.76	Completion Guarantee dated as of April 25, 2011 by Caesars Entertainment Corporation in favor of JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent and collateral agent for the lenders. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed April 27, 2011).

Table of Contents

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description
10.77	Disbursement Agreement dated as of April 25, 2011 between Caesars Linq, LLC, Caesars Octavius, LLC, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. as disbursement agent and agent and Fulcrum LLC as construction consultant. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed April 27, 2011).
10.78	Amendment Agreement dated as of May 16, 2011, among Caesars Entertainment Corporation, Caesars Entertainment Operating Company, Inc. each Subsidiary Loan Party party thereto, the lenders party thereto and Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent under the Credit Agreement dated as of January 28, 2008, among Caesars Entertainment Corporation, Caesars Entertainment Operating Company, Inc., the lenders party thereto from time to time and the other parties party thereto. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K/A filed May 23, 2011).
†10.79	Caesars Entertainment Corporation Management Equity Incentive Plan, as amended and restated on July 8, 2011. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed July 12, 2011).
14	Harrah's Entertainment, Inc. Code of Business Conduct and Ethics for Principal Officers, adopted February 26, 2003. (Incorporated by reference to the exhibit to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2002, filed March 10, 2003.)
*31.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, dated August 11, 2011.
*31.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, dated August 11, 2011.
*32.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, dated August 11, 2011.
*32.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, dated August 11, 2011.
*99.1	Supplemental Discussion of Pro Forma Caesars Entertainment Operating Company, Inc. Financial Results
*99.2	Supplemental Discussion of Caesars Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities Related Properties Financial Results
*101	The following financial statements from the Company's 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2011, formatted in XBRL: (i) Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheets, (ii) Consolidated Condensed Statements of Operations, (iii) Consolidated Condensed Statements of Cash Flows (iv) Consolidated Condensed Statement of Stockholders' Equity and Comprehensive Loss (v) Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements.

† Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement required to be filed as an exhibit to the Form pursuant to Item 6 of Form 10-Q.

* Filed herewith.

I, Gary W. Loveman, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Caesars Entertainment Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 11, 2011

By: _____ /s/ GARY W. LOVEMAN
Gary W. Loveman
Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive
Officer and President

Certification of Principal Executive Officer

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as created by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the undersigned officer of Caesars Entertainment Corporation (the "Company"), hereby certifies, to such officer's knowledge, that:

(i) the accompanying Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2011 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and

(ii) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: August 11, 2011

/s/ GARY W. LOVEMAN

Gary W. Loveman

Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and President

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely to accompany the Report pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, and is not being filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and is not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of the Company, whether made before or after the date hereof, regardless of any general incorporation language in such filing.

Certification of Principal Financial Officer

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as created by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the undersigned officer of Caesars Entertainment Corporation (the "Company"), hereby certifies, to such officer's knowledge, that:

(i) the accompanying Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2011 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and

(ii) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: August 11, 2011

/s/ JONATHAN S. HALKYARD

Jonathan S. Halkyard
Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely to accompany the Report pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, and is not being filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and is not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of the Company, whether made before or after the date hereof, regardless of any general incorporation language in such filing.

Supplemental Discussion of Pro forma Caesars Entertainment Operating Company Results

On January 28, 2008, Caesars Entertainment Corporation (“Caesars Entertainment”, or “CEC”) was acquired by affiliates of Apollo Global Management, LLC and TPG Capital, LP in an all cash transaction, hereinafter referred to as the “Acquisition.” A substantial portion of the financing of the Acquisition is comprised of bank and bond financing obtained by Caesars Entertainment Operating Company, Inc. (for purposes of this Exhibit, “CEOC”, the “Company,” “we,” “our” or “us”, and including our subsidiaries when the context requires), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Caesars Entertainment. This financing is neither secured nor guaranteed by Caesars Entertainment’s other wholly-owned subsidiaries, including certain subsidiaries that own properties that are secured under \$5,031.5 million face value of commercial mortgage-backed securities (“CMBS”) financing. Therefore, we believe it is meaningful to provide information pertaining solely to the consolidated financial position and results of operations of CEOC and its subsidiaries.

OPERATING RESULTS FOR CEOC**Overall CEOC Results**

The following tables represent CEOC’s unaudited Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 and its unaudited Consolidated Condensed Statements of Operations for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011 and June 30, 2010. Also included are the unaudited Consolidated Condensed Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and June 30, 2010.

Caesars Entertainment Operating Company, Inc.
Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheets
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	June 30, 2011	December 31, 2010
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 649.9	\$ 619.1
Receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	365.4	344.5
Deferred income taxes	153.6	159.1
Prepayments and other current assets	191.9	129.0
Inventories	38.7	38.7
Assets held for sale	2.8	—
Total current assets	<u>1,402.3</u>	<u>1,290.4</u>
Land, buildings, riverboats and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	12,197.9	12,426.0
Goodwill	1,732.9	1,731.5
Intangible assets other than goodwill	4,167.2	4,153.7
Investments in and advances to non-consolidated affiliates	96.8	85.3
Restricted cash	418.5	—
Deferred charges and other	574.5	605.3
	<u>\$ 20,590.1</u>	<u>\$ 20,292.2</u>
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 261.0	\$ 218.9
Interest payable	188.6	205.3
Accrued expenses	724.6	765.7
Current portion of long-term debt	44.6	55.6
Total current liabilities	1,218.8	1,245.5
Long-term debt	15,348.8	14,405.2
Notes payable to affiliate	310.2	500.0
Deferred credits and other	888.4	893.5
Deferred income taxes	3,675.3	3,828.1
	<u>21,441.5</u>	<u>20,872.3</u>
Total Caesars Entertainment Operating Company, Inc. Stockholder's deficit	(894.7)	(618.7)
Non-controlling interests	43.3	38.6
Total Stockholder's deficit	<u>(851.4)</u>	<u>(580.1)</u>
	<u>\$ 20,590.1</u>	<u>\$ 20,292.2</u>

Caesars Entertainment Operating Company, Inc.
Consolidated Condensed Statements of Operations
(Unaudited)

<u>(In millions)</u>	<u>Quarter Ended June 30,</u>		<u>Six Months Ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Revenues				
Casino	\$1,358.0	\$1,392.1	\$ 2,726.3	\$ 2,821.3
Food and beverage	256.0	258.9	512.0	510.3
Rooms	190.8	182.6	375.4	346.0
Management fees	8.9	9.1	18.0	22.2
Other	126.0	108.9	240.3	215.4
Less: casino promotional allowances	<u>(222.0)</u>	<u>(247.8)</u>	<u>(446.2)</u>	<u>(500.5)</u>
Net revenues	<u>1,717.7</u>	<u>1,703.8</u>	<u>3,425.8</u>	<u>3,414.7</u>
Operating expenses				
Direct				
Casino	773.1	817.2	1,558.1	1,644.4
Food and beverage	105.7	99.4	206.8	187.8
Rooms	44.9	41.1	85.4	75.4
Property, general, administrative and other	364.8	390.3	751.5	755.0
Depreciation and amortization	135.8	155.5	274.2	285.3
Project opening costs	4.0	1.6	4.3	2.3
Write-downs, reserves and recoveries	23.0	87.5	39.1	92.8
Impairment of intangible assets, including goodwill	—	100.0	—	100.0
Loss on interests in non-consolidated affiliates	1.1	1.1	1.5	1.7
Corporate expense	36.3	29.0	63.7	56.0
Acquisition and integration costs	(0.3)	0.4	1.7	7.6
Amortization of intangible assets	<u>24.3</u>	<u>24.7</u>	<u>48.6</u>	<u>52.5</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>1,512.7</u>	<u>1,747.8</u>	<u>3,034.9</u>	<u>3,260.8</u>
Income/(loss) from operations	205.0	(44.0)	390.9	153.9
Interest expense, net of interest capitalized	(500.5)	(409.8)	(954.8)	(857.6)
Losses on early extinguishments of debt	—	(4.6)	—	(4.6)
Other income, including interest income	<u>4.7</u>	<u>3.5</u>	<u>8.4</u>	<u>18.0</u>
Loss before income taxes	(290.8)	(454.9)	(555.5)	(690.3)
Benefit for income taxes	<u>114.0</u>	<u>178.3</u>	<u>208.0</u>	<u>250.7</u>
Net loss	(176.8)	(276.6)	(347.5)	(439.6)
Less: net income attributable to non-controlling interests	<u>(2.4)</u>	<u>(1.5)</u>	<u>(5.2)</u>	<u>(3.6)</u>
Net loss attributable to Caesars Entertainment Operating Company, Inc.	<u>\$ (179.2)</u>	<u>\$ (278.1)</u>	<u>\$ (352.7)</u>	<u>\$ (443.2)</u>

Caesars Entertainment Operating Company, Inc.
Consolidated Condensed Statements of Cash Flows
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2011	2010
Cash flows used in operating activities	\$ (167.2)	\$ (79.2)
Cash flows (used in)/provided by investing activities		
Land, buildings, riverboats and equipment additions, net of change in construction payables	(78.6)	(59.3)
Change in restricted cash	(474.6)	—
Investments in subsidiaries	—	(1.1)
Payment made for partnership interest	—	(19.5)
Payment made for Pennsylvania gaming rights	—	(16.5)
Cash acquired in business acquisition, net of transaction costs	—	13.0
Investments in/advances to non-consolidated affiliates and other	(74.0)	—
Proceeds from other asset sales	1.2	13.0
Other	(5.1)	(6.4)
Cash flows used in investing activities	(631.1)	(76.8)
Cash flows provided by/(used in) financing activities		
Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt	863.8	740.8
Debt issuance costs	(17.5)	(17.3)
Borrowings under lending agreements	135.0	1,175.0
Repayments under lending agreements	(135.0)	(1,604.2)
Cash paid in connection with early extinguishments of debt	(17.4)	(219.9)
Scheduled debt retirements	(23.5)	(177.8)
Non-controlling interests' distributions, net of contributions	(3.9)	(1.8)
Other	(3.4)	(1.1)
Intercompany note borrowings, net of repayments	31.0	439.4
Cash flows provided by financing activities	829.1	333.1
Effect of deconsolidation of variable interest entities	—	4.4
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	30.8	181.5
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	619.1	568.8
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 649.9	\$ 750.3

REGIONAL AGGREGATION

The executive officers of our Company review operating results, assess performance and make decisions related to the allocation of resources on a property-by-property basis. We, therefore, believe that each property is an operating segment and that it is appropriate to aggregate and present the operations of our Company as one reportable segment. In order to provide more meaningful information than would be possible on either a consolidated basis, or an individual property basis, our casino properties as of June 30, 2011, have been grouped as follows to facilitate discussion of our operating results:

<u>Las Vegas</u>	<u>Atlantic City</u>	<u>Louisiana/Mississippi</u>	<u>Iowa/Missouri</u>
Caesars Palace	Showboat Atlantic City	Harrah's New Orleans	Harrah's St. Louis
Bally's Las Vegas	Bally's Atlantic City	Harrah's Louisiana Downs	Harrah's North Kansas City
Imperial Palace	Caesars Atlantic City	Horseshoe Bossier City	Harrah's Council Bluffs
Bill's Gamblin' Hall & Saloon	Harrah's Chester ⁽²⁾	Grand Biloxi	Horseshoe Council Bluffs/Bluffs Run
Planet Hollywood Resort & Casino ⁽¹⁾		Harrah's Tunica	
		Horseshoe Tunica	
		Tunica Roadhouse Hotel & Casino	
<u>Illinois/Indiana</u>	<u>Other Nevada</u>	<u>Managed and International</u>	
Horseshoe Southern Indiana	Harrah's Reno	Harrah's Ak-Chin ⁽⁴⁾	
Harrah's Joliet ⁽³⁾	Harrah's Lake Tahoe	Harrah's Cherokee ⁽⁴⁾	
Harrah's Metropolis	Harvey's Lake Tahoe	Harrah's Rincon ⁽⁴⁾	
Horseshoe Hammond		Conrad Punta del Este ⁽²⁾	
		Casino Windsor ⁽⁵⁾	
		London Clubs International ⁽⁶⁾	

⁽¹⁾ Acquired on February 19, 2010.

⁽²⁾ We have an approximately 95 percent ownership interest in and manage this property.

⁽³⁾ We have an 80 percent ownership interest in and manage this property

⁽⁴⁾ Managed.

⁽⁵⁾ We have a 50 percent interest in Windsor Casino Limited, which operates this property. The province of Ontario owns the complex.

⁽⁶⁾ We own, operate or manage ten casino clubs in the provinces of the United Kingdom and two in Egypt. We have a 70 percent ownership interest in and manage one casino club in South Africa.

CONSOLIDATED OPERATING RESULTS

<u>(In millions)</u>	<u>Quarter Ended June 30,</u>		<u>Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)</u>	<u>Six Months Ended June 30,</u>		<u>Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)</u>
	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>		<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	
Casino revenues	\$1,358.0	\$1,392.1	(2.4)%	\$ 2,726.3	\$ 2,821.3	(3.4)%
Net revenues	1,717.7	1,703.8	0.8%	3,425.8	3,414.7	0.3%
Income/(loss) from operations	205.0	(44.0)	N/M	390.9	153.9	N/M
Impairment of intangible assets, including goodwill	—	100.0	N/M	—	100.0	N/M
Income from operations before impairment charges	205.0	56.0	N/M	390.9	253.9	54.0%
Net loss attributable to Caesars Entertainment Operating Company, Inc.	(179.2)	(278.1)	(35.6)%	(352.7)	(443.2)	(20.4)%
Operating margin	11.9%	(2.6)%	14.5 pts	11.4%	4.5%	6.9 pts
Operating margin before impairment	11.9%	3.3%	8.6 pts	11.4%	7.4%	4.0 pts

The Company's net revenues for the quarter ended June 30, 2011 increased 0.8 percent to \$1,717.7 million from \$1,703.8 million for 2010 despite an overall decline in visitation due to the temporary closures of five of our properties in the Illinois/Indiana and Louisiana/Mississippi regions due to flooding. The increase was attributable to higher spend from our most loyal customers as well as growth in hotel revenue, most notably in the Las Vegas market. Net revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2011 increased 0.3 percent to \$3,425.8 million from \$3,414.7 million. We experienced reduced visitation by our rated players due to temporary closures mentioned above as well as temporary closures of two other properties in the mentioned regions due to severe weather conditions, the effects of which were offset by increased customer spend per trip and the full six-month impact of Planet Hollywood Las Vegas, which we acquired in February 2010.

Income from operations for the quarter ended June 30, 2011 was \$205.0 million compared with a loss from operations of \$44.0 million in the 2010 period. Income from operations for the six months ended June 30, 2011 was \$390.9 million, compared with \$153.9 million for the year-ago period. The loss from operations for the quarter ended June 30, 2010 and the income from operations for the six months ended June 30, 2010 included impairment charges related to goodwill and other non-amortizing intangible assets of \$100.0 million. Prior to the consideration of the 2010 impairment charges, income from operations was \$56.0 million and \$253.9 million for the 2010 periods. The increase of 2011 over 2010 was due to reduced operating expenses resulting from the company's cost-reduction efforts and, reduced and more focused marketing expenditures. Additionally, we recorded charges during the quarter ended June 30, 2010, with no comparable amounts in 2011, for \$52.2 million to fully reserve a note-receivable balance related to a venture for development of a casino project in Philadelphia, and \$25.0 million relating to a previously disclosed contingency. These charges are reported for 2010 within Write downs, reserves and recoveries in the Consolidated Condensed Statement of Operations.

Net loss attributable to Caesars Entertainment Operating Company, Inc. for the quarter ended June 30, 2011 was \$179.2 million compared with \$278.1 million for the year-ago quarter. Net loss attributable to Caesars Entertainment Operating Company, Inc. for the six months ended June 30, 2011 was \$352.7 million compared with \$443.2 million for the year-ago period.

REGIONAL OPERATING RESULTS

Flooding of the Ohio and Mississippi rivers during the quarter ended June 30, 2011 caused temporary closures of Horseshoe Southern Indiana, Horseshoe Tunica, Tunica Roadhouse, Harrah's Tunica, and Harrah's Metropolis. Based on their locations and other factors, some properties were closed longer than others, however, all properties were reopened as of May 27, 2011. While the closures did contribute to the reduced net revenues experienced in the affected regions, the overall financial impact on our results of operations for 2011 is insignificant, after taking into account our insurance coverage. Costs incurred during the closures, as well as those in connection with restoring the affected properties to operating condition of approximately \$29 million have not been expensed, but instead have been recorded as a receivable from our third party insurance providers. We also expect to receive insurance recoveries for lost profits through our business interruption insurance; however, these recoveries will be recognized into income in the period in which settlements with insurers are finalized.

Further discussion of CEOC's quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011 results by region follow:

Las Vegas Region

(In millions)	Quarter Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)	Six Months Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
	2011	2010		2011	2010	
Casino revenues	\$ 221.2	\$ 170.6	29.7%	\$ 428.2	\$ 364.2	17.6%
Net revenues	417.0	348.1	19.8%	809.2	687.9	17.6%
Income from operations	75.7	16.8	NM	142.1	73.1	94.4%
Operating margin	18.2%	4.8%	13.4 pts	17.6%	10.6%	7.0 pts

Net revenues increased 19.8 percent and 17.6 percent for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011, respectively, from the year ago periods due to increased visitation and customer gaming spend per trip. Net revenues were also increased by higher total occupancy percentages and cash average daily room rates for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011. These trends demonstrate strengthening fundamentals in the region. Net revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2011 also include the full six-month impact of Planet Hollywood Las Vegas, which we acquired in February 2010. Income from operations for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011 increased compared to the 2010 periods due to the income impact of increased net revenues and improved operating margins due to our continued focus on effective cost management through the implementation of the Company's efficiency projects. Included in the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2010 income from operations are increased levels of property remediation costs, which did not recur in the quarter or six month periods ended June 30, 2011.

On April 25, 2011 the financing was completed for the Octavius Tower at Caesars' Palace Las Vegas ("Project Octavius") and the development of a retail, dining and entertainment corridor located between the Imperial Palace Hotel and Casino and the Flamingo Las Vegas on the Las Vegas strip ("Project Linq") and the Company has resumed work towards the completion of the Octavius Tower's 662 rooms, including 75 luxury suites and expects to commence construction on Project Linq in the fourth quarter of 2011.

Atlantic City Region

(In millions)	Quarter Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)	Six Months Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
	2011	2010		2009	2010	
Casino revenues	\$ 313.6	\$ 330.0	(5.0)%	\$ 614.9	\$ 652.7	(5.8)%
Net revenues	356.6	364.0	(2.0)%	691.5	706.1	(2.1)%
Income from operations	24.4	15.9	53.5%	32.9	25.4	29.5%
Operating margin	6.8%	4.4%	2.4 pts	4.8%	3.6%	1.2 pts

The Atlantic City Region revenues continued to be affected by the ongoing difficult economic environment, competition from new casinos and the mid-2010 introduction of table games in the Pennsylvania market. As a result, net revenues for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011 were slightly lower than the prior year periods. Income from operations for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011 increased from the year ago periods due to reduced operating expenses as a result of reduced and more focused marketing expenses, lower depreciation expense and reduced payroll-related and property-tax expenses.

Louisiana/Mississippi Region

(In millions)	Quarter Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)	Six Months Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
	2011	2010		2011	2010	
Casino revenues	\$ 244.8	\$ 272.1	(10.0)%	\$ 507.6	\$ 554.6	(8.5)%
Net revenues	267.7	298.7	(10.4)%	553.8	605.7	(8.6)%
Income/(loss) from operations	36.9	(30.6)	NM	70.6	1.7	NM
Impairment of intangible assets, including goodwill	—	51.0	NM	—	51.0	NM
Income from operations before impairment charges	36.9	20.4	80.9%	70.6	52.7	34.0%
Operating margin	13.8%	(10.2)%	24.0 pts	12.7%	0.3%	12.4 pts
Operating margin before impairment	13.8%	6.8%	7.0 pts	12.7%	8.7%	4.0 pts

Net revenues decreased for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011 compared to the 2010 periods, primarily due to the temporary closures of three properties in the region due to flooding. Included in income/(loss) from operations for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2010 was an impairment charge of \$51.0 million related to impairment of intangible assets at one of the region's properties. Prior to the consideration of the 2010 impairment charges, income from operations for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011 improved from the 2010 periods, as a result of insurance recovery receivables recorded during the second quarter 2011 which offset certain costs incurred during the closures and as a result of the flooding. The 2010 second quarter and first half results include a one-time rent adjustment paid to the City of New Orleans in the amount of \$6.4 million.

Iowa/Missouri Region

(In millions)	Quarter Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)	Six Months Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
	2011	2010		2011	2010	
Casino revenues	\$ 173.4	\$ 174.2	(0.5)%	\$ 339.5	\$ 349.9	(3.0)%
Net revenues	185.1	186.1	(0.5)%	362.5	373.7	(3.0)%
Income from operations	47.8	44.6	7.2%	91.7	92.1	(0.4)%
Operating margin	25.8%	24.0%	1.8 pts	25.3%	24.6%	0.7 pts

Net revenues in the region were relatively flat for the quarter ended June 30, 2011 and down 3.0 percent for the six months ended June 30, 2011 from the 2010 periods due to increased competitive pressures in the region and reduced visitation, offset by an increase in customer spend per trip. Income from operations for the quarter ended June 30, 2011 increased due to reduced operating expenses as a result of continued focus on effective cost management through the implementation of the Company's efficiency projects.

Illinois/Indiana Region

(In millions)	Quarter Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)	Six Months Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
	2011	2010		2011	2010	
Casino revenues	\$ 258.0	\$ 294.6	(12.4)%	\$ 526.4	\$ 592.5	(11.2)%
Net revenues	268.8	295.5	(9.0)%	545.9	592.5	(7.9)%
Income from operations	40.6	38.3	6.0%	79.7	77.2	3.2%
Operating margin	15.1%	13.0%	2.1 pts	14.6%	13.0%	1.6 pts

Net revenues decreased for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011 compared to the 2010 periods, primarily due to the temporary closures of two properties in the region due to flooding. Income from operations for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011 improved from the 2010 periods, as a result of insurance recovery receivables recorded during the second quarter 2011 which offset certain costs incurred during the closures and as a result of the flooding.

Other Nevada Region

(In millions)	Quarter Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)	Six Months Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
	2011	2010		2011	2010	
Casino revenues	\$ 55.5	\$ 59.4	(6.6)%	\$ 104.8	\$ 113.3	(7.5)%
Net revenues	72.3	76.3	(5.2)%	141.4	149.0	(5.1)%
Income/(loss) from operations	5.2	(41.4)	NM	7.4	(39.5)	NM
Impairment of intangible assets, including goodwill	—	49.0	NM	—	49.0	NM
Income from operations before impairment charges	5.2	7.6	(31.6)%	7.4	9.5	(22.1)%
Operating margin	7.2%	(54.3)%	61.5 pts	5.2%	(26.5)%	31.7 pts
Operating margin before impairment charges	7.2%	10.0%	(2.8) pts	5.2%	6.4%	(1.2) pts

Net revenues for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011 declined from the 2010 periods due to lower guest visitation and lower customer spend per trip driven by increased competitive pressure. Included in the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2010 income/(loss) from operations was an impairment charge of \$49.0 million related to the impairment of intangible assets at one of the region's properties. Income from operations before impairment charges decreased for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011 as the effects from cost-savings initiatives were unable to offset the income impact of revenue declines.

Managed and International

(In millions)	Quarter Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)	Six Months Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
	2011	2010		2011	2010	
Net revenues						
Managed	\$ 12.8	\$ 8.5	50.6%	\$ 23.4	\$ 21.0	11.4%
International	99.3	102.2	(2.8)%	225.2	219.9	2.4%
Total net revenues	\$ 112.1	\$ 110.7	1.3%	\$ 248.6	\$ 240.9	3.2%
Income from operations						
Managed	\$ 1.0	\$ 3.1	(67.7)%	\$ 2.1	\$ 7.1	(70.4)%
International	1.6	3.5	(54.3)%	19.9	14.9	33.6%
Total income from operations	\$ 2.6	\$ 6.6	(60.6)%	\$ 22.0	\$ 22.0	— %

Revenues increases during the second quarter 2011 were attributable to Thistledown Racetrack which we acquired in July 2010 and increased visitation and customer spend per trip at our Uruguay property, offset by declines experienced by our two properties in Egypt as a result of recent political uprisings. Our properties in Egypt continue to be impacted by the turmoil in the region which is negatively impacting our income from operations.

OTHER FACTORS AFFECTING NET INCOME

Expense/(Income) (In millions)	Quarter Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)	Six Months Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
	2011	2010		2011	2010	
Corporate expense	\$ 36.3	\$ 29.0	25.2%	\$ 63.7	\$ 56.0	13.8%
Write-downs, reserves and recoveries	23.0	87.5	(73.7)%	39.1	92.8	(57.9)%
Impairment of intangible assets, including goodwill	—	100.0	N/M	—	100.0	N/M
Acquisition and integration costs	(0.3)	0.4	N/M	1.7	7.6	(77.6)%
Amortization of intangible assets	24.3	24.7	(1.6)%	48.6	52.5	(7.4)%
Interest expense, net	500.5	409.8	22.1%	954.8	857.6	11.3%
Losses on early extinguishments of debt	—	4.6	N/M	—	4.6	N/M
Other income	(4.7)	(3.5)	34.3%	(8.4)	(18.0)	(53.3)%
Benefit for income taxes	(114.0)	(178.3)	(36.1)%	(208.0)	(250.7)	(17.0)%
Income attributable to non-controlling interests	2.4	1.5	60.0%	5.2	3.6	44.4%

N/M = Not Meaningful

Corporate Expense

In 2011, the Human Resources Committee of the Board of Directors adopted the Project Renewal Incentive Plan (the “Plan”) – a plan designed to incent the Company’s leadership to undertake the cost savings initiatives proposed as part of a comprehensive program to streamline the Company’s operations that was launched in the fourth quarter of 2010. Under this Plan, the Company recorded \$9.6 million and \$11.6 million in expense for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011, respectively. The expenses are accrued in Corporate expense in the Consolidated Condensed Statement of Operations, but when paid, the relevant amounts will be charged to property operating expenses. Prior to the recording of expense under this Plan, Corporate expense declined by \$2.3 million and \$3.9 million for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011, primarily as a result of the Company’s cost savings initiatives.

Write-downs, reserves and recoveries

Write-downs, reserves and recoveries include various pre-tax charges to record certain long-lived tangible asset impairments, contingent liability or litigation reserves or settlements, costs associated with efficiency projects, project write-offs, demolition costs, permit remediation costs, recoveries of previously recorded reserves and other non-routine transactions. Given the nature of the transactions included within write-downs, reserves and recoveries, these amounts are not expected to be comparable from year to year, nor are the amounts expected to follow any particular trend from year to year.

For the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011, total write-downs, reserves and recoveries were \$23.0 million and \$39.1 million, respectively, compared to \$87.5 million and \$92.8 million for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2010. Amounts incurred during the quarter ended June 30, 2010 with no comparable amounts in 2011 were charges of \$25.0 million for legal reserves relating to a previously disclosed contingency, and \$52.2 million to fully reserve a note receivable balance related to a venture for development of a casino project in Philadelphia.

Remediation costs for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011 were \$2.8 million and \$4.0 million, respectively, compared to \$8.1 million and \$16.9 million for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2010 and relate to projects at certain Las Vegas properties. These costs have decreased for both the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011 when compared to the 2010 periods due to lower current activity in remediation projects.

Efficiency projects represent costs incurred to identify and implement efficiency programs aimed at stream-lining corporate and operating functions to achieve cost savings and efficiencies. Costs related to efficiency projects totaled \$13.5 million and \$0.2 million during the quarters ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Costs related to efficiency projects for the six months ended June 30, 2011, totaled \$25.0 million. The increase in efficiency projects expense relates to the Company's initiative that commenced during the fourth quarter of 2010. Costs related to efficiency projects for the six months ended June 30, 2010, totaled \$0.6 million.

Costs related to the flood insurance deductibles are the result of the temporary closings of certain properties during the quarter ended June 30, 2011 and totaled \$4.4 million.

Other write-downs, reserves and recoveries for the six months ended June 30, 2010 included the release of a \$4.8 million reserve for excise tax for which the statute of limitations expired and was recorded in the first quarter of 2010.

Impairment of intangible assets

During the fourth quarter of each year, we perform annual assessments for impairment of goodwill and other intangible assets that are not subject to amortization as of September 30. We perform assessments for impairment of goodwill and other intangible assets more frequently if impairment indicators exist. Due to the relative impact of weak economic conditions on certain properties, we performed interim assessments of goodwill and certain intangible assets for impairment during the second quarter of 2010. These interim assessments resulted in impairment charges of \$100.0 million recorded during the second quarter of 2010. For the quarter ended June 30, 2011, there were no impairment indicators therefore, an interim assessment was not required.

Acquisition and integration costs

Acquisition and integration costs for the six months ended June 30, 2010 included costs in connection with our acquisition of Planet Hollywood and costs associated with other potential development and investment activities.

Amortization of intangible assets

Amortization of intangible assets was lower for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011 when compared to the same period in 2010 due to lower intangible asset balances as a result of certain contract rights being fully amortized during 2010.

Interest expense

Interest expense increased by \$90.7 million and \$97.2 million for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011, respectively compared to the same periods in 2010 due primarily to changes in fair value of derivative instruments and additional amortization of deferred losses frozen in AOCL, partially offset by lower fixed payment rates on outstanding swaps. Interest expense for the quarter ended June 30, 2011, as a result of interest rate swap agreements and interest rate cap agreements, includes (i) \$14.2 million of expense due to measured ineffectiveness and amounts excluded from effectiveness testing for derivatives designated as hedging instruments; (ii) \$8.5 million of expense due to changes in fair value for derivatives not designated as hedging instruments; and (iii) \$2.5 million of expense due to amortization of deferred losses frozen in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss ("AOCL"). Interest expense for the six months ended June 30, 2011, as a result of interest rate swap agreements and interest rate cap agreements, includes (i) \$4.4 million of expense due to measured ineffectiveness and amounts excluded from effectiveness testing for derivatives designated as hedging instruments; (ii) \$4.4 million of expense due to changes in fair value for derivatives not designated as hedging instruments; and (iii) \$5.0 million of expense due to amortization of deferred losses frozen in AOCL.

Losses on early extinguishment of debt

Both the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2010 include losses on early extinguishments of debt of \$4.6 million related to an offering we completed which retired outstanding senior and senior subordinated notes.

Other income

As a result of the cancellation of our debt investment in certain predecessor entities of PHW Las Vegas in exchange for the equity of PHW Las Vegas, the Company recognized a gain of \$7.1 million in the first quarter of 2010 to adjust our investment to reflect the estimated fair value of consideration paid for the acquisition. This gain is reflected in Other income, including interest income, in our Consolidated Condensed Statement of Operations for the six months ended June 30, 2010. In addition, other income for all periods presented included insurance policy proceeds related to the Company's deferred compensation plan.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Cost Savings Initiatives

During the fourth quarter of 2010, Caesars Entertainment launched a new initiative to attempt to reinvent certain aspects of its functional and operating units in an effort to gain significant further cost reductions and streamline our operations.

In accordance with our shared services agreement with Caesars Entertainment, \$113.0 million in estimated future cost savings have been allocated to CEOC. In addition, CEOC has realized cost savings of \$60.4 million and \$106.7 million during the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011, respectively.

Capital Spending and Development

In addition to the development and expansion projects discussed in the "Regional Operating Results" section, we also perform on-going refurbishment and maintenance at our casino entertainment facilities to maintain our quality standards, and we continue to pursue development and acquisition opportunities for additional casino entertainment facilities that meet our strategic and return on investment criteria. Prior to the receipt of necessary regulatory approvals, the costs of pursuing development projects are expensed as incurred. Construction-related costs incurred after the receipt of necessary approvals are capitalized and depreciated over the estimated useful life of the resulting asset. Project opening costs are expensed as incurred.

Our planned development projects, if they go forward, will require, individually and in the aggregate, significant capital commitments and, if completed, may result in significant additional revenues. The commitment of capital, the timing of completion and the commencement of operations of casino entertainment development projects are contingent upon, among other things, negotiation of final agreements and receipt of approvals from the appropriate political and regulatory bodies. We must also comply with covenants and restrictions set forth in our debt agreements. Cash needed to finance projects currently under development as well as additional projects being pursued is expected to be made available from operating cash flows, established debt programs, joint venture partners, specific project financing, guarantees of third-party debt and additional debt offerings. Our capital spending for the six months ended June 30, 2011, totaled \$78.6 million.

Estimated total capital expenditures for 2011, including expenditures associated with portions of Project Linq and Project Octavius, are expected to be between \$360.0 million and \$400.0 million.

Liquidity

We use cash in operating activities, as reflected on the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows in our unaudited consolidated condensed financial statements. We use funds provided by financing activities to balance our cash requirements for our operations, to fund debt service, to reinvest in existing properties for both refurbishment and expansion projects and to pursue additional growth opportunities via new development.

Our ability to fund our operations, pay our debt obligations and fund planned capital expenditures depends, in part, upon economic and other factors that are beyond our control, and disruptions in capital markets and restrictive covenants related to our existing debt could impact our ability to secure additional funds through financing activities. We believe that our cash and cash equivalents balance, our cash flows from operations and the financing sources discussed herein will be sufficient to meet our normal operating requirements during the next twelve months and to fund capital expenditures. In addition, we may consider issuing additional debt in the future to refinance existing debt or to finance specific capital projects. In connection with the Acquisition, we incurred substantial additional debt, which has significantly impacted our financial position.

We cannot assure you that our business will generate sufficient cash flows from operations, or that future borrowings will be available to us, to fund our liquidity needs and pay our indebtedness. If we are unable to meet our liquidity needs or pay our indebtedness when it is due, we may have to reduce or delay refurbishment and expansion projects, reduce expenses, sell assets or attempt to restructure our debt. In addition, we have pledged a significant portion of our assets as collateral under certain of our debt agreements, and if any of those lenders accelerate the repayment of borrowings, there can be no assurance that we will have sufficient assets to repay our indebtedness.

Our cash and cash equivalents totaled \$649.9 million at June 30, 2011, compared to \$619.1 million at December 31, 2010.

Subsequent to the filing of Exhibit 99.1 to our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010, in the first quarter of 2011 we determined that approximately \$16.5 million reported as cash and cash equivalents as of December 31, 2010 should have been reported as either current or non-current restricted cash of CEOC at that date. At June 30, 2011 CEOC has \$474.6 million of current and non-current restricted cash, which is included in our Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheet as \$56.1 million of Prepayments and other current assets and \$418.5 million of Restricted cash, respectively. Restricted cash consists of cash reserved under loan agreements for development projects and certain expenditures incurred in the normal course of business, such as real estate taxes, property insurance and capital improvements. The Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for CEOC for the six months ended June 30, 2011 includes \$474.6 million of investing cash outflows for the funding of restricted cash balances, including the \$16.5 million of restricted cash funded prior to 2011. Management determined in the first quarter 2011 that reclassifying the cash balances on the balance sheet and reporting the aggregate investing cash outflows was not a material correction of Exhibit 99.1 to our 2010 financial statements.

Capital Resources

The majority of our debt is due in 2015 and beyond. Payments of short-term debt obligations and other commitments are expected to be made from operating cash flows and from borrowings under our established debt programs. Long-term obligations are expected to be paid through operating cash flows, refinancing of debt, joint venture partners or, if necessary, additional debt offerings.

The following table presents our long-term and intercompany debt as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

Detail of Debt (dollars in millions)	Final Maturity	Rate(s) at June 30, 2011	Face Value at June 30, 2011	Book Value at June 30, 2011	Book Value at Dec. 31, 2010
Credit Facilities					
Term Loans B1-B3	2015	3.19%-3.31%	\$ 5,007.2	\$ 5,007.2	\$ 5,815.1
Term Loan B4	2016	9.50 %	985.0	964.7	968.3
Term Loan B5	2018	4.44%-4.47%	1,222.7	1,217.8	—
Revolving Credit Facility	2014	—	—	—	—
Secured Debt					
Senior Secured Notes	2017	11.25%	2,095.0	2,052.1	2,049.7
Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes	2018	12.75%	750.0	741.7	741.3
Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes	2018	10.0%	4,553.1	2,078.8	2,033.3
Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes	2015	10.0%	214.8	160.0	156.2
Chester Downs term loan	2016	12.375%	238.3	228.9	237.5
PHW Las Vegas senior secured loan	2015*	3.05%	517.7	423.5	423.8
Linq/Octavius Senior Secured Loan	2017	9.25 %	450.0	445.6	—
Other, various maturities	Various	4.25%-6.0%	0.7	0.7	1.4
Subsidiary-guaranteed Debt					
Senior Notes	2016	10.75%	478.6	478.6	478.6
Senior PIK Toggle Notes	2018	10.75%/11.5%	11.1	11.1	10.5
Unsecured Senior Debt					
5.375%	2013	5.375%	125.2	105.0	101.6
7.0%	2013	7.0%	0.6	0.6	0.6
5.625%	2015	5.625%	791.8	606.3	588.8
6.5%	2016	6.5%	573.2	428.5	418.5
5.75%	2017	5.75%	538.8	366.5	357.9
Floating Rate Contingent Convertible Senior Notes	2024	0.303%	0.2	0.2	0.2
Other Unsecured Borrowings					
5.3% special improvement district bonds	2035	5.3%	65.7	65.7	67.1
LIBOR plus 3.0% **	2014	3.19%	310.2	310.2	500.0
Other	Various	Various	1.0	1.0	1.0
Capitalized Lease Obligations					
6.42%-9.8%	to 2020	6.42%-9.8%	8.9	8.9	9.4
Total debt			18,939.8	15,703.6	14,960.8
Current portion of long-term debt			(44.6)	(44.6)	(55.6)
Long-term debt			\$ 18,895.2	\$ 15,659.0	\$ 14,905.2

* The Planet Hollywood Las Vegas senior secured loan is subject to extension options moving its maturity from 2011 to 2015, subject to certain conditions.

** Note payable to Caesars Entertainment.

As of June 30, 2011, book values are presented net of unamortized discounts of \$3,236.5 million and unamortized premiums of \$0.4 million. Book values as of December 31, 2010 are presented net of unamortized discounts of \$3,333.8 million.

Our current maturities of debt include required interim principal payments on each of our Term Loans, our Chester Downs term loans, and the special improvement district bonds. The PHW Las Vegas senior secured loan has not been included in current maturities of debt as of June 30, 2011 based upon the Company's ability and intent to exercise its options to extend the maturity of this loan.

In August 2008, Caesars Entertainment Corporation and CEOC entered into an agreement whereby Caesars Entertainment established a revolving credit facility in favor of CEOC pursuant to which Caesars Entertainment will make one or more unsecured loans to CEOC in a maximum principal amount not to exceed \$200.0 million outstanding at any time. On February 24, 2011, the CEC Board of Directors approved an increase in the maximum amount to \$750.0 million. The entire outstanding amount, plus any accrued and unpaid interest, matures on January 29, 2014, and bears interest at a rate per annum equal to LIBOR, as defined in the CEOC Credit Agreement, plus 3.0 percent. Interest is payable annually in arrears or, at CEOC's election such interest may be added to the loan balance owed to Caesars Entertainment. There was \$500.0 million outstanding under the agreement at December 31, 2010. During the quarter ended March 31, 2011, Caesars Entertainment contributed \$220.8 million of the previously outstanding loan balance which increased Caesars Entertainment's equity in CEOC. As a result of net additional borrowings of approximately \$31 million during the quarter ended June 30, 2011, there is \$310.2 million outstanding under the agreement at June 30, 2011.

Credit Agreement

In connection with the Acquisition, CEOC entered into the senior secured credit facilities (the "Credit Facilities"). This financing is neither secured nor guaranteed by Caesars Entertainment's other direct, wholly-owned subsidiaries.

On May 20, 2011, CEOC amended its Credit Facilities to, among other things: (i) allow CEOC to buy back loans from individual lenders at negotiated prices at any time, which may be less than par, (ii) allow CEOC to extend the maturity of term loans or revolving commitments, as applicable, and for CEOC to otherwise modify the terms of loans or revolving commitments in connection with such an extension and (iii) modify certain other provisions of the credit facilities. CEOC also extended its Credit Facilities by (i) converting \$799.4 million of B-1, B-2 and B-3 term loans held by consenting lenders to B-5 term loans with an extended maturity date of January 28, 2018 and a higher interest rate with respect to such extended term loans (the "Extended Term Loans") and (ii) converting \$423.3 million of revolver commitments held by consenting lenders to Extended Term Loans.

As of June 30, 2011, our Credit Facilities provide for senior secured financing of up to \$8,421.7 million, consisting of (i) senior secured term loan facilities in an aggregate principal amount of \$7,214.9 million with \$5,007.2 million maturing on January 28, 2015 \$985.0 million maturing on October 31, 2016, (the \$985.0 million borrowing defined as the "Incremental Loans") and \$1,222.7 million maturing on January 28, 2018 and (ii) a senior secured revolving credit facility in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$1,206.8 million, maturing January 28, 2015, including both a letter of credit sub-facility and a swingline loan sub-facility. The term loans under the Credit Facilities require scheduled quarterly payments of \$5.9 million, with the balance due at maturity. A total of \$7,214.9 million face amount of borrowings were outstanding under the Credit Facilities as of June 30, 2011, with \$127.1 million of the revolving credit facility committed to outstanding letters of credit. After consideration of these borrowings and letters of credit, \$1,079.7 million of additional borrowing capacity was available to the Company under its revolving credit facility as of June 30, 2011.

PHW Las Vegas senior secured loan

On February 19, 2010, CEOC acquired 100% of the equity interests of PHW Las Vegas, which owns the Planet Hollywood Resort and Casino located in Las Vegas, Nevada. In connection with this transaction, PHW Las Vegas assumed a \$554.3 million, face value, senior secured loan, and a subsidiary of CEOC canceled certain debt issued by PHW Las Vegas' predecessor entities. The outstanding amount is secured by the assets of PHW Las Vegas, and is non-recourse to other subsidiaries of the Company.

In connection with the transaction and the assumption of debt, PHW Las Vegas entered into the Amended and Restated Loan Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as trustee for The Credit Suisse First Boston Mortgage Securities Corp. Commercial Mortgage Pass-Through Certificates, Series 2007-TFL2 (“Lender”). The maturity date for this loan is December 2011, with two extension options (subject to certain conditions), which, if exercised, would extend maturity until April 2015. PHW Las Vegas is an unrestricted subsidiary of CEOC and therefore not a borrower under CEOC’s Credit Facilities. A subsidiary of CEOC manages the property for PHW Las Vegas for a fee.

PHW Las Vegas may, at its option, voluntarily prepay the loan in whole or in part upon twenty (20) days prior written notice to Lender. PHW Las Vegas is required to prepay the loan in (i) the amount of any insurance proceeds received by Lender for which Lender is not obligated to make available to PHW Las Vegas for restoration in accordance with the terms of the Amended and Restated Loan Agreement, (ii) the amount of any proceeds received from the operator of the timeshare property adjacent to the Planet Hollywood Resort and Casino, subject to the limitations set forth in the Amended and Restated Loan Agreement and (iii) the amount of any excess cash remaining after application of the cash management provisions of the Amended and Restated Loan Agreement.

Octavius and LINQ Projects

On April 25, 2011, Caesars Entertainment, together with certain indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company (the “Borrowers”) entered into a credit agreement (the “Credit Agreement”) pursuant to which the Borrowers incurred financing to complete the Octavius Tower at Caesars Palace Las Vegas (“Project Octavius”) and to develop a retail, dining and entertainment corridor located between the Imperial Palace Hotel and Casino and the Flamingo Las Vegas on the Las Vegas strip (“Project Linq” and, together with Project Octavius, the “Development”). The Credit Agreement provides for a \$450.0 million senior secured term facility (the “Term Facility”) with a six-year maturity, which is secured by all material assets of the Borrowers. The proceeds of the Term Facility will be used by the Borrowers to finance the Development and to pay fees and expenses incurred in connection with the Term Facility and the transactions related thereto.

As a condition to the provision of the Term Facility, Caesars Entertainment provided a completion guarantee (the “Completion Guaranty”) with respect to the Development, which guarantees completion of the construction of the Development, availability of contemplated working capital and receipt of material permits and licenses necessary to open and operate the Development. The maximum liability of Caesars Entertainment under the completion guarantee is \$25.0 million in respect of Project Octavius and \$75.0 million in respect of Project Linq.

In connection with the Development and the Term Facility, Caesars Entertainment has contributed the existing Octavius Tower and related assets to one of the Borrowers. In August 2011, Caesars Entertainment completed the contribution of the existing O’Shea’s casino (adjacent to the Flamingo Las Vegas) and related real property and other assets comprising the components of Project Linq to one of the Borrowers. In connection with Project Octavius, one of the Borrowers leases the Octavius Tower to a wholly-owned subsidiary of CEOC. Upon completion of Project Linq, one of the Borrowers will lease the gaming space in Project Linq to a wholly-owned subsidiary of CEOC. The total lease payments will be \$50.0 million annually once the Development is open. CEOC has guaranteed certain of the obligations of the lessees under the Project Octavius and Project Linq leases described above.

Pursuant to the Credit Agreement, Caesars Entertainment is required to make cash contributions to the Borrowers from time to time to fund a total equity commitment to the Development of \$76.0 million. In addition, from time to time, Caesars Entertainment may be required to make additional cash contributions to the Borrowers to fund certain portions of the Development upon the occurrence of certain conditions. In addition to potential contributions pursuant to the Completion Guaranty, Caesars Entertainment has guaranteed all payments of interest under the Term Facility until the commencement of operations of the Octavius Tower and Project Linq and guaranteed the performance of the Borrowers of the first lien leverage ratio maintenance covenant (the “Performance Guarantee”) by agreeing, upon certain conditions, to make cash equity contributions to the Borrowers from time to time pursuant to the terms of the Term Facility. The maximum liability of Caesars Entertainment under the performance guarantee is \$50.0 million. Except in the circumstances described above, neither Caesars Entertainment nor CEOC has any material obligations under the Term Facility, and the Term Facility is non-recourse to Caesars Entertainment or CEOC.

The Credit Agreement requires that the Borrowers maintain certain reserve funds in respect of furniture, fixtures, and equipment, capital improvements, interest service, taxes and insurance. Amounts deposited into the specified reserve funds represent restricted cash. In addition the Credit Agreement requires up to 50.0 percent of excess cash flow (as defined in the agreement), depending on the Senior Secured Leverage Ratio for that period, be applied to prepay the Term Facility.

Other Financing Transactions

On October 8, 2010, Chester Downs and Marina LLC (“Chester Downs”), a majority-owned subsidiary of CEOC and owner of Harrah’s Chester, amended its existing senior secured term loan facility to obtain an additional \$40.0 million term loan. The additional loan has substantially the same terms as the existing term loan with respect to interest rates, maturity and security.

Exchange Offers, Debt Purchases and Open Market Purchases

From time to time, we may retire portions of our outstanding debt in open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions or otherwise. These purchases will be funded through available cash from operations and from our established debt programs. Such purchases are dependent on prevailing market conditions, the Company’s liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions and other factors.

Issuances and Redemptions

During the second quarter of 2010, CEOC completed the offering of \$750.0 million aggregate principal amount of 12.75 percent second-priority senior secured notes due 2018 and used the proceeds of this offering to redeem or repay the following outstanding debt:

<u>Debt (dollars in millions)</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Interest Rate</u>	<u>Face Value</u>
5.5% Senior Notes	2010	5.5%	\$ 191.6
8.0% Senior Notes	2011	8.0%	13.2
8.125% Senior Subordinated Notes	2011	8.125%	12.0
Revolving Credit Facility	2014	3.23%-3.25%	525.0

In connection with the retirement of the outstanding senior and senior subordinated notes above, CEOC recorded a pre-tax loss of \$4.7 million during the second quarter of 2010.

On June 3, 2010, Caesars announced an agreement under which affiliates of each of Apollo, TPG and Paulson & Co. Inc. (“Paulson”) were to exchange approximately \$1,118.3 million face amount of debt for approximately 15.7 percent of the common equity of Caesars Entertainment, subject to regulatory approvals and certain other conditions. In connection with the transaction, Apollo, TPG, and Paulson purchased approximately \$835.4 million, face amount, of CEOC notes that were held by another subsidiary of Caesars Entertainment for aggregate consideration of approximately \$557.0 million, including accrued interest. The notes that were purchased, together with \$282.9 million face amount of notes they had previously acquired, were exchanged for equity in the fourth quarter of 2010. The notes exchanged for equity are held by a subsidiary of Caesars Entertainment and remain outstanding for purposes of CEOC.

Interest and Fees

Borrowings under the Credit Facilities, other than borrowings under the Incremental Loans and the Extended Term Loans, bear interest at a rate equal to the then-current LIBOR rate or at a rate equal to the alternate base rate, in each case plus an applicable margin. As of June 30, 2011, the Credit Facilities, other than borrowings under the Incremental Loans and the Extended Term Loans, bore interest at LIBOR plus 300 basis points for the term loans. The revolver loan bore interest at LIBOR plus 300 basis points or the alternate base rate plus 200 basis points. The swingline loan bore interest at the alternate base rate plus 150 basis points.

Borrowings under the Incremental Loans bear interest at a rate equal to either the alternate base rate or the greater of i) the then-current LIBOR rate or ii) 2.0 percent; in each case plus an applicable margin. At June 30, 2011, borrowings under the Incremental Loans bore interest at the minimum base rate of 2.0 percent, plus 750 basis points.

Borrowings under the Extended Term Loans bear interest at a rate equal to either the alternate base rate or the then-current LIBOR rate, plus an applicable margin. At June 30, 2011, borrowings under the Extended Term Loans bore interest at LIBOR plus 425 basis points.

In addition, on a quarterly basis, we are required to pay each lender (i) a commitment fee in respect of any unborrowed amounts under the revolving credit facility and (ii) a letter of credit fee in respect of the aggregate face amount of outstanding letters of credit under the revolving credit facility. As of June 30, 2011, the Credit Facilities bore a commitment fee for unborrowed amounts of 50 basis points.

Our Senior Secured Notes, including the Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes, and our unsecured debt have semi-annual interest payments, with the majority of those payments on June 15 and December 15.

The amount outstanding under the PHW Las Vegas senior secured loan bears interest, payable to third party lenders on a monthly basis, at a rate per annum equal to LIBOR plus 1.530%. Interest only participations of PHW Las Vegas bear interest at a fixed rate equal to \$7.3 million per year, payable to the subsidiary of CEOC that owns such participations.

The Linq/Octavius Term Facility bears interest at a rate equal to either the alternate base rate, plus an applicable margin or the greater of (i) the then-current LIBOR rate and (ii) 1.25 percent, plus an applicable margin. At June 30, 2011, borrowings under the agreement bore interest at 1.25 percent, plus 800 basis points.

Collateral and Guarantors

CEOC's Credit Facilities are guaranteed by Caesars Entertainment, and are secured by a pledge of CEOC's capital stock and by substantially all of the existing and future property and assets of CEOC and its material, wholly-owned domestic subsidiaries, including a pledge of the capital stock of CEOC's material, wholly-owned domestic subsidiaries and 65.0 percent of the capital stock of the first-tier foreign subsidiaries, in each case subject to exceptions. The following casino properties have mortgages under the Credit Facilities:

<u>Las Vegas</u>	<u>Atlantic City</u>	<u>Louisiana/Mississippi</u>	<u>Iowa/Missouri</u>
Caesars Palace	Bally's Atlantic City	Harrah's New Orleans	Harrah's St. Louis
Bally's Las Vegas	Caesars Atlantic City	(Hotel only)	Harrah's Council Bluffs
Imperial Palace	Showboat Atlantic City	Harrah's Louisiana Downs	Horseshoe Council Bluffs/ Bluffs Run
Bill's Gamblin' Hall & Saloon		Horseshoe Bossier City	
		Harrah's Tunica	
		Horseshoe Tunica	
		Tunica Roadhouse Hotel & Casino	
<u>Illinois/Indiana</u>	<u>Other Nevada</u>		
Horseshoe Southern Indiana	Harrah's Reno		
Harrah's Metropolis	Harrah's Lake Tahoe		
Horseshoe Hammond	Harveys Lake Tahoe		

Additionally, certain undeveloped land in Las Vegas also is mortgaged.

In connection with PHW Las Vegas' Amended and Restated Loan Agreement, Caesars Entertainment entered into a Guaranty Agreement (the "Guaranty") for the benefit of the Lender pursuant to which Caesars Entertainment guaranteed to the Lender certain recourse liabilities of PHW Las Vegas. Caesars Entertainment's maximum aggregate liability for such recourse liabilities is limited to \$30.0 million provided that such recourse liabilities of PHW Las Vegas do not arise from (i) events, acts, or circumstances that are actually committed by, or voluntarily or willfully brought about by Caesars Entertainment or (ii) event, acts, or circumstances (regardless of the cause of the same) that provide actual benefit (in cash, cash equivalent, or other quantifiable amount) to the Registrant, to the full extent of the actual benefit received by the Registrant. Pursuant to the Guaranty, Caesars Entertainment is required to maintain a net worth or liquid assets of at least \$100.0 million.

Restrictive Covenants and Other Matters

The Credit Facilities require compliance on a quarterly basis with a maximum net senior secured first lien debt leverage test. In addition, the Credit Facilities include negative covenants, subject to certain exceptions, restricting or limiting CEOC's ability and the ability of its restricted subsidiaries to, among other things: (i) incur additional debt; (ii) create liens on certain assets; (iii) enter into sale and lease-back transactions; (iv) make certain investments, loans and advances; (v) consolidate, merge, sell or otherwise dispose of all or any part of its assets or to purchase, lease or otherwise acquire all or any substantial part of assets of any other person; (vi) pay dividends or make distributions or make other restricted payments; (vii) enter into certain transactions with its affiliates; (viii) engage in any business other than the business activity conducted at the closing date of the loan or business activities incidental or related thereto; (ix) amend or modify the articles or certificate of incorporation, by-laws and certain agreements or make certain payments or modifications of indebtedness; and (x) designate or permit the designation of any indebtedness as "Designated Senior Debt."

Caesars Entertainment is not bound by any financial or negative covenants contained in CEOC's credit agreement, other than with respect to the incurrence of liens on and the pledge of its stock of CEOC.

All borrowings under the senior secured revolving credit facility are subject to the satisfaction of customary conditions, including the absence of a default and the accuracy of representations and warranties, and the requirement that such borrowing does not reduce the amount of obligations otherwise permitted to be secured under our new senior secured credit facilities without ratably securing the retained notes.

The PHW Las Vegas senior secured loan requires that the Company maintain certain reserve funds in respect of furniture, fixtures, and equipment, capital improvements, interest service, taxes and insurance. Certain amounts deposited into the specified reserve funds represent restricted cash.

Certain covenants contained in CEOC's credit agreement require the maintenance of a senior first priority secured debt to last twelve months (LTM) Adjusted EBITDA ("Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization"), as defined in the agreements, ratio ("Senior Secured Leverage Ratio"). Our credit agreement excludes from the Senior Secured Leverage Ratio (a) the \$1,375.0 million Original First Lien Notes issued June 15, 2009 and the \$720.0 million Additional First Lien Notes issued on September 11, 2009 and (b) up to \$350.0 million aggregate principal amount of consolidated debt of subsidiaries that are not wholly owned subsidiaries. Certain covenants contained in CEOC's credit agreement governing its senior secured credit facilities, the indenture and other agreements governing CEOC's 10.0% Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2015 and 2018, and our first lien notes restrict our ability to take certain actions such as incurring additional debt or making acquisitions if we are unable to meet defined Adjusted EBITDA to Fixed Charges, senior secured debt to LTM Adjusted EBITDA and consolidated debt to LTM Adjusted EBITDA ratios. The covenants that restrict additional indebtedness and the ability to make future acquisitions require an LTM Adjusted EBITDA to Fixed Charges ratio (measured on a trailing four-quarter basis) of 2.0:1.0. Failure to comply with these covenants can result in limiting our long-term growth prospects by hindering our ability to incur future indebtedness or grow through acquisitions.

The indenture and other agreements governing our cash pay debt and PIK toggle debt limit CEOC's (and most of its subsidiaries') ability to among other things: (i) incur additional debt or issue certain preferred shares; (ii) pay dividends or make distributions in respect of our capital stock or make other restricted payments; (iii) make certain investments; (iv) sell certain assets; (v) with respect to CEOC only, engage in any business or own any material asset other than all of the equity interest of CEOC so long as certain investors hold a majority of the notes; (vi) create or permit to exist dividend and/or payment restrictions affecting its restricted subsidiaries; (vii) create liens on certain assets to secure debt; (viii) consolidate, merge, sell or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all of its assets; (ix) enter into certain transactions with its affiliates; and (x) designate its subsidiaries as unrestricted subsidiaries. Subject to certain exceptions, the indenture governing the notes and the agreements governing the other cash pay debt and PIK toggle debt will permit us and our restricted subsidiaries to incur additional indebtedness, including secured indebtedness.

Derivative Instruments

Derivative Instruments - Interest Rate Swap Agreements

We use interest rate swaps to manage the mix of our debt between fixed and variable rate instruments. As of June 30, 2011 we have entered into eight interest rate swap agreements for notional amounts totaling \$5,750.0 million. The difference to be paid or received under the terms of the interest rate swap agreements is accrued as interest rates change and recognized as an adjustment to interest expense for the related debt. Changes in the variable interest rates to be paid or received pursuant to the terms of the interest rate swap agreements will have a corresponding effect on future cash flows. The major terms of the interest rate swap agreements as of June 30, 2011 are as follows:

<u>Effective Date</u>	<u>Notional Amount (in millions)</u>	<u>Fixed Rate Paid</u>	<u>Variable Rate Received as of June 30, 2011</u>	<u>Next Reset Date</u>	<u>Maturity Date</u>
April 25, 2011	\$ 250.0	1.351%	0.186%	July 25, 2011	January 25, 2015
April 25, 2011	250.0	1.347%	0.186%	July 25, 2011	January 25, 2015
April 25, 2011	250.0	1.350%	0.186%	July 25, 2011	January 25, 2015
January 25, 2011	1,000.0	3.233%	0.274%	July 25, 2011	January 25, 2015
April 25, 2011	1,000.0	3.315%	0.274%	July 25, 2011	January 25, 2015
January 25, 2011	1,000.0	3.915%	0.274%	July 25, 2011	January 25, 2015
April 25, 2011	1,000.0	3.385%	0.274%	July 25, 2011	January 25, 2015
January 25, 2011	1,000.0	3.935%	0.274%	July 25, 2011	January 25, 2015

The variable rate on our interest rate swap agreements did not materially change as a result of the July 25, 2011 reset.

During the second quarter of 2011, the Company completed transactions to amend and extend certain swap contracts. A \$1,000.0 million swap was modified to change the fixed payment rate from 4.172 percent and the maturity date from April 25, 2012. Two \$2,000.0 million swaps were split into four \$1,000.0 million tranches. The terms were modified to change the fixed payment rates from 4.276 percent and 4.263 percent and the maturity dates from April 25, 2013. The amended payment rates and maturity dates are shown in the table above.

In connection with the transactions to amend and extend the swap contracts, we removed the cash flow hedging designation for those swap agreements, freezing the amount of deferred losses recorded in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss ("AOCL"). We are amortizing deferred losses from the amend and extend transactions and other amounts previously frozen in AOCL into income over the original remaining term of the hedged forecasted transactions that are still considered to be probable of occurring. For the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011, we amortized \$14.3 million and \$16.4 million, respectively, out of AOCL to interest expense. We will amortize an additional \$79.0 million out of AOCL to interest expense over the next twelve months.

During the second quarter of 2011, we re-designated \$4,310.1 million of the amended swap contracts as cash flow hedging instruments. To qualify for cash flow hedge accounting, the total designated swap amounts must match the critical terms such as notional amounts, benchmark interest rates and payment dates of the corresponding debt. At June 30, 2011, \$5,060.1 million of our total interest rate swap agreements notional amount of \$5,750.0 million are designated as hedging instruments for accounting purposes. Any future changes in fair value of the portion of the interest rate swap agreement not designated as a hedging instrument will be recognized in interest expense during the period in which the changes in value occur.

Derivative Instruments - Interest Rate Cap Agreements

On April 5, 2010, as required under the PHW Las Vegas Amended and Restated Loan Agreement, we entered into an interest rate cap agreement to partially hedge the risk of future increases in the variable interest rate of the PHW Las Vegas senior secured loan. The interest rate cap agreement is for a notional amount of \$554.3 million at a LIBOR cap rate of 5.0 percent, and matures on December 9, 2011. To give proper consideration to the prepayment requirements of the PHW Las Vegas senior secured loan, we designated \$525.0 million of the \$554.3 million notional amount of the interest rate cap as a cash flow hedging instrument for accounting purposes. On May 1, 2011, we removed the cash flow hedging designation for the interest rate cap agreement. Any subsequent change in fair value is recognized in interest expense during the period in which the change in value occurs.

The following table represents the fair values of derivative instruments in the Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

(In millions)	Asset Derivatives				Liability Derivatives			
	2011		2010		2011		2010	
	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value	Balance Sheet Location	Fair Value
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments								
Interest Rate Swaps		\$ —		\$ —	Accrued expenses	\$ —		\$ (21.6)
	Deferred charges and other				Deferred credits and other		Deferred credits and other	
Interest Rate Swaps		—		11.6		(341.5)		(305.5)
Subtotal		—		11.6		(341.5)		(327.1)
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments								
Interest Rate Swaps		—		—	Deferred credits and other	(13.4)	Deferred credits and other	(32.2)
Total Derivatives		<u>\$ —</u>		<u>\$ 11.6</u>		<u>\$(354.9)</u>		<u>\$(359.3)</u>

The following table represents the effect of derivative instruments in the Consolidated Condensed Statements of Operations for the quarters ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 for amounts transferred into or out of AOCL:

(In millions)	Amount of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in AOCL (Effective Portion)		Location of (Gain) or Loss Reclassified From AOCL Into Income (Effective Portion)	Amount of (Gain) or Loss Reclassified from AOCL into Income (Effective Portion)		Location of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in Income (Ineffective Portion)	Amount of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in Income (Ineffective Portion)	
	Quarter Ended Jun. 30, 2011	Quarter Ended Jun. 30, 2010		Quarter Ended Jun. 30, 2011	Quarter Ended Jun. 30, 2010		Quarter Ended Jun. 30, 2011	Quarter Ended Jun. 30, 2010
	Derivatives designated as hedging instruments							
Interest rate contracts	\$ 44.7	\$ 69.1	Interest expense	\$ 2.5	\$ 2.4	Interest expense	\$ 14.2	\$ (63.2)

(In millions)	Amount of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in Income		Location of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in Income	Amount of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in Income	
	Quarter Ended Jun. 30, 2011	Quarter Ended Jun. 30, 2010		Quarter Ended Jun. 30, 2011	Quarter Ended Jun. 30, 2010
	Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments				
Interest rate contracts	\$ 8.5	\$ 1.0	Interest expense		

The following table represents the effect of derivative instruments in the Consolidated Condensed Statements of Operations for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 for amounts transferred into or out of AOCL:

(In millions)	Amount of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in AOCL (Effective Portion)		Location of (Gain) or Loss Reclassified From AOCL Into Income (Effective Portion)	Amount of (Gain) or Loss Reclassified from AOCL into Income (Effective Portion)		Location of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in Income (Ineffective Portion)	Amount of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in Income (Ineffective Portion)	
	Six Months Ended Jun. 30, 2011	Six Months Ended Jun. 30, 2010		Six Months Ended Jun. 30, 2011	Six Months Ended Jun. 30, 2010		Six Months Ended Jun. 30, 2011	Six Months Ended Jun. 30, 2010
	Derivatives designated as hedging instruments							
Interest rate contracts	\$ (1.4)	\$ 84.7	Interest expense	\$ 5.0	\$ 4.8	Interest expense	\$ 4.4	\$ (59.6)

(In millions)	Amount of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in Income		Location of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in Income	Amount of (Gain) or Loss Recognized in Income	
	Six Months Ended Jun. 30, 2011	Six Months Ended Jun. 30, 2010		Six Months Ended Jun. 30, 2011	Six Months Ended Jun. 30, 2010
	Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments				
Interest rate contracts	\$ 4.4	\$ 2.3	Interest expense		

In addition to the impact on interest expense from amounts reclassified from AOCL, the difference to be paid or received under the terms of the interest rate swap agreements is recognized as interest expense and is paid quarterly. This cash settlement portion of the interest rate swap agreements increased interest expense for the quarters ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 by approximately \$50.8 million and \$68.0 million, respectively. This cash settlement portion of the interest rate swap agreements increased interest expense for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 by approximately \$117.3 million and \$134.5 million, respectively.

A change in interest rates on variable-rate debt will impact our financial results. For example, assuming a constant outstanding balance for our variable-rate debt, excluding the \$5,060.1 million of variable-rate debt for which our interest rate swap agreements are designated as hedging instruments for accounting purposes, for the next twelve months, a hypothetical 1.0 percent increase in corresponding interest rates would increase interest expense for the twelve months following June 30, 2011 by approximately \$24.5 million. At June 30, 2011, our weighted average USD LIBOR rate for our variable rate debt was 0.229 percent. A hypothetical reduction of this rate to zero percent would decrease interest expense for the next twelve months by approximately \$5.6 million. At June 30, 2011, our variable-rate debt, excluding the aforementioned \$5,060.1 million of variable-rate debt hedged using interest rate swap agreements, represents approximately 7.0 percent of our total debt, while our fixed-rate debt is approximately 93.0 percent of our total debt.

GUARANTEES OF THIRD-PARTY DEBT AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS AND COMMITMENTS

The tables below summarize, for the period from December 31, 2010 through June 30, 2011, significant additions to or reductions in our contractual obligations and other commitments through their respective maturity or ending dates, which were disclosed in the Supplemental Discussion of Caesars Entertainment Operating Company Results filed as Exhibit 99.1 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K/A for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Contractual Obligations ^(a) (In millions)	Increase/ (Decrease)	Total
Face value of debt, including capital lease obligations	\$ 645.3	\$18,939.8
Estimated interest payments ^{(b) (c)}	(71.0)	8,930.3
Operating lease obligations	(5.1)	2,197.6
Purchase order obligations	9.8	53.0
State of Louisiana Guarantee ^(d)	(15.0)	—
Construction commitments	(9.1)	18.1
Community reinvestment	(3.3)	79.9
Entertainment obligations	88.9	151.1
Other contractual obligations	(3.2)	328.7

- (a) In addition to the contractual obligations disclosed in this table, we have unrecognized tax benefits that, based on uncertainties associated with the items, we are unable to make reasonably reliable estimates of the period of potential cash settlements, if any, with taxing authorities.
- (b) Estimated interest for variable rate debt is based on rates at June 30, 2011. Estimated interest includes the estimated impact of our interest rate swap and interest rate cap agreements.
- (c) Estimated interest assumes the extension of maturities of the PHW Las Vegas senior secured loan from 2011 to 2015, resulting in a net increase of interest of approximately \$53.2 million.
- (d) In February 2008, we entered into an agreement with the State of Louisiana whereby we extended our guarantee of a \$60.0 million annual payment obligation of Jazz Casino Company, LLC, our wholly-owned subsidiary and owner of Harrah's New Orleans, to the State of Louisiana. The agreement ended March 31, 2011.

Other Commitments (In millions)	Increase/ (Decrease)	Total
Letters of credit	\$ 7.3	\$127.1
Minimum payments to tribes	(6.9)	10.0

The agreements pursuant to which we manage casinos on Indian lands contain provisions required by law that provide that a minimum monthly payment be made to the tribe. That obligation has priority over scheduled repayments of borrowings for development costs and over the management fee earned and paid to the manager. In the event that insufficient cash flow is generated by the operations to fund this payment, we must pay the shortfall to the tribe. Subject to certain limitations as to time, such advances, if any, would be repaid to us in future periods in which operations generate cash flow in excess of the required minimum payment. These commitments will terminate upon the occurrence of certain defined events, including termination of the management contract. Our aggregate monthly commitment for the minimum guaranteed payments, pursuant to these contracts for the three managed Indian-owned facilities now open, which extend for periods of up to 42 months from June 30, 2011, is \$1.2 million. Each of these casinos currently generates sufficient cash flows to cover all of its obligations, including its debt service.

DEBT COVENANT COMPLIANCE

Certain covenants contained in our credit agreement require the maintenance of a senior first priority secured debt to last twelve months (LTM) Adjusted EBITDA (“Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization”), as defined in the agreements, ratio (“Senior Secured Leverage Ratio”). Our credit agreement excludes from the Senior Secured Leverage Ratio (a) the \$1,375.0 million Original First Lien Notes issued June 15, 2009 and the \$720.0 million Additional First Lien Notes issued on September 11, 2009 and (b) up to \$350.0 million aggregate principal amount of consolidated debt of subsidiaries that are not wholly owned subsidiaries. PHW Las Vegas is an unrestricted subsidiary of CEOC and therefore not a borrower under CEOC’s credit facilities. A subsidiary of CEOC manages the property for PHW Las Vegas for a fee.

Certain covenants contained in our credit agreement governing our senior secured credit facilities, the indenture and other agreements governing our 10.0 percent Second-Priority Senior Secured Notes due 2015 and 2018, and our first lien notes restrict our ability to take certain actions such as incurring additional debt or making acquisitions if we are unable to meet defined Adjusted EBITDA to Fixed Charges, senior secured debt to LTM Adjusted EBITDA and consolidated debt to LTM Adjusted EBITDA ratios. The covenants that restrict additional indebtedness and the ability to make future acquisitions require an LTM Adjusted EBITDA to Fixed Charges ratio (measured on a trailing four-quarter basis) of 2.0:1.0. Failure to comply with these covenants can result in limiting our long-term growth prospects by hindering our ability to incur future indebtedness or grow through acquisitions.

We believe we are in compliance with our credit agreement and indentures, including the Senior Secured Leverage Ratio, as of June 30, 2011. If our LTM Adjusted EBITDA were to decline significantly from the level achieved at June 30, 2011, it could cause us to exceed the Senior Secured Leverage Ratio and could be an Event of Default under our credit agreement. However, we could implement certain actions in an effort to minimize the possibility of a breach of the Senior Secured Leverage Ratio, including reducing payroll and other operating costs, deferring or eliminating certain maintenance, delaying or deferring capital expenditures, or selling assets. In addition, under certain circumstances, our credit agreement allows us to apply the cash contributions received by CEOC as a capital contribution to cure covenant breaches. However, there is no guarantee that such contributions will be able to be secured.

Supplemental Discussion of the Financial Results of the Caesars Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities Related Properties

On January 28, 2008, Caesars Entertainment Corporation (“Caesars Entertainment”) was acquired by affiliates of Apollo Global Management, LLC (“Apollo”) and TPG Capital, LP (“TPG”) in an all cash transaction, hereinafter referred to as the “Acquisition.” A substantial portion of the financing of the Acquisition is comprised of bank and bond financing obtained by Caesars Entertainment Operating Company, Inc. (“CEOC”), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Caesars Entertainment. This financing is neither secured nor guaranteed by Caesars Entertainment’s other wholly-owned subsidiaries, including certain subsidiaries that own properties that are currently secured under \$5,031.5 million face value of commercial mortgage-backed securities (“CMBS”) financing (the “CMBS Financing”).

As of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, and for the quarters and six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, the properties securing the CMBS Financing were Harrah’s Las Vegas, Rio, Flamingo Las Vegas, Harrah’s Atlantic City, Paris Las Vegas and Harrah’s Laughlin.

In this discussion, the words “we” and “our” refer to the CMBS properties. We are providing this financial information pursuant to the Second Amended and Restated Loan Agreement, dated as of August 31, 2010 (the “CMBS Loan Agreement”), related to the CMBS Financing.

OPERATING RESULTS FOR CMBS PROPERTIES**Overall CMBS Properties Results**

The following tables represent CMBS properties’ unaudited Condensed Combined Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, and their unaudited Condensed Combined Statements of Operations for the quarters and six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 and unaudited Condensed Combined Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2011 and 2010.

CMBS Properties
Condensed Combined Balance Sheets
(Unaudited)

<u>(In millions)</u>	<u>June 30,</u> <u>2011</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2010</u>
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 207.4	\$ 121.8
Receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	73.0	66.1
Deferred income taxes	12.1	14.8
Prepayments and other current assets	61.1	33.1
Inventories	10.9	11.7
Total current assets	<u>364.5</u>	<u>247.5</u>
Land, buildings and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	5,279.1	5,340.4
Goodwill	1,689.4	1,689.4
Intangible assets other than goodwill	528.2	558.0
Restricted cash	43.0	—
Deferred charges and other	117.4	133.5
	<u>\$8,021.6</u>	<u>\$ 7,968.8</u>
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 32.7	\$ 30.1
Interest payable	7.2	8.0
Accrued expenses	179.9	135.6
Due to affiliates, net	24.5	17.4
Total current liabilities	<u>244.3</u>	<u>191.1</u>
Long-term debt	5,025.2	5,182.3
Deferred credits and other	29.8	29.5
Deferred income taxes	1,610.8	1,623.7
	<u>6,910.1</u>	<u>7,026.6</u>
Total equity	<u>1,111.5</u>	<u>942.2</u>
	<u>\$8,021.6</u>	<u>\$ 7,968.8</u>

CMBS Properties
Condensed Combined Statements of Operations
(Unaudited)

(In millions)	Quarter Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010
Revenues				
Casino	\$318.3	\$324.7	\$ 613.0	\$ 645.5
Food and beverage	127.2	129.9	249.2	252.5
Rooms	117.9	111.5	226.8	216.5
Other	53.2	50.6	97.8	93.2
Less: casino promotional allowances	(90.1)	(93.8)	(175.1)	(189.2)
Net revenues	<u>526.5</u>	<u>522.9</u>	<u>1,011.7</u>	<u>1,018.5</u>
Operating expenses				
Direct				
Casino	159.2	169.0	314.3	329.4
Food and beverage	61.5	61.8	118.9	118.0
Rooms	29.4	27.0	56.8	51.9
Property general, administrative and other	131.4	132.1	259.1	257.6
Depreciation and amortization	38.3	41.5	76.8	81.4
Write-downs, reserves and recoveries	2.1	7.6	4.3	14.8
Loss/(income) on interests in non-consolidated affiliates	2.2	(1.2)	1.6	(1.2)
Corporate expense	22.8	7.3	45.1	19.4
Acquisition and integration costs	—	—	0.3	—
Amortization of intangible assets	14.9	14.9	29.8	29.8
Total operating expenses	<u>461.8</u>	<u>460.0</u>	<u>907.0</u>	<u>901.1</u>
Income from operations	64.7	62.9	104.7	117.4
Interest expense, net of capitalized interest	(51.9)	(67.1)	(106.4)	(130.3)
Gains/(losses) on early extinguishments of debt	14.3	23.3	47.5	(24.1)
Other income, including interest income	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.3
Income/(loss) before income taxes	27.2	19.3	45.9	(36.7)
(Provision)/benefit for income taxes	(9.6)	(6.7)	(16.3)	13.2
Net income/(loss)	<u>\$ 17.6</u>	<u>\$ 12.6</u>	<u>\$ 29.6</u>	<u>\$ (23.5)</u>

CMBS Properties
Condensed Combined Statements of Cash Flows
(Unaudited)

<u>(In millions)</u>	<u>Six Months Ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Cash flows provided by operating activities	\$ 172.5	\$ 124.5
Cash flows (used in)/provided by investing activities		
Land, buildings and equipment additions, net of change in construction payables	(13.1)	(15.5)
Change in restricted cash	(71.4)	—
Other	(2.4)	2.0
Cash flows used in investing activities	(86.9)	(13.5)
Cash flows (used in)/provided by financing activities		
Cash paid in connection with early extinguishments of debt	(108.5)	(22.6)
Transfers from and (distributions to) affiliates, net	108.5	(130.7)
Cash flows used in financing activities	—	(153.3)
Effect of deconsolidation of variable interest entities	—	(1.1)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	85.6	(43.4)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	121.8	134.7
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 207.4	\$ 91.3
Cash paid for interest	\$ 83.9	\$ 91.3

Summary Information for CMBS Properties

Quarter and Year-to-Date Results

(In millions)	Quarter Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)	Six Months Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
	2011	2010		2011	2010	
Casino revenues	\$ 318.3	\$ 324.7	(2.0)%	\$ 613.0	\$ 645.5	(5.0)%
Net revenues	526.5	522.9	0.7%	1,011.7	1,018.5	(0.7)%
Income from operations	64.7	62.9	2.9%	104.7	117.4	(10.8)%
Net income/(loss)	17.6	12.6	39.7%	29.6	(23.5)	N/M
Operating margin	12.3%	12.0%	0.3 pts	10.3%	11.5%	(1.2) pts

N/M = Not Meaningful

Net revenues for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011 were relatively flat compared to the 2010 periods due to strengthening fundamentals in the Las Vegas region properties offset by declines attributable to our Atlantic City property as that region continues to be affected by the ongoing difficult economic environment, competition from new casinos and the mid-2010 introduction of table games in the Pennsylvania market.

Income from operations for the quarter ended June 30, 2011 increased slightly, while decreased modestly for the six months then ended, when compared to the year-ago periods. The increase for the quarter ended June 30, 2011 was a result of the income impact of increased net revenues and decreased casino expenses offset by an increase in corporate expenses. The decline for the six months ended June 30, 2011 was mainly driven by increased corporate expense.

Net income for the quarter ended June 30, 2011 was \$17.6 million and included a gain on early extinguishments of debt of \$14.3 million compared to net income for the quarter ended June 30, 2010 of \$12.6 million which included gains on early extinguishments of debt of \$23.3 million. Net income for the six months ended June 30, 2011 was \$29.6 million and included gains on early extinguishments of debt of \$47.5 million compared to a net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2010 of \$23.5 million which included losses on early extinguishments of debt of \$24.1 million.

Other Factors Affecting Net Income

Quarter and Year-to-Date Results

(In millions) Expense/(Income)	Quarter Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)	Six Months Ended June 30,		Percentage Increase/ (Decrease)
	2011	2010		2011	2010	
Corporate expense	\$ 22.8	\$ 7.3	N/M	\$ 45.1	\$ 19.4	N/M
Write-downs, reserves and recoveries	2.1	7.6	(72.4)%	4.3	14.8	(70.9)%
Amortization of intangible assets	14.9	14.9	— %	29.8	29.8	— %
Interest expense, net	51.9	67.1	(22.7)%	106.4	130.3	(18.3)%
(Gains)/losses on early extinguishments of debt	(14.3)	(23.3)	(38.6)%	(47.5)	24.1	N/M
Provision/(benefit) for income taxes	9.6	6.7	43.3%	16.3	(13.2)	N/M

Corporate expense for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011 varied versus the same period in 2010 due to fluctuations in the corporate expense allocations during each of the respective periods and due to monthly management fees paid to Caesars Entertainment as required under the CMBS Loan Agreement which commenced in the third quarter 2010.

Write-downs, reserves and recoveries include costs associated with efficiency projects, demolition costs, and permit remediation costs. Given the nature of the transactions included within write-downs, reserves and recoveries, these amounts are not expected to be comparable from year-to-year, nor are the amounts expected to follow any particular trend from year-to-year.

Write-downs, reserves and recoveries have decreased for both the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011 when compared to the 2010 periods due to lower current activity in remediation projects. The decreases are partially offset by amounts related to efficiency projects recorded in the second quarter 2011.

Interest expense decreased by \$15.2 million and \$23.9 million for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011, respectively, compared to the same periods in 2010, due primarily to debt repurchases throughout 2010 and during the first six months of 2011. Interest expense for the quarter ended June 30, 2011, as a result of interest rate cap agreements, included (i) \$0.4 million of expense due to changes in fair value for derivatives not designated as hedging instruments; and (ii) \$6.7 million of expense due to amortization of deferred losses frozen in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss ("AOCL") which is included in Total equity on the Condensed Combined Balance Sheets included herein. Interest expense for the six months ended June 30, 2011, as a result of interest rate cap agreements, included (i) \$1.2 million of expense due to changes in fair value for derivatives not designated as hedging instruments; and (ii) \$14.3 million of expense due to amortization of deferred losses frozen in AOCL which is included in Total equity on the Condensed Combined Balance Sheets included herein. At June 30, 2011, all of our debt is variable-rate debt.

(Gains)/losses on early extinguishments of debt during the quarters and six months ended June 30, 2011, and 2010 relate to amounts recognized as a result of purchase and sale agreements with certain lenders to acquire mezzanine loans under the CMBS Financing. These events are discussed more fully in the "Liquidity and Capital Resources" section that follows herein.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Cost Savings Initiatives

During the fourth quarter of 2010, Caesars Entertainment launched a new initiative to reinvent certain aspects of its functional and operating units in an effort to gain significant further cost reductions and streamline our operations.

In accordance with our shared services agreement with Caesars Entertainment, \$48.4 million in estimated future cost savings have been allocated to the CMBS properties. In addition, the CMBS properties have realized cost savings of \$25.8 million and \$45.7 million during the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011, respectively.

Capital Spending and Development

We perform on-going refurbishment and maintenance at our casino entertainment facilities to maintain our quality standards, and we continue to pursue development and acquisition opportunities for additional casino entertainment facilities that meet our strategic and return on investment criteria. Prior to the receipt of necessary regulatory approvals, the costs of pursuing development projects are expensed as incurred. Construction-related costs incurred after the receipt of necessary approvals are capitalized and depreciated over the estimated useful life of the resulting asset. Project opening costs are expensed as incurred.

Our planned development projects, if they go forward, will require, individually and in the aggregate, significant capital commitments and, if completed, may result in significant additional revenues. The commitment of capital, the timing of completion and the commencement of operations of casino entertainment development projects are contingent upon, among other things, negotiation of final agreements and receipt of approvals from the appropriate political and regulatory bodies. We must also comply with covenants and restrictions set forth in the CMBS Loan Agreement. Cash needed to finance projects currently under development as well as additional projects being pursued is expected to be made available from operating cash flows or joint venture partners. Our capital spending for the six months ended June 30, 2011 totaled \$13.1 million. Estimated total capital expenditures for 2011 are expected to be between \$30.0 million and \$50.0 million.

Liquidity

We generate substantial cash flows from operating activities, as reflected on the unaudited Condensed Combined Statements of Cash Flows in our Combined Financial Statements. We use the cash flows generated by our operations to fund debt service, to reinvest in existing properties for both refurbishment and expansion projects and to pursue additional growth opportunities via new development. The distribution of cash in excess of that needed to fund the operations of the CMBS properties is limited, as discussed more fully in the *Restrictive Covenants and Other Matters* section of Capital Resources below.

Our ability to fund our operations, pay our debt obligations and fund planned capital expenditures depends, in part, upon economic and other factors that are beyond our control, and disruptions in capital markets and restrictive covenants related to our existing debt could impact our ability to secure additional funds through financing activities. We believe that our cash and cash equivalents balance, our cash flows from operations and the financing sources discussed herein will be sufficient to meet our normal operating requirements during the next twelve months and to fund capital expenditures.

We cannot assure you that our business will generate sufficient cash flows from operations, or that future borrowings will be available to us, to fund our liquidity needs and pay our indebtedness. If we are unable to meet our liquidity needs or pay our indebtedness when it is due, we may have to reduce or delay refurbishment and expansion projects, reduce expenses, sell assets or attempt to restructure our debt. In addition, we have pledged a significant portion of our assets as collateral under our CMBS Financing agreements, and if any of our lenders accelerate the repayment of borrowings, there can be no assurance that we will have sufficient assets to repay our indebtedness.

Our cash and cash equivalents totaled \$207.4 million at June 30, 2011, compared to \$121.8 million at December 31, 2010.

Subsequent to the filing of Exhibit 99.2 to our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010, in the first quarter of 2011 Caesars Entertainment determined that approximately \$48.4 million reported as cash and cash equivalents as of December 31, 2010 should have been reported as either current or non-current restricted cash of the CMBS properties at that date. At June 30, 2011, the CMBS properties have \$71.4 million of current and non-current restricted cash, which is included in our Condensed Combined Balance Sheet as \$28.4 million of Prepayments and other current assets and \$43.0 million of Restricted cash, respectively. Restricted cash primarily consists of cash reserved under loan agreements for certain expenditures incurred in the normal course of business, such as real estate taxes, property insurance and capital improvements. The Condensed Combined Statement of Cash Flows for the CMBS properties for the six months ended June 30, 2011 includes \$71.4 million of investing cash outflows for the funding of restricted cash balances, including the \$48.4 million of restricted cash funded prior to 2011. Management determined in the first quarter 2011 that reclassifying the cash balances on the balance sheet and reporting the aggregate investing cash outflows was not a material correction of Exhibit 99.2 to our 2010 financial statements.

Capital Resources - CMBS Financing

In connection with the Acquisition, the CMBS properties borrowed \$6,500.0 million under the CMBS Financing. At June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, there was \$5,025.2 million and \$5,182.3 million, respectively, of book value outstanding under the CMBS Financing. The book value at June 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 is net of approximately \$6.3 million and \$7.3 million, respectively, representing unamortized fees incurred in connection with the August 2010 amendment, as further described below, and recorded as a discount on debt.

All of the debt under the CMBS Loan Agreement (and related loan amendments) is due in 2015, assuming we satisfy all conditions necessary under amendments to the CMBS Loan Agreement that permit us to extend the maturity from 2013, discussed more fully below. Payments of short-term debt obligations and other commitments are expected to be made from operating cash flows. Long-term obligations are expected to be paid through operating cash flows, refinancing of debt, or joint venture partners.

Pursuant to the terms of the amendment as initially agreed to on March 5, 2010 and finalized August 31, 2010, we agreed to pay lenders selling CMBS Loans during the fourth quarter 2009 an additional \$47.4 million for their loans previously sold, to be paid no later than December 31, 2010. This additional liability was recorded as a loss on early extinguishment of debt during the first quarter of 2010 and was paid during the fourth quarter of 2010.

In June 2010, we purchased \$46.6 million face value of CMBS Loans for \$22.6 million, recognizing a net gain on the transaction of approximately \$23.3 million during the second quarter of 2010.

On August 31, 2010, we executed an agreement with the lenders to amend the terms of our CMBS Financing to, among other things, (i) provide the right to extend the maturity of the CMBS mortgage loan and/or related mezzanine loans ("CMBS Loans"), subject to certain conditions, by up to two years until February 2015, (ii) amend certain terms of the CMBS Loans with respect to reserve requirements, collateral rights, property release prices and the payment of management fees, (iii) provide for ongoing mandatory offers to repurchase CMBS Loans using excess cash flow from the CMBS properties at discounted prices, (iv) provide for the amortization of the mortgage loan in certain minimum amounts upon the occurrence of certain conditions and (v) provide for certain limitations with respect to the amount of excess cash flow from the CMBS properties that may be distributed to Caesars Entertainment. Any CMBS Loan purchased pursuant to the amendments will be canceled.

In September 2010, in connection with the execution of the amendment, we purchased \$123.8 million face value of CMBS Loans for \$37.1 million, of which \$31.0 million was paid at the closing of the CMBS amendment, and the remainder of which was paid during fourth quarter 2010. We recognized a pre-tax gain on the transaction of approximately \$77.4 million, net of deferred finance charges. In December 2010, we purchased \$191.3 million of face value of CMBS Loans for \$95.6 million, recognizing a pre-tax gain of \$66.9 million, net of deferred finance charges.

In March 2011, we purchased \$108.1 million of face value of CMBS Loans for \$73.5 million, recognizing a pre-tax gain of \$33.2 million, net of deferred finance charges. On April 1, 2011, we purchased \$50.0 million of face value of CMBS Loans for \$35.0 million, recognizing a pre-tax gain of \$14.3 million, net of deferred finance charges.

As part of the amended CMBS Loan Agreement, in order to extend the maturity of the CMBS Loans under the extension option, we are required to extend our interest rate cap agreement to cover the two years of extended maturity of the CMBS Loans, with a maximum aggregate purchase price for such extended interest rate cap for \$5.0 million. We funded the \$5.0 million obligation on September 1, 2010 in connection with the closing of the amendment to the CMBS Loan Agreement.

Interest and Fees

We make monthly interest payments on our CMBS financing.

Restrictive Covenants and Other Matters

The CMBS Financing includes negative covenants, subject to certain exceptions, restricting or limiting the ability of the borrowers and operating companies under the CMBS Financing to, among other things: (i) incur additional debt; (ii) create liens on assets; (iii) make certain investments, loans and advances; (iv) consolidate, merge, sell or otherwise dispose of all or any part of its assets or to purchase, lease or otherwise acquire all or any substantial part of assets of any other person; (v) enter into certain transactions with its affiliates; (vi) engage in any business other than the ownership of the properties and business activities ancillary thereto; and (vi) amend or modify the articles or certificate of incorporation, by-laws and certain agreements.

The CMBS Financing also includes affirmative covenants that require the CMBS properties to, among other things, maintain the borrowers as “special purpose entities”, maintain certain reserve funds in respect of furniture, fixtures and equipment, taxes, and insurance, and comply with other customary obligations for CMBS real estate financings. Amounts deposited into the specified reserve funds represent restricted cash.

In addition, the CMBS Financing obligates the CMBS properties to apply excess cash flow in certain specified manners, depending on the outstanding principal amount of various tranches of the CMBS loans and other factors. These obligations will limit the amount of excess cash flow from the CMBS properties that may be distributed to Caesars Entertainment. For example, the CMBS properties are required to use 100% of excess cash flow to make ongoing mandatory offers on a quarterly basis to purchase CMBS mezzanine loans at discounted prices from the holders thereof. To the extent such offers are accepted, such excess cash flow will need to be so utilized and will not be available for distribution to Caesars Entertainment. To the extent such offers are not accepted with respect to any fiscal quarter, the amount of excess cash flow that may be distributed to Caesars Entertainment is limited to 85.0 percent of excess cash flow with respect to such quarter. In addition, the CMBS Financing provides that once the aggregate principal amount of the CMBS mezzanine loans is less than or equal to \$625.0 million, the mortgage loan will begin to amortize on a quarterly basis in an amount equal to the greater of 100.0 percent of excess cash flow for such quarter and \$31.3 million. If the CMBS mortgage loan begins to amortize, the excess cash flow from the CMBS properties will need to be applied to such amortization and will not be available for distribution to Caesars Entertainment.

Derivative Instruments

On January 28, 2008, we entered into an interest rate cap agreement to partially hedge the risk of future increases in the variable rate of the CMBS Financing. The CMBS interest rate cap agreement, which was effective January 28, 2008 and terminates February 13, 2013, is for a notional amount of \$6,500.0 million at a LIBOR cap rate of 4.5 percent. The CMBS interest rate cap was designated as a cash flow hedging instrument for accounting purposes on May 1, 2008.

In 2009, we began purchasing and extinguishing portions of the CMBS Financing. The hedging relationship between the CMBS Financing and the interest rate cap remained effective subsequent to each debt extinguishment. In connection with the extinguishments, we reclassified deferred losses out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss (“AOCL”) (included in Total equity on the unaudited Condensed Combined Balance Sheets included herein) and into interest expense associated with hedges for which the forecasted future transactions are no longer probable of occurring. The following table summarizes the face value of debt extinguishments and the amount of deferred losses reclassified out of AOCL (in millions):

<u>Extinguishment Date</u>	<u>Debt Extinguished</u>	<u>Deferred Losses Reclassified</u>
November 30, 2009	\$ 948.8	\$ 12.1
June 7, 2010	46.6	0.8
September 1, 2010	123.8	1.5
December 13, 2010	191.3	3.3
March 11, 2011	108.1	1.4
April 1, 2011	50.0	0.5

On January 31, 2010, we removed the cash flow hedge designation for the \$6,500.0 million interest rate cap, freezing the amount of deferred losses recorded in AOCL associated with the interest rate cap. Beginning February 1, 2010, we began amortizing deferred losses frozen in AOCL into income over the original remaining term of the hedge forecasted transactions that are still probable of occurring. For the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2011, we recorded \$5.2 million and \$10.4 million, respectively, as an increase to interest expense. We will record an additional \$20.9 million as an increase to interest expense and AOCL over the next twelve months, all related to deferred losses on the interest rate cap.

On January 31, 2010, we re-designated \$4,650.2 million of the interest rate cap as a cash flow hedging instrument for accounting purposes. Any future changes in fair value of the portion of the interest rate cap not designated as a hedging instrument will be recognized in interest expense during the period in which the changes in value occur.

GUARANTEES OF THIRD-PARTY DEBT AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS AND COMMITMENTS

The table below summarizes, for the period from December 31, 2010 through June 30, 2011, additions to or reductions in our contractual obligations and other commitments through their respective maturity or ending dates, which were disclosed in the Supplemental Discussion of the Financial Results of the Caesars Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities Related Properties filed as Exhibit 99.2 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010.

<u>Contractual Obligations^(a)</u> <u>(In millions)</u>	<u>Increase/ (Decrease)</u>	<u>Total</u>
Face value of debt, including capital lease obligations	\$(158.1)	\$5,031.5
Estimated interest payments ^(b)	(117.1)	667.7
Operating lease obligations	4.7	12.5
Purchase order obligations	8.4	15.2
Construction commitments	1.7	10.5
Entertainment obligations	2.5	25.1
Other contractual obligations	(0.2)	4.1

- (a) In addition to the contractual obligations disclosed in this table, we have unrecognized tax benefits that, based on uncertainties associated with the items, we are unable to make reasonably reliable estimates of the period of potential cash settlements, if any, with taxing authorities.
- (b) We are permitted to extend the maturity of the CMBS Loans from 2013 to 2015, subject to satisfying certain conditions, in connection with the amendment to the CMBS Facilities. We have therefore included this balance as due in 2015. By extending the maturity, total estimated interest payments increase by approximately \$395.4 million.

